

THE
Merchant's
DAYLY
COMPANION.
TREATING,

- I. Of Traffick in general.
- II. Of *Coynes*, *Weights* and *Measures*.
- III. Of *Exchanges*, with brief Notes concerning the *Par* of *Exchanges*.
- IV. Of *Customs*, with Tables for the *Net-Duties*, payable on all sorts of Merchandize; *Imported* or *Exported*; and an Abridgment of the *Statutes*, relating to the *Customs*.
- V. Brief Rules or Directions for the Young Merchant.
- VI. An Account of the Trade of the Merchants Incorporate and not Incorporate, in the City of *London*.
- VII. An Abridgment of the *Statutes* relating to the *Post-Office*, with the Rates of Letters to, or from any Foreign Place. Together with the Rates of *Carr-men* and *Water-men*.

L O N D O N,

Printed, by *H. Clark*, for *Tho. Malthus*, at
the *Sun* in the *Poultry*, 1684.





TO THE
Merchants-Traders
OF
L O N D O N.

Gentlemen,

TRADE is the Mistress
which all the great Kings
and States of the World
have Courted; and the more
or less Potent they are, according as
they give reception to her; From Trade
there doth not only arise Riches to the
Subjects, rendring a Nation considerable,
but also increase of Revenue,
and therein Power and Strength to the
Sovereign: Hence it is that France

The Epistle

not many years since, was so weak and feeble, that it trembled at the very Name of the Dukes of Burgundy; but of late, by reason of its Trade, is grown up to that Magnitude of Glory, and so rich in Treasure, that Europe begins to bow to its Power; and to declare unto all Princes and States what the King thereof doth intend, he hath taken to himself this Motto, Solus contra omnes. In Henry the Third's Time, the Subjects of France were so poor, that almost every small Imposition brought an Insurrection there; whereas now, by the greatness of their Trade, they are able to pay twenty times greater Taxes, and their King, by reason of his Treasure, is so vast in his Designs, that in some short time all Europe will not be Elbow-room for his Ambition. The United Provinces in Queen Elizabeth's Time, Poor and Distressed States, as they stiled themselves in a Petition to Her Majesty, by the greatness of their Trade, are arrived

Dedicatory.

ved at that Pyramid of Grandeur, and ascended to that Meridian of Glory as render them so considerable; and I had almost said, make them the great Arbitrators of all the Affairs of Europe.

*Britain hath ever been famous for its Trade and Commerce: Before the Conquest of the Romans here, the Merchants thereof were glorious for their Traffick with the Phenicians, and Edgar, King thereof, every year, set forth, to protect its Trade, three Squadrons of Ships, and imposed Taxes upon every Vessel that passed the British Seas, to support its Charges; but how since it hath advanced in Trade and Commerce (as the Images of great things are best seen contracted into small Glasses) it is well becoming our most grave and sober thoughts. In Henry the Eighth's Time, the Customs and Duties upon all Merchandizes, did not amount unto 10000*l.* per Annum, and in Queen Elizabeths Time, but*

The Epistle

to 45000 l. yearly ; but since, by the Indulgence of its Princes , and the Industry of its Subjects, the Duties accruing to His Majesty, do amount unto 600000 l. yearly , and his Subjects rich and glorious , and the best crested People in Europe.

And indeed Trade is the true and intrinsick Interest of Britain , without which it cannot subsist ; and an Island without Traffick , is but a great Prison ; therefore it highly concerns His Majesty to promote Trade, by removing all Obstructions , and giving it all due Encouragement : Certainly the Subjects of England, taking their Measures rightly , may exercise the greatest Merchantile Trade , and grow the richest People in the Universe ; for where the People are many, and those industrious (as the English are) and the Arts good, there the Traffick must be great , and the Country rich : Industry and Riches are the Pillars of a Nation, and the only Engine which gives

Dedicatory.

gives motion to the great Machine of Trade.

England, as to Trade, hath more Advantages than any Nation in Europe; it hath or may have all or the most considerable Materials of Manufactures of its own growth (except Silk) which is of great Concern, because the Charge of Importing is saved, and the Manufactures may rest undisturbed by a War at Sea: whereas the Dutch have none, and the French fewer than We; particularly they want the excellent Material of Wool, by which Millions of People may be employed.

England is much better situated for Foreign Trade, than France, or the United Provinces, and the People naturally more Generous and Adventurous.

It hath a high Advantage over France, in the Nature of its Government; under which, Liberty and Property are by Law secur'd; which must be a great Encouragement to Trade and

The Epistle

Traders ; *whereas the French Traders are liable to Taxes and Seizures at the Pleasure of the Prince : The English are not liable to sudden Invasions, and Depredations, as the Dutch are on the Continent.*

The English Ports are numerous, deep, and safe, and open all the year ; whereas the Dutch Ports are but few, and dangerous in the Approach, unsafe within, and usually frozen three or four Months in the year ; the French Ports much fewer, and but five or six that will carry Ships of any Burthen.

The English having these Advantages, it's in their power to make themselves as great and rich as they please ; and it's the Interest of a State to have its People employed, and so become rich ; for as People are more or less rich, so they are in those Proportions true and serviceable to the Publick ; for he that hath something of his own, and lives comfortably, will valiantly defend the Nation against any which shall attempt it ;

Dedicatory.

it; but if they be poor, and their condition uneasy, it's indifferent to them who is Conqueror; nay, they may hope for a better condition by turning the Tables.

And I must tell you, Gentlemen, there are no Persons more fit to serve the Publick, than the Merchant; for many of them are excellent Arithmeticians, great Mathematicians, and having liv'd in Foreign Parts, best know the Arts of Governing, the Maxims by which they support their State, and the Politicks and Managements of their Trade, which ought carefully to be watched and inspected by the English, otherwise Trade, which is the Vena porta that disperseth Riches and Wealth, the Blood of a Nation, will be sick, and meet with Obstructions.

Many great Princes, the better to encourage their Subjects in a Course of Trade, and to bring Riches to their Kingdoms, have exercis'd the Merchantile Trade themselves: And certainly

The Epistle

mainly Solomon had never contracted so great Riches, as raised such a Pyramid of Immortal Renown, if it had not been for his Adventures to Ophir, and other Foreign Undertakings; therefore I pity the Humor of the Neopolitan Nobility and Gentry, who stand so much upon the Puncto's of Honour, that they had rather beg, than stain their Nobility with the Tincture of any Manufacture or Trade; when the Grand Seigniors of Asia think it no Dishonour to them to be of some Trade or Profession.

It hath been, and it's to be feared, will be the Ruine of many Families here in England, that when their Fathers by their Care and Industry have raised great Estates, their Sons, after their Decease, giving over their Trades, and professing Debauchery, have surviv'd their Estate and Patrimony.

It's an Excellent Law amongst the Chineses (which I wish were establish'd in England) That the Children must be.

Dedicatory.

be of their Fathers Trade and Profession: This did not only secure their Children from Idleness and Debauchery, but made them Excellent Artists; the Fathers communicating to their Children all the Mysteries of their Trade and Profession, made them greatly serviceable to the Publick.

With much Humility I beg your Acceptance of this Manual; which I hope will prove a Key to open the Cabinet of many Mysteries of Trade and Commerce.

I shall not say any thing of it; Your Noble Patronage, as the Impress of a Prince upon Coyn, will make it currant, and of value.

I have read, That at the Building of the Temple, there was a Bird, that when she had nothing to contribute to the Building of it, brought her Feathers. Sirs, if this small Enchiridion (which I Dedicate to the Service of all Publick-Spirited Persons) may contribute any thing to the Advance and Building

The Epistle Dedicatory.

*Building up of Trade and Commerce in
the World, I have my Ends, and do
submit it to your Sober Judgments,
and shall for ever remain*

Your most Humble and

Affectionate Friend

and Servant,

J. P.

THE



THE CONTENTS.

O F T R A F F I C K. Its Use- fulness. Page 1
How upheld in divers Places. 3
Bargaining, how distinguished from Bartering, Ibid.
Rules to be observed in bargaining and bar- tering. 5
Six Things required to make a compleat City. 4

Of Coyns, Weights, and Measures.

The various sort sthereof. 6
A Table of the Agreement of several Foreign Measures with the English Foot. 8

The Contents.

*A Table of the Gold and Silver Weights of
divers Kingdoms, as they were taken
from their Standards, and compared with
the Denarius.*

10

Of Exchanges.

The Antiquity and Usefulness thereof. 13
How it is to be understood. 14

The Exchange of London with Italy, as
With Venice. 19
With Bergonia. 20
With Florence. ib.
With Leghorn. ib.
With Luica. ib.
With Rome, Placentia & Bolonia. ib.
With Naples, Barry, Lechy. 21
With Genoua. 22
With Milan. ib.
With Palermo and Mesina. 23

The Exchange of London with Spain; as
With Valentia, Barcelona, and Sara-
gozo 23
With Sevil, Cadiz, Alcala, Madrid,
all Castilia, and all the rest of
Spain. 24

The

The Contents

*The Exchange of London with Portugal, as
With Lisbon.* 25

*The Exchange of London with France; as,
With Paris, Roan, Lyons, Befanfon,
Marfeiles, Bourdeaux, &c.* 26

*The Exchange of London with the Nether-
lands; as,
With Antwerp, for Brabant.
With Ryffels and Lifle, for Flanders.
With Amsterdam, for Holland.
With Rotterdam, Dort and Middle-
burg, for Zealand.
With Colne for Germany.* 27

*The Exchange of London with Germany.
With Hamburg and Lubeck.* 28
*With Frankford, Nuremberg, Auf-
burg, Vienna, Leipzigh, Straf-
burg, Magdeburg, Berlin, &c.* 29

*The Exchange of Hamburg,
With Frankford, Leipzig, Ausburg,
Nuremberg, &c.* ib.

*The Exchange of Amsterdam,
With Antwerp, Paris and Venice.* ib.
*With Frankford, Nurenburg, Leip-
zig, Brefflaw, Hamburg, &c.* 30
The

The Contents.

<i>The Exchange of London with Poland and Prussia ; as, With Dantzick and Koningsburg.</i>	30
<i>The Exchange of Dantzick and Koningsburg one with another.</i>	31
<i>The Exchange of London with Stockholm in Sweden.</i>	32
<i>With Riga, Revel, and Narva in Leifland.</i>	33
<i>What Places keep the Old, and what the New Style</i>	35
<i>Copies of Bills of Exchange in several Languages.</i>	37
<i>Copy of a Protest.</i>	40

Of Customs.

<i>Payable in Foreign Lands.</i>	42
<i>Copy of an Entry inwards.</i>	46
<i>Of a Bill of Health.</i>	47
<i>Of a Debenture,</i>	48
<i>Of an Indenture of Appraisement.</i>	50
<i>Of a Certificate for dammag'd Goods.</i>	51
<i>Of a Bond to be given by Strangers for the employment of their Monies on the Commodities of this Realm.</i>	52
<i>Of</i>	Of

The Contents.

d and	<i>Of an Affidavit for Goods lost.</i>	54
g. 30	<i>Of Certificate for Goods that have paid Custom.</i>	55
ingf. 31	<i>Particulars of Linnen Cloth Imported, with their Denominations, and Length, English Measure.</i>	ibid.
holm 32	<i>Tables for the Nett Subsidy and Additional Duty payable in ready Money on all sorts of Linnen Imported.</i>	61
a in 33	<i>On all sorts of wrought Silks.</i>	97
the 35	<i>On Tobacco of the Engl. Plant at.</i>	102
Lan- 37	<i>On all sorts of Wines brought into London, or the Out-Ports, by Natives or Aliens.</i>	104
40		
—	<i>Tables for the Nett-Subsidy payable on all sorts of Merchandize that pay only Subsidy; as,</i>	
42	<i>Silks unwrought</i>	90
46	<i>On Spanish, &c. Tobacco.</i>	101
47	<i>On Vinegar, Perry, &c. Imported by English or Aliens.</i>	103
48	<i>On Fustians.</i>	114
50	<i>On Thred.</i>	119
51	<i>On Groeery-ware.</i>	124
the 51	<i>On Bugle.</i>	134
m. 52	<i>On Amber.</i>	135
Of 52	<i>On Beads.</i>	136
	<i>On</i>	

The Contents.

<i>On Anchoves and Bell Metal.</i>	138	<i>Bri</i>
<i>On Bacon</i>	139	<i>t</i>
<i>On Wyer.</i>	140	<i>7</i>
<i>On Hair and Hemp.</i>	143	<i>C</i>
<i>On Miscelanies. &c.</i>	144	<i>C</i>
<i>On Quilts.</i>	145	<i>C</i>
<i>On Flax and Honey.</i>	146	<i>C</i>
<i>On Ancile, Argale, &c.</i>	147	
<i>On Stones.</i>	148	
<i>On Lattin,</i>	149	
<i>On Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.</i>	157	
<i>On Drugs.</i>	181	
<i>On white or colour'd Burgundy-Glass for windows,</i>	203, 204	<i>O</i>

Particulars of all other Merchandize that pay Subsidy Inwards, with References to the Tables for the Duties payable.

A Calculation of the Nett Subsidy payable on all sorts of Merchandize Exported.

<i>Explanation of the Tables.</i>	253
<i>Abridgment of the Statutes relating to Prohibited Goods.</i>	256
<i>Charta Mercatoria.</i>	289
<i>Abridgment of the Statutes relating to the Customs.</i>	310
<i>Of Prizage.</i>	323
<i>Of Butlerage.</i>	327

Brief

The Contents.

Brief Directions to the young Merchant how	
to Enter Goods Inwards, &c.	336
To Ship off Goods.	137
Copy of Bill of Lading.	138
Of Freight, Primage and Averidge.	140
Of Bottomery.	343
Of Assurance.	349
Copy of a Policy of Assurance.	351
Of Factors, and their Commissions.	358
Of Discompt.	360

Of the several Companies of Merchants, and their Trade, viz.

Of the Merchants Adventurers of Eng- land.	365
Of the Muscovy-Merchants.	367
Of the Turkey-Company.	369
Of the East-India Company.	370
Of the Eastland Company.	372
Of the Guinea-Company.	373
Of the Canary-Merchants.	375
Of the Spanish Merchants.	376
Of the Italian-Merchants.	377
Of the West-India-Merchants.	378

Abridgment

The Contents.

*Abridgment of the Statutes relating to the
Post-Office, with the Rates of Letters
to, or from any part of the World where
Letters per Post are conveyed.* 380

*The Rates of Carr-men, and Orders con-
cerning them.* 389

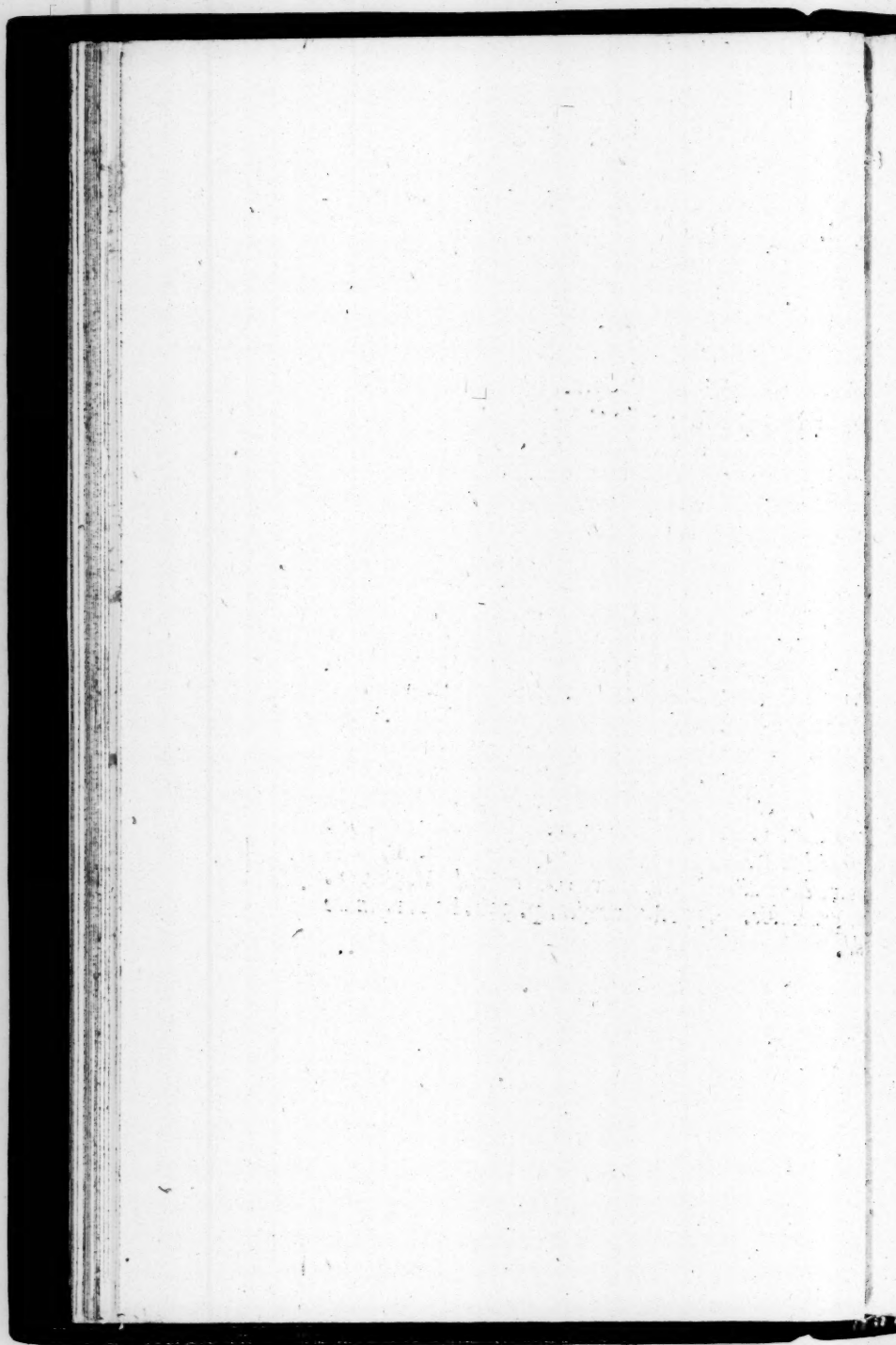
*The Rates and Fares of Water-men, and
Orders concerning them.* 494

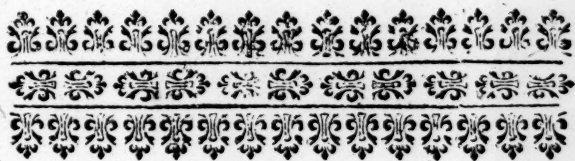
ERRATA.

to the
Letters
where

ERRATA.

380 P Ag.3. lin. 25. read *those Cities that have not.* p.12.
l.1.r.405 l.19.r.6886 p.16.l.27.r.2001
at 33 s. p.23.l.2,r. 70 d. p.63. oppos. to 1000. set
con- l. in the last Column. p-64. op. to 10. set o in
389 the 5th.col. l. against 15, 4. ag. 16. 3.ag.17.2.ag.
18.& 1 ag.19. P.65. op.to 500. set d. in the last
and col. & d. ag.1000. P.67.r. and *Towelling.* and let
494. the first of the four 1. in the first col. stand op. to
70. then all the rest downwards will be right, and
9 will be op. to 550. in the last col. for 1181. r.
1182. p.100.l.2. r. or from any. P. 128. r. 5 s. in the
2d. col. ag.200. P.132.r.10.in the 8th.col. ag.200.
Pl133. for 2 s.r.12 s. ag.70. P. 135. for 14s.r.18s.
ag.400. P.136.set 3d.ag.90. 6.ag.100. o ag. 200.
6d.ag.300. o ag.400.6d.ag.500. 9d.ag.550.& o.ag.
1000. p.137. set 9 in the 4th. col. ag.2 in the first.
P.138.set 4.in the 5th. col.oppos. to 4. in the rst.
P.139. in the 4th. col. for 17d.r.7d. P. 140. for
3l.4d.r. 3s.4d. p.143. in the utmost col. r.4.ag.9.
P.181. for 3s.r. 7s.P.185 in the first col. for ounce
r. pounds. P.208.l 4, for 3l.2s.r.32l. and for 12s.
TA. in the 3d.col r.13s. P.288.l.30.r.3 Car.1.4. & l.31.
r.17 Car. 1. 4. P. 292. l. 21. r. *nostram adducere, seu*
infra idem Regnum & Potestatem nostram emere. P.315.
l.5.r. have abated. P.316.r. was revived. P.324. r.
not grantable, p.330.l.7.r.refer. p.332.l.16.r. in an
old.





Of Traffick.

THE *Antiquity* of *Traffick* appears by Holy Writ ; and the great Use and Benefit that doth accrue by it, is generally known ; for what Nation or City is more rich or flourishing , than those who enjoy the greatest Commerce ? Amongst which, *England* may be esteemed in the first Rank.

Besides, many rich, potent and flourishing Cities have been ruined, and like a Widow left desolate, when they have lost their Commerce with other Nations. Therefore a Merchant, as one wisely saith, ought to be such an one as is always busie, and employing himself in buying, selling and bartering of Commodities, as well in Foreign Countries, as
 B here

here at home, and by employing of Factors for the negotiating of his affairs; he ought to be just in his dealings, without fraud, and no Extortioner, to have experience in the *Mathematicks*, especially in *Arithmetick*, for the better methodizing and keeping his Accompts; in *Pythometria*, or *Gauging*, for the understanding of the Measures of all sorts of Vessels; in *Geography*, for the knowledge of the Scituation of Countries, Isles, Cities and Ports, what Commodities they produce. &c. To be expert in Naval Affairs, for the better avoiding of Injuries and wrongs; to have insight in the valuation and worth of Coyns, Weights and Measures of all Countries; especially in those where he driveth a Trade, and not altogether to build his Faith upon the Honesty of his Factor or Correspondent. The like is to be observed in the Customs, Subsidies, Tributes, Tolls, &c. of each Countrey, which are payable upon every particular Commodity, both Imported and Exported, which elsewhere will be more conveniently treated of; But to the Design it self.

TRAFFICK then is the Bartering, Bargaining, or Exchanging of one man with
with

with another; and by giving to one so much of one Commodity or thing, to have of the other so much of the same value, of a different Commodity; which is effected by Number, Weight and Measure.

By *Bartering*, is meant Goods for Goods.

By *Bargaining*, is understood Money for Goods; And,

By *Exchanging*, Money for Money.

Yet oftentimes the Trade of a Merchant is more various; for sometimes he buyes and sells his Commodities for part Money, and part Time; and sometimes for pari Goods, and part Money, payable by Bills of Exchange, or by Bill of Assignment, at such a day, and sometimes by Bill of Exchange only they receive satisfaction for their Goods.

T R A F F I C K is upheld in several sorts of Cities and Towns, as well by those that have not their scituation on the Sea-shore, or great Rivers, as by those that have. Yet those Cities that have the said benefit, have some place to which they send their Goods, which is scituate as aforesaid; as, the Sea-port to *Aleppo*, is *Alexandria*, or *Scanderoon*; to which place they convey their Commodities

upon Camels, Asses and Negroes, or the like. Again, there are other Places which do maintain Trade different from the former ; and that is, by some Manual Arts or Fabricks, as doth *Norwich* in *England*, *Florence* in *Italy*, *Roven* in *Normandy*, *Noremburg* in *Germany*, &c. Also other places have a great Trade by reason of the necessary Commodities they produce ; as *Silan* in *Persia*, for its Raw Silk ; *Smirna* for its Cottons ; *Bourdeaux* for its *Gascoyn* Wines ; *Ivisa* for its Salt ; *Zant* for its Corants, &c.

To the making a compleat City, there are required six principal things or parts, for the suppartation thereof ; without which it cannot stand : to wit,

First, Husbandmen and Artificers, to provide Food and Rayment for its Inhabitants.

Secondly, Arms and Ammunition for its Defence.

Thirdly, The Priesthood, for the performing the Worship of God.

Fourthly, Judges and Councillors, &c. for the Administration of Justice.

Fifthly, Riches, for its management of private and publick Affairs.

Sixthly and lastly, To make it compleat,

pleat, *Traffick*; which, except Religion and Law, oft-times supplies the place of all the rest.

Also there are five particular p'aces in all Cities and Towns of Commerce, which have only a dependency on *Traffick*, viz. 1. The *Exchange*. 2. The *Custom House*. 3. The *Publick Beam*. 4. The *Magazines*, or *Ware-houses*. 5. The Place where by consent of the Magistrates the *Measures*, as well liquid as dry, are kept for the deciding of Differences.

In *Bargaining* and *Bartering* of Commodities, these following Rules are to be observed;

First, What to Bargain for; and by this is meant the Goodness, Valuation, Quality, &c. of the Commodity.

Secondly, *How to Bargain*; By which is understood the knowledge of Weights and Measures, whereby they are sold.

Thirdly, *When to Bargain*; by which is to be understood the best and fittest Seasons, which is of great use, and very needful to be duly heeded.

Fourthly, *With whom to Bargain*: And by this is meant the knowledge of the Party, or Seller, or Buyer.

Of Coyns, Weights, and Measures.

Coyns, Weights and Measures are of such necessary Use in *Commerce*, that it is almost impossible for any Merchant to traffick in foreign Countries, without a true knowledge and insight therein. And this is something difficult, by reason that in all Countries, nay, in most Cities, their *Coyns, Weights and Measures* are found to differ one from another, not only in respect of their Names, but also of their Valuation, Weight and Measure. Note therefore, that all Coyns or Money are valued according to the real goodness of the Metal; those of Gold and Silver are the chief; then those of Copper, Lead, &c. The Weights are likewise various, and many times differing according to the Commodity which is properly weighed by it: As in *Aleppo*, some are weighed by the *Rotolo* of 680 Drachms; some by that of 700; and others by that of 720 Drachms. Also in *England*, raw Silk is weighed by the pound of 24 ounces; whereas others are weighed by the pound of 16 ounces, as that of *Haverdupois*; and 12. as that of *Troy* weight. Again, they

they are found to vary in respect of their greatness; some being weighed by Hundreds, some by Centiners, Quintles, Talents, Thousands, Cahars, Weighs, Roues, Stones, Shiponds, Lisponds, Candils Charges, Peculs, and such like. These also are reduc'd into lesser weights, as Quarters, Pounds, Maunds, Bateman's, Wesno's, Rotolo's, Sears, Mirias, Catees, Loderoes, Barotes, Oaks, and the like. Again, there are yet a lesser sort, which are made out of the former; as Ounces; whereof 12, 14, 16, 20, 24, and 30. do according to the Custom of the Place, make a Pound weight; and these are reduced into Drachms, Scruples, Obolos, Carats and Grains; so that the greatest do contain the lesser parts. Thus may be seen how great the variety of Weights are. The like is also in Measures, as in *London* the Yard is used for Silks, Woollen Cloth, &c. the Ell for Linnen Cloth, &c. and the Goad for Frizes, Cotton, and the like, which in several other Countries is also observed; only giving diversity of Names to their Measures; as the Yard, Ell, Goad, Fathom, Cane, Aulne, Brace, Pico, Stick, Palm, Vare, Covado, &c. And because the Merchant found it defective, for the more

perfection they invented the Art of *Conca e Measures*, serving for all Liquid and Dry Commodities; as for Wines, Oyls, &c. as also for Grain, Rice, and the like.

The English Foot, as it was taken from the Iron Standard at Guild-Hall London, and compared with the Standard for Measures of several Countries and Kingdoms, by Mr. John Greaves, Professor of Astronomy in the University of Oxford.

The English Foot being supposed to be divided into one thousand parts; of these parts	1000
The Roman Foot contains	967
The Foot of the Monument of Statiluis in Rome,	972
The Foot of Villalpandus, deduced from the Congius of Vespasian, contains	986
The Greek Foot contains	1007
The Persian Arish	3197
The Venetian Foot	1162
The Paris Foot	1068
The Rinland Foot, or that of Snellius	1033
	The

The greater <i>Turkish Pico</i> at <i>Constantinople</i> ,	2200
The lesser <i>Pico</i> at <i>Constantinople</i> is in proportion to the greater, as 31 is to 32.	
The Dairy or Cubit at <i>Cairo</i> in <i>Egypt</i> ,	1824
The <i>Canna</i> at <i>Naples</i> ,	6880
The <i>Braccio</i> at <i>Naples</i> ,	2100
The <i>Braccio</i> at <i>Florence</i> .	1913
The <i>Braccio</i> at <i>Sienna</i> for Lin- nen,	1974
The <i>Braccio</i> at <i>Sienna</i> for Wool- len,	1242
The <i>Genova</i> Palm,	815
The <i>Vara</i> at <i>Almaria</i> and at <i>Gi- bralter</i> in <i>Spain</i> ,	2760
The <i>Amsterdam</i> Ell,	2268
The <i>Antwerp</i> Ell,	2283
The <i>Leyden</i> Ell.	2260

*A Table of the Gold & Silver Weights
of divers Kingdoms, as they were
taken from their Standards, and
compared with the Denarius.*

Such Grains or parts of the English Standard for Gold and Silver, or of the Troy-weight, as the <i>Denarius</i> Confular is,	Grains.
contains 62, according to the Weights of the best Coyns, or according to the Weights of the <i>Congeus</i> of <i>Vespasian</i> .	62.
The Ancient and Modern <i>Roman</i> Ounce, contains	438.
The Ancient and Modern <i>Ro-</i> <i>man</i> Pound of 12 Ounces to the pound, contains	5256.
The <i>Troy</i> or <i>English</i> Ounce con- tains	480.
The <i>Tro</i> or <i>English</i> Pound Standard of Gold and Silver, at 12 Ounces to the pound, contains	5760.
The <i>Spanish</i> Pound or Standard for Gold and Silver of 16 Ounces, at <i>Gibraltar</i> , con- tains	7090. Also

Also here is another pound, which contains	Grains. 7085
The <i>Spanish</i> Ounce at <i>Gibraltar</i> , the pound consisting of 7090 Grains <i>English</i> , contains	443 $\frac{1}{2}$
The <i>Florence</i> , <i>Legorn</i> and <i>Pisa</i> pound or Standard for Gold & Silver, consisting of twelve Ounces, contains	5286
The <i>Florence</i> , <i>Leghorn</i> , and <i>Pisa</i> Ounce contains	440 $\frac{1}{2}$
The <i>Paris</i> pound or Standard for Gold and Silver, consist- ing of 16 Ounces, contains	7560
The <i>Paris</i> Ounce contains	472 $\frac{1}{2}$
The <i>Venetian</i> pound or Stand- ard for Gold and Silver, con- sisting of 12 Ounces, contains	5528
The <i>Venetian</i> Ounce contains	460 $\frac{2}{3}$
The <i>Senna</i> pound or Standard for Gold and Silver, consist- ing of 12 Ounces, contains	5178
The <i>Sienna</i> Ounce contains	431 $\frac{1}{2}$
The <i>Neapolitan</i> pound or Stand- ard for Gold and Silver, con- sisting of 12 Ounces, contains	4950
The <i>Neapolitan</i> Ounce contains	412 $\frac{1}{2}$
The <i>Genova</i> pound or Standard for Gold and Silver, consist- ing of 12 Ounces, contains	4866
	The

The <i>Genova</i> Ounce contains	450 ¹ / ₂
The Oak of <i>Constantinople</i> consisting of 400 Silver drams, contains	19128
The Silver Dram generally used throughout the <i>Grand Seigniors</i> Territories, as also in <i>Persia</i> , and in the <i>Moguls</i> Countrey, contains	47 ⁴ / ₅
The <i>Turkish</i> Sultany, or <i>Egyptian</i> Sheriff, with which the <i>Venetian</i> and <i>Barbary Cheqin</i> , as also the <i>Noremburg</i> Ducat, (which in about a grain more or less) doth agree, contains	53 ¹ / ₂
The <i>Rotulo</i> at <i>Grand Cairo</i> in <i>Egypt</i> , for Gold and Silver, consisting of 144 Drams, contains	6886 ¹ / ₅
The <i>Rotu'o</i> at <i>Damiscus</i> , consisting of 720 Drams for Silk, contains	34430 ² / ₅

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Of Exchange.

Exchange of Money is of great Antiquity, and is esteemed exceeding commodious, excellently useful and beneficial, as well to Kingdoms and Cities in general, as to Merchants and others in particular: And as Money was first invented to be made of the best Metals, for the avoiding of chargeable and troublesome carriage, and transportation of Commodities from one place to another in way of Trade; so was *Exchange of Money* first invented for the avoiding as well the danger as the trouble and charge in the carriage of Money from place to Place; and by reason that the Standards, Stamps and Subscriptions of Moneys are found to be various and different (no Nation making use of anothers Coin) Merchants were forc'd for the better performance and carrying on this excellent Invention, to appoint a certain Exchange, by giving Value for Value according to the Finesse or Courseness of the Coyns, with a certain allowance to the Merchant exchanging.

Seeing then that Exchanges are of such great use and importance, the Merchant ought

ought to have great insight and knowledge in the Coyns of Foreign Countries, that he may be able to reduce one Coyn into the valuation of another, by raising or abating according to the Goodness or Badness of the Metal ; that when he hath occasion to draw a Bill of Exchange upon one of 1000*l.* here at *London*, to be paid in *France*, *Holland*, or elsewhere, he may know the Loss or Gain.

The true *Exchange* for Moneys by Bills of *Exchange*, is really grounded on the *Valuation*, *Fineness* and *Weight* of the *Money* of every Countrey according to the *Par*, that is, Value for Value ; and on this are the *Exchanges* of *England* grounded.

Exchanges are made by Bills, when Money is delivered simply here in *England*, and Bills received for the same to have the payment in some other Countrey beyond the Seas, for Goods here bought, or the like, at a certain price agreed upon : The like is observed beyond the Seas, and the Money received here in *England*.

The meaning of a Bill of Exchange, is thus to be understood ; Suppose two Merchants have correspondence and dealings together, the one here in *England*,
and

and the other in *France*; the Merchant in *France* having bought Goods of a man, to the value of 500 or 1000 *l*, the man being to come to *England*, comes to the Merchant for his Money, who being perhaps not provided, or otherwise the man desirous to have his Money paid him in *England*; the Merchant upon these or the like considerations, draws a Bill of Exchange for the said Sum upon his Correspondent here in *England* (who perhaps is indebted to him in greater Sums) to be paid upon sight, or within such a time after sight, either upon *Usance*, or double or treble *Usance*, as they agree.

Again, sometimes Gentlemen or others having occasion to travel beyond Seas, for their conveniencie, pay their Money to a Merchant here at *London*, desiring him to draw a Bill of Exchange for the same upon his Factor, or some Merchant with whom he hath correspondence, at the place where the Gentlemen do design their Journey; which Bill is ordered to be paid as aforesaid.

The

The Form of a Bill of Exchange from London to Amsterdam, and the contrary.

Lans Deo adj. June 10. 1683. in London, for 600 l. at 34 s. 6 d.

At Usance. Pay by this my first Bill of Exchange, unto *A. B.* the Sum of six hundred Pound Sterling, at Thirty four Shillings and sixpence *Flemish*, for every pound Sterling currant Money in Merchandize; for the Value hereof Received by me *C. D.* and put it to Accompt, as per Advice.

A. Dio. G. M.

On the Backside Indorsed,
To my Loving Friend
W. G. Merchant at
Amsterdam, Pa.

This is the Form of a Bill of Exchange for Money delivered and taken up at London for Amsterdam.

The Second Bill doth alter in the addition of these Words only;

At Usance, not having paid by my first Bill, pay by this my Second Bill, &c. And so in the Third; for there are commonly three Bills made of the same Nature.

Lans Deo adj. August 20. 1683. in Amsterdam, 200 l. 33 s. 6 d.

At Usance. Pay this my first Bill of Exchange unto *W. M.* the Sum of 200 l. of

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Lawful Money of *England*, for the value here by me Received of *J. K.* Make him good payment, and put it to your Accompt : *God keep you.*

Subscribed, *W. G.*

On the Back-side Indorsed,

To my Loving Friend *Mr. G. M.*

Merchant at *London. Pa.*

This is the Form of Bills of Exchange. The time of payment may be made upon sight, or within so many days after sight, or upon double or treble *Usance* ; that is two or three Months ; also you may say, *Put it to the Accompt of such a man* : But the best is to refer it to the *Letter of Advice* ; & where the first Bill is noted *Pa.* the second must be *2 a*, and the third *3 a*. Neither is it good to say, *I would intreat you*, or, *be pleased to pay this Bill*, though the Servant or Factor draws a Bill on his Master. & if it shall happen (as oft-times it doth) that through default, the Money is not paid according to the limited time, or the Bill not accepted, then, and in such cases, there is a *Protestation* made by some *Publick Notary*, or the like, upon the Bill for the Non-payment or Non-acceptance thereof ; and this is esteemed much to the Disreputation of the party so denying the

same. Abundance of other Rules and Orders are observed about the Acceptance and Non-Acceptance of Bills of Exchange, which are handled at large in a Book called *Lex Mercatoria*.

Of the Par of Exchanges.

To omit the unnecessary Discourses of the Variety of the *Pars*, as also Directions for the calculation thereof; these things being at large handled in the *Maxims of Commerce*, in *English*; and *Unterricht der wissel-handlung*, in *Holland*; and *Hoghe Dutch*; I shall only here observe what is the reputed *Par* according to the intrinsic Value, or as is generally received amongst Merchants. But before this be done, it will be necessary to premise in what denominations every Countrey and City do keep their Accompts, and make their Exchange; which take in the following Method.

London.

All Foreign Exchanges made for *England*, *Scotland* and *Ireland*, are made at *London*, and Accounts are kept there in Pounds, Shillings and pence; twenty Shillings makes a Pound, and twelve pence a Shilling, as is very well known; and

and so generally (*which note, N B. once for all*) where any Country or City hereafter is said to keep their Accounts in *Pounds, Shillings and Pence*, or in *Livers, Souls and Deniers* (as they call them) that they are always Divided and Multiplied by 12 and 20; so that 20 *shillings* or *solz* make a *liver* or *pound*, and 12 *pence* or *deniers* make their *soulz* or *shilling*.

London *then exchanges with Italy, as with Venice.*

Where Accounts are kept in *Ducats* and *Grosses*; 24 *Grosses* make a *Ducat*, which is $6\frac{1}{2}$ *liners* or *pounds*, under which denominations some Merchants in *Venice* do also keep their Accounts; but the course of Exchange is always made upon the *Ducat* and *Grosses*. The *Ducat* is twofold, either *de Oco* or *Banco*, which is *Par* with 52 *d. Sterling*, or *de Curranto*, which is *Par* with 40 *d. sterling*, in which broken Numbers *London* always exchanges with *Italy*, giving them the *Pence* for their *Ducats* or *Crowns*, &c. The course of Exchange for *Venice* from *London*, is generally 50 *d.* to 51 *d. Sterling* in *Circa*, for their *Ducats* in *Banco*.

Bergonia.

Bergonia.

The same with *Venice*, whither *England*. hath little *Exchanges* directly.

Florence.

Where Accounts are kept in *pounds*, *shillings* and *pence de Ovo*; but they Exchange upon the *Crown de Ovo*, which is valued at $7s. \frac{1}{2}$ of their pounds, and their *Crown* currant at $7l.$ and their *Pound* or *Linre* may be par with $9d.$ sterling, their *Crown* currant Par with $63d.$ their *Crown Banco* or *de Ovo*, with $67 \frac{1}{2}d.$ sterling. There is seldom any direct course of Exchange from *London* thither; but to

Leghorne,

There is a Course of Exchange at $53d.$ sterling in *Circa*, for their *Crown de Ovo*, being of the same value with that of *Florence*.

Luica

The same with that of *Florence* and *Leghorne*.

Rome, Placentia and Bolonia

Keep Accounts in *Crowns*, *Shillings* and *Pence de Ovo*. One *Crown* makes twenty *shillings*, twelve *pence* makes one *shilling*.
The

The Crown $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{de Estampi of} \\ \text{Rome} \end{array} \right\}$ are of one value, viz.
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{de Marchi of} \\ \text{Placentia} \end{array} \right\}$ 90 d. sterl.

The Crown $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{de Estampi is} \\ \text{worth 12} \\ \text{Currant 10} \end{array} \right\}$ Juliers.

The Juliers is 10 Bayocchys.

England hath no direct course of Exchange to any of these places, or very seldom.

Naples, Barry, Lechy,

Keep Accounts in *Ducats*, *Tary* and *Grany*, and Exchanges thereupon, only they make a difference betwixt the *Currant* and *Bank Ducat*, the one being called *Moneta de Ovo*, the other *Moneta Curranto*.

One *Ducat* is 5 *Tary*, the *Par* with London is 60 d. sterl. for one *Ducat*.

One *Tary* is 20 *Grani*; the *Tari* is 1 s. sterl. in value.

One *Crown de Ovo* is 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ *Tari*, or 78 d. sterl.

One *Crown currant* is 5 *Tari*, or 66 d. sterl.

One

One *Ducat* Exch. Money is 6 *Tari*, or 72 *d.* sterl.

One *Ducat curreant* is as before, 5 *Tari*, &c.

England hath no direct course of Exchanges to these places, or at least but very seldom.

Genova

Keeps Accounts in pounds, shillings and pence *de Ovo*; Some in pounds, shillings and pence *curreant*; but the *Exchange* is made upon the *Crown* or *shilling de Ovo*; the curreant *Liure* or pound is valued at 18 *d.* sterling; the *Crown de Ovo* is not always at one constant price, but rises and falls; it should contain 68 shil. but it rises sometimes to 4 *l.* 10 *s.* and to 5 *l.* of their Monies; neither is there here any constant course of *Exchange* from *England*.

Milan

Keeps Accounts in pounds, shillings and pence, but *Exchanges* upon the *Crown de Ovo*, which is sometimes, and for some places said to contain 100 *s.* or 5 *l.* of their Monies, and other times and for other places contains 117 *s.* of their Monies; The *Curreant* Money is here called *Imperial*, the *Bank de Ovo*, the *Crown* of 5 *l.* or

or Liures, is *par* with 60 *d.* sterl. The Crown of 5 *l.* 17 *s.* with 73 *d.* in *Circa*, nor is there any constant course of *Exchange* to this City.

Palermo, Messina,

Keep Accounts in *Ounces*, *Tari* and *Grani*; and exchange in *Ducats*, *Carlini*, *Crowns* and *Florins*, or *Gilders*.

One Ounce contains 30 *Tari*, the *Par* of an Ounce with *London* is 12 *s.* 6 *d.*

One *Tary* contains 20 *Grani*; one *Tary* is 5 *d.* sterling.

One *Tary* contains 2 *Carlini*; one *Carlini* is 2 *d.* $\frac{1}{2}$.

One *Carlini* contains 10 *Grani*; one *Grani* is 1 *q.* sterl.

One *Grani* contains 6 *Piccollii*.

One *Ducat* contains 13 *Tari*, or 26 *Carlini*; which is *Par* with 65 *d.* sterl.

One Crown currant 12 *Tari*, or 24 *Carlini*; valued at 60 *d.* sterl.

One *Florin* 6 *Tari*, or 12 *Carlini*, valued at 30 *d.* sterl.

England hath very little *Exchange* directly to these places.

London exchanges with *Spain*, as with *Valentia*, *Barcelona*, *Saragozo*; where Accounts are kept in pounds, shil. and pence; but

but they exchange upon the *Ducat* ; which

in $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{Valentia} \\ \textit{Saragoza} \\ \textit{Barcelona} \end{array} \right\}$ is valued at $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 21 \textit{s.} \\ 22 \textit{s.} \\ 24 \textit{s.} \end{array} \right\}$ of their Monies.

The Currant Monies of these Places are *Ryals* ; whereof 10 are reckoned to a Pound or Liure ; so that the *Ducat*

of $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{Valentia} \\ \textit{Saragoza} \\ \textit{Barcelona} \end{array} \right\}$ is $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \end{array} \right\}$ *Ryals*.

The *Ryal* is 2 *s.* in their Monies,

The *Par* with *London* of *Valentia's Ducat* is 63 *d.* sterl.

The *Par* with *London* of *Saragoza's Ducat*, is 66 *d.* sterl.

The *Par* with *London* of *Barcelona's Ducat* is 6 *s.* sterl.

They have also a Crown at *Barcelona*, valued at 22 *s.* sterl. of their Monies.

There is no constant direct Course of *Exchange* to these Places from *England*.

Sevil, Cadiz, Alcala, Madrid, and all *Castilia*, and in all the rest of *Spain*

Accounts are kept in *Marvedies* ; but for *Exchange*, they have an imaginary *Ducat*, which is always accounted for 375 *Marvedies*, or one *Marvedy* more than

than 11 *Ryals*, 34 *Marvedies* making one *Ryal*; their Crown of Gold is valued at 400 *Marvedies*; they have also an imaginary Coin which they call a *Castiliano*, with which all their *Exchanges* for *Castilia* are only made, valued at 485 *Marvedies*.

The *Par* of the *Ducat* of 375 *Marvedies* with *London* is 5 s. 6 d. $\frac{1}{4}$ sterl. The course is ordinarily 49 d. 50 d. to 51 d. sterl. in *Circa*.

London exchanges with *Portugal* as with *Lisbon*.

The Exchange from *London* to *Lisbon* is made upon the *Mill Ree*; 1000 *Rees* making 1 *Mill Ree*, which is about 6 s. 6 d. to 7 s. sterling, according as the Exchange runs.

N. B. When I remit Monies from *London* to *France*, *Spain* and *Portugal*, &c. where it is at so much per Piece as 54 d. $\frac{1}{4}$ per Crown, 49 d. per Piece of Eight, 6 s. 8 d. per *Mill Ree*, &c. The lower the Exchange is, the better it is for me, because if I deliver 100 l. I can have more Crowns at 54 d. than at 55 d. and so when I draw, I must observe the contrary, that the higher it is, the less change I shall pay. But when I remit for *Holland*, *Hamborough*, *Ireland*, &c. where Exchange runs at so

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much *per pound sterl.* or so much *per Cent.* the higher it is, the more is my gain; for I had better remit for *Hamborough* at 35s. 3 d. *Flemish per pound sterling*, than at 35 s. and so for *Ireland*, where *Exchange* runs at so much *per Cent.* Sometimes when I pay 100 l. in *London*, I have a Bill payable in *Dublin* for 110 l. and other times but 105 l. according as the *Exchange* runs.

London exchanges with *France* as with *Paris*, *Roan*, *Lyons*, *Besanson*, *Marseilles*, *Bourdeaux*, &c.

In all which places Accounts are kept in pounds, shil. and pence *Tournois*, but their *Exchange* is made upon the *Crown de Or*, or *Crown of the Sun* (as some call it) which is valued at 3 l. (or *Livres*) *Turnois*, or 60 s. (or *Solz.*) These Crowns are also divided into 20 s. *de Or.* the Shilling into 12 d. *de Or.* These Crowns *de Or*, or Crowns of the *Sun* at their first coinage did bear the true worth and value of 6 s. *sterl.* but the present *Lewis's* are not worth above 54 d. *sterl.* The course of *Exchange* from *London* to any of these places, is about 54 a 55 d. *sterl.* for a *French Crown* of 60 s, (or *Soulz.*) which is reckoned to be 30 or 32 *per cent.* advance, when Money is delivered in *England*.

London

London exchanges with the *Netherlands* as with *Antwerp* for *Brabant*, *Ryffels* and *Lisle* for *Flanders*, *Amsterdam* for *Holland*, *Roterdam*, *Dost* and *Middleburg*, &c. for *Zealand*, *Colne* for *Germany*.

In all these places Accompts are kept in Pounds, shillings and pence *Flemish*, or in Gilders, Stivers and Groten *Flemish*, as the Merchants fancy ; but the *Exchange* is made upon the pound *Flemish* for the most part.

For the better understanding of the *Exchanges* of this place, 'tis necessary to hint something of their Coins and Value.

1 pound *Flemish* is 20 s. *Flemish*.

1 Shilling *Flemish* is 12 d. *Flemish*.

1 Gilder is 20 Stivers.

1 Specie Doller is 50 Stivers, or 2 1/2 Gilders, or 100 Groten (1 Stiver being 2 Grotes) or 8 s. *Flemish*.

1 Ducatoon is 63 Stivers.

1 Lion Doller 40 Stivers.

1 common Doller 30 Stivers.

1 Zealand Doller 30 Stivers.

1 Campen Doller 26 Stivers.

1 Embden Dollar 23 Stivers.

The *Par* between *London* and these places is reckoned generally to be 33 s. 4 d. for the pound sterling ; but the course varies from 36 s. 3 d. *Flemish*, to 37 s. and upwards.

*London exchanges with Germany as with
Hamburg, Lubeck,*

Who keep their Accompts in pounds, shillings and pence Flemish, or in Marks, shillings and pence Lubs, or in Rixdollars, shillings and pence, as the Merchants please; they Exchange upon the pound Flemish, and upon the Specie Dollar, or upon the Exchange Dollar.

For better understanding hereof, Note that

1 Rixdollar is 3 Marks Lubs, or 48 s. Lubs, or 8 s. Flemish,

1 Mark Lubs, is 16 s. Lubs; 1 shilling Lubs is 12 d.

1 Exchange Dollar (whereon Exchanges are made with *Amsterdam* and *Frankfort*) is 32 s. Lubs, and is *Par* with 32 Stivers at *Amsterdam*, or Marks Lubs.

The *Par* betwixt *London* and these places, is reckoned to be 32 s. Flemish for 1 l. sterling. The course is 35 s. 6 d. *in Circa.*

Frankford, Nuremburg, Ausburg, Vienna, Leipzig, Strasburg, Magdeburg, Berlin, &c.

London hath very seldom any Exchange directly

directly to any other places in *Germany*; but if there be any occasion to remit Monies to, or draw Monies from any other Cities of *Germany*, (as *Frankford* on the *Main*, *Nuremburg*, *Ausburg*, *Vienna*, *Leipzig*, *Straßburg*, *Berlin*, or any such like places) they do it either *per via Amsterdam*, *Antwerp*, or *Hamburg*; wherefore it will not be unnecessary to observe how the *Par* of these places bears one with another.

Hamburg

Exchanges with *Frankford*, *Leipzig*, *Ausburg*, *Nuremburg* and *Breslaw* in *Silesia*, as also with *Stetin*, *Straelsund*, and *Wismar* in *Pomerane*, &c. upon the 100 specie or currant Dollars at so much *per centum*; so also with *Berlin*, *Magdeburg*, *Vienna*, &c. and all the places of *Germany*.

Amsterdam

Exchanges with *Antwerp* 48 Stivers for 96 d. which in both places makes a Rixdollar.

Amsterdam exchanges with *Paris* 100 d. Flemish for the Crown of 60 Souls, or for the *Lewis*.

Amsterdam exchanges with *Venice* 100 d. Flemish for the Ducat de Oro.

Amsterdam exchanges with *Frankfort* 87 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Flemish for the Gilder a 65 Krentzers.

Amsterdam exchanges with *Nuremburg* 72 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Flemish for the Gilder a 65 Krentzers.

Amsterdam Exchanges with *Leipzig* and *Breslaw*, and other places in *Germany* 50 Stivers for a Specie Dollar; and these are the *Par* of *Amsterdam*.

Amsterdam exchanges with *Colne*, *Ryssel*, *Roterdam*, *Middleburg*, *Dort*, and such places; they Exchange upon the Hundred at so much *per Cent.* as the time of Payment is short or long.

Amsterdam exchanges with *Hamburg* upon the Exchange-Dollar of 32 Stivers, at *Amsterdam*, and 32 s. Lubs. at *Hamburg*, which is the *Par* at both places.

London Exchanges with *Poland* and *Prussia*, per via *Amsterdam* or *Hamborough*, as with *Dantzick*, *Koningsburg*,

Where Accounts are kept in *Gilders*, *Grosch*, and pence *Polish*; 1 *Florin* or *Gilder* is 30 *Grosch*, 1 *Grosch* is 18 d. *Polish*, 3 *Gilders* or 90 *Grosch* make a *Rix-currant Dollar*; *Specie* and *Cross Dollars* give at present from 15 a 17 *Grosch* *aggio*. These places draw upon *Hamborough* upon

on the Specie Rixdollar, or so many Dollars *Banco*; the course usually about 102 to 105 Grosh Polish for 1 Dollar in *Banco*; and being the Rixdollar in currant Monies at *Dantzick* and *Koningsburg*, is valued at 4s. 6 d. sterl. therefore the Merchants usually reckon what they get in Exchange above 90 Grosh Polish for a Bank Dollar at *Hamborough*, is so much profit and advance by the Exchange.

When *Dantzick* values upon *Amsterdam*, Merchants reckon whatever they advance above 216 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gs. Polish for the pound Flemish in *Banco*, is so much Profit to the Drawer; for 216 $\frac{1}{2}$ Groshes Polish is reckoned to be *Par* with 1 pound Flemish in currant Monies. The course betwixt *Dantzick* and *Amsterdam* at present is 254 Grosh in *Circa*. But N.B. as Corn advances in price, the *Exchange* falls, so that I have known it sometimes under the *Par*.

The same may be said of *Koningsburgh*, with this Exception, that it values always on *Amsterdam* in currant Monies; the course at present may be about 242 Grosh. for a Pound Flemish.

Dantzick and *Koningsburgh* Exchange one with another at so much in the Hundred;

dred ; the course at present is *Par*.

Dantzick Exchanges with *Freslaw* in *Silesia* at so much *per Cent*. there being very little difference in the value of the Monies.

London exchanges with *Sweden* ; as *Stockholm*.

Which exchanges for all *Sweden* properly so called *per via* *Hamborough* or *Amsterdam*.

Sweden

Keeps Accounts in Copper Dollars, whereof 5 are reckoned to be worth (and *Par* with) a currant Rixdollar, or 3 Gilders Polish, or 4 s. 6 d. sterling. They have a Silver Doller, which is called the *Swedens* Rixdollar, and is in value but half a currant Rixdollar of *Germany* or *Poland*, or 2 s. 3 d. sterl. In this Specie the customs of all exported Goods must be paid, and it is divided into 32 *Ore*, as they call them.

The Doller in which the Customs of all imported Goods must be paid, is the *Swedens* Copper-plate Dollers, which are in value twice as much as the other, viz. 90 Gs, or 3 Gilders Polish, or 4 s. 6 d. sterl. in their copper-plate Doller are reckoned 48 *Ore*. They have also Silver
Mark,

Mark, or Gilder pence, that are of the same value with the Marks Lubs, and Polish Guilders, viz. 18 d. sterl. being the $\frac{1}{4}$ of a currant Rixdollar.

But they Exchange with *Hamburg*, (whereon the greatest part of their Exchange is made) upon a certain Mark, whereof 20 are reckoned to be *Par* with the Specie Dollar in Bank, and the course is sometimes 24 a 25 and upwards, per Specie Dollar; sometimes Exchange may be made directly upon *London*, and then though they reckon 20 copper Dollars to be *Par* with 20 s. or 1 l. sterl. yet the course is frequently at 28 a 30 copper Dollars per 1 l. sterl. but this is regulated according to the course of Trade.

London exchanges with *Leifland*, as with

Riga, *Revel*, *Narva*; but not direct, only via *Hamburg* and *Amsterdam*, as before was hinted of *Sweden* and *Prussia* (and to these we may add *Narva* in *Ingria*, or *Ingermanland* in *Russia*, which is also under the Dominion of the *Swedes*.) At these places Accounts are kept in Specie Dollars and Groshes, reckoning 90 Groshes for a Specie Dollar.

Riga

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Riga exchanges with
Hamburg and *Amsterdam* upon the 100
 Dollars at so much per Cent. sometimes
Par, sometimes 5 or 6 per Cent. Loss.

Revel and *Narva*

May probably use the same Method in
 Exchange, using Coyns of the same value;
 but if they are not the same with *Riga*,
 they will doubtless be the same with *Stock-*
holme ; whither be referred.

Observe that

1 Specie Rixdollar is valued at 4 s. 6 d.
 sterl.

8 s. Flemish or 50 Stivers.

3 Mark Lub. at *Lubeck* and *Hamburg*.

3 Gilders Polish.

3 Liures French.

6 l. 10 s. Venice.

24 Good Grosh at *Leipzick*.

6 Mark or 96 s. Danish ; 1 slight Dollar
 is 4 Mark Danish.

6 Mark Pomerish as *Stralsond*.

20 Mark Swedish.

8 Spanish Rials or Marvedies 272.

30 s. or Rogfers Grosh in *Bressaw* in *Sil-*
lesia.

- 36 Marien Grosh, Lunenburgs, and
 Braunf-wicks
 2 Marks Bremers, or 6 Kopfstock
 4 Tary at Naples
 30 s. or Koyfers Grosh } at *Ausburg* and
 90 Krentzers } *Nuremburg*.
 18 s. or Batzen in *Frankenland* and *Swit-*
zerland
 90 Krentzers at *Strasburg* and *Frankfort*
 30 Keyfers Groshes at *Vienna*, &c.

To reckon out the precise time of the
 payment of any Bill, payable at any time
 after Date, it is necessary to know the
 difference of the Old and New Style, if
 the places from whence it is drawn, and
 on which it is drawn, observe a different
 Style.

For better Information herein, these
 following places observe the New Style.

Amsterdam, Dordrecht, Harlaem, Ley-
den, Roterdam, and all the United Pro-
vinces of Holland, as also Middleburgh, U-
liffengen, in Zealand, Antwerp, Brugge,
Dornick, Ghent, Ryffel, Brussels, Valen-
tan, and all Brabant, Flanders and Artois,
Bordeau, Lyons, Marsellers, Nants, Pa-
ris, Roan, Rochelle, and all France, Lessa-
bon, St. Hiebes, Port a Port, and all Por-
tugal, Alicant, Bayonne, Bilboa, Cadiz,
Madrid,

Madrid, Malaga, St. Sebastian, Sebilion, Valence, and all Spain, Messina, Palermo in Sicilia, Bari, Bergamo, Bisanfon, Bolognien, Florence, Genoua, Lyborne, Lucca, Mantua, Milan, Naples, Rome, Venice, and all Italy, Ausburg, Crembes, Lints, Wien, and several places of the Empire, Bolzano in Tyrol, Breslaw, and all Silesia, Colne, Dantzick, Konigsburg, Thorn, and all Poland.

These Places keep the Old Style.

England, Scotland and Ireland, Archangel in Muscovia, Berlin and all Brandenburg, Copenhagen, and all Denmark, Embden, and all East-Friezland, Frankford on the Main, Geneva, and the Protestant Cantons of Switzerland, Hamburg, and all Holstein, Lubeck, and all Macklinbrough, Leipsig, Magdeburgh, Naumbrough, and all Saxonia, Riga, and all Liefland, Stockholm and all Sweden, Strasburg, and all the Elsa's, &c. All the Popish Electors and Princes of Germany observe the New, and all the Evangelical Electors and Princes, they continue still the Old Style.

To conclude this Head, I shall only add Copies of Bills of Exchange, as they are drawn in several Languages, viz. *Spanish, Italian, Dutch and French.*

Spanish.

Spanish.

*Jhus. Malaga 13 Noviembre 1683. Ao
son 132 l. 7 s. 6 d.*

A Quarenta dias vista pagara V. M.
por esta mi tercera no aviendo pagado por
la primera y segunda a la voluntad de Die-
go P. Cienta treynta y dos libras siete
füeldos y seis peniques esterlinus valor a
qui recevida de *Henrique G.* y a su tiempo
ar a V. M. buen pago asentandolas como
aviso xpto conto dos.

A Juan D.

Antonio de S.

gde Dios Londres.

Italian.

*Adj. 18 Augusti 1683 In Venetia Dti 1000
a d. 54 per Dto.*

A Vso pagate per qta pma di Cambio
alli SSrif de U. & figli d' Hamo (o) chi
ordineranno Dti mille a d. cinquanta quatro
per Dto valuta contmi e ponete Come vi
s'avisa a dio.

Tomaso D.

Al Mag. Sre Ricardo W.

in Londra.

pma

*The Assignment on the backside
thereof, is thus;*

*Et per noi pagate il contenuto di questa
senza*

senza altra procura al Sr. Gio W. Cambiot con S. *Francisco R.* Hamburgo 18 Augusti 1683. p. F. de V. & figli.

Dutch.

Amsterdam adj. 27 June 1683. voor
100 l. sterlingt.

Op Vso, Betaelt desen myne eersten
Wisselbrief a en Sr. Jan. E. oft ordre hondert ponden sterlinex valuta van Sr. Robert G. stelt op myn rekeninge als per advys
Martyn P.

Ersamen Sr. Willem S.
Coopman

pma tot *London.*

French. A Paris ce 10 Juillet 1683. per
450 l. a 52 d. st. per l.

A Double Usance. Payez per ceste premiere de Change a Monsieur P.M. ou a son orde quatre Centz escus a cinquante deux deniers sterlins pour Escu valleur receu de Monsieur *Francois L.* & passez a compte suivant l'advys de

Vostre tres humble Serviteur

Daniel F.

Monsieur
Monsieur Guillaume G. Merchant a
pma
Londres.

If there be an Assignment on the backside thereof, it runs thus;

Le contenu de ceste payez au Sr. Pierre H. ou ordre valleur de Sr. Jean C.

Paris 26 d'Augst 1683. Paul M.

Livorno, 21 August 1683. p. 239 l. 13 s.
9 d. sterl. a 59 d. Dol. 975.

Three Months after Date of this my first Bill of *Exchange*, my second or third not being paid, pay unto Mr. *William G.* or Assigns, the Sum of Two hundred thirty and nine pounds, thirteen shillings and nine pence sterling, for the value received hereof, Mr. *Thomas W.* placing it to Accompt, as *per Advice*.

Thomas S.

To Mr. Robert B. Merchant in London.

Pma. *If this Bill be assigned over to another man, write on the back side thus;*

Pay the Contents on the other side hereof to Mr. *Humphrey N.* or Assigns, value of Mr. *Joseph B.*

Livorno 21 September 1683.

William G.

Bms

But if *Humphrey N.* do likewise assign
the Bill, for his *Accompt*, he writes thus ;

Pay the Contents hereof to Mr. *John D.*

Humphrey N.

*The Form of a Protest for Non-pay-
ment.*

On the Fifth Day of *August* 1683.
Stilo Anglia, at the Request of Mr. *J. C.*
Merchant, I *W. K.* Notary, &c. do exhibit
the Original Bill of Exchange, where-
of Copy is hereabove, unto Mr. *M. G.*
at whose House the Bill is payable in
Thredneedle-Street, London ; demanding
Paiment of the Sum of Five hundred sixty
three Crowns therein mentioned ; who
answered, he would not pay the said Sum
for want of Provisions from the Acceptor ;
and therefore I the said Notary did and
do solemnly protest as well against the
Drawers and Acceptor, &c. for want of
Payment, &c. in the presence of *J. B.*
and *T. C.* Witnesses.

Overhead must be written the Co-
py of the Bill so protested against.

The

*The Form of a Protest in French for
Non-Acceptance.*

Ce Jour d' huy 3 du mois d' August 1683.
Et la d' Anglia, a la requeste de Monsieur
M.C. Marchand je G. W. Notaire, &c.
ay, exhibe la Lettre de Change donc la
Copie est ci dessous au Sieur C. H. au
quel la-ditte lettre est adresse luy requere-
rant de la vouloir accepter ce qu'il a re-
fuse de faire d'autant que la-ditte-Lettre
est contrefaite n'estant pas de la subscri-
ption du Tireur, et pourtant je la-ditte
Notaire ay Proteste et Proteste par ces
presentes solennellement contre les Sieurs
Tireurs et Endorsers, &c. per faute de
l'acceptation, &c. es presences de M. F.
et J. P. Tesmoins.

Of Customs, Imposts, and other Du-
ties paid upon Goods.

C*ustoms, Imposts and all other Duties*
paid upon Goods, are by the Law of
Nations due to the Prince, as his Prero-
gative, in all Cities, Port-Towns, Ha-
vens.

vens or Harbors throughout his Territories, as well upon all Goods and Commodities Exported as Imported ; and for the better receiving the said Customs, there are in all Places and Cities where *Traffick* is maintained, Publick Houses where Officers do attend for the receiving of the same ; as may be seen in the *Custom-House* at *London*.

And though the Duty of *Custom* is generally paid in all places, yet the manner of payment is found very different ; as, in some Places they pay after the Rate of so much *per Cent.* in ready Money, and that very different ; for in some places they pay 3 *per Cent.* as in *Turkey*, by agreement with our Consul ; and in other places, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 *per Cent.* or more or less, according to the Orders of the Place.

Again, in some places they pay after the Rate of so much for every Hundred weight, and that varying in their Prizes, according to the goodness and worth of the Commodity ; And in some places they are very low in some commodities, and high in others ; and in some places high in all.

Further, they are found to differ in respect of Time ; for in many *Hans-Towns*,
and

and Free Cities, as *Leghorne*, and the like, they pay the said Customs (which are but low) within a set time, whereas others will not be so contented,

Also there is a time to be observed in many priviledg'd Places, enjoyning free-Marts and Faires as doth *Roan*, *Frankfort*, *Beaucaire*, *Messina*, &c. where at such times the Customs are so low that they are not worth regarding.

And lastly, in some places they receive their Customs in specie.

Seeing then that the Customs and other Duties payable upon Goods, are so various, the Merchant ought to be very knowing therein ; wherein, for his further help it is necessary he be furnished with a Book or Books of the Rates of Commodities of the Place or Places where he hath Commerce ; which Books are to be had in all places where *Traffick* is maintained, either in Print or Manuscript.

And in the payment of these Customs and Imposts, great care, diligence and exactness is required, delays proving dangerous ; for in many places the Non-payment renders the Goods forfeited.

Also Goods become forfeited several other ways, and that according to the custom of the Place ; as in *Spain*, all commodi-

commodities concealed are only forfeited, which may be redeemed with some charge, unless they be such as be prohibited.

The like is observed in England, where there are several Commodities prohibited ; as wool, leather, allom, scarlet cloth. And lastly the coyn whether gold or silver, is strictly forbidden ; so that if any is found with an intention to be exported, it is not only forfeited to the King, but also the party if found, is Lyable to a great Fine.

In *Germany* and the Low countries, as also in *Turkey*, and most places of *Italy*, the Goods only concealed are forfeited, which may be had again, paying composition, which is more or less according to the grossness of the offence.

In *Sweden*, *Denmark*, and *Russia*, not only the Goods concealed are forfeited, but also all the commodities of that kind that the Merchant Owner hath on board. In *England*, not only Goods concealed, but all Goods falsly Entred at the Custom-house (whether Inwards or Outwards) are liable to seizure: As, if you have a parcell of Fanns to enter Outwards, and you Enter them as Haberdashery, and pay the custom accordingly ;

ly ; this would be a False Entry, because Fanns pay *ad Valorem*, which is 1 s. for every 20 s. value. So that when they should come to the water-side to be shipt off, the *Searcher* finding in your coquet so many pounds or hundreds of Haberdashery ; and opening your chest or case, and finding Fanns included , would seise all those Fanns, and carry them into the Kings Ware-house, because of your false entry, and being once in the Ware-house, you'l have no smal trouble and cost to redeem them ; therefore great care should be taken, when you have any commoditie to be entred Inwards or Outwards, that is not expressely mentioned under any Particular head in the *B. of Rates*, or plainly included, that you do not commit an Error in making a false Entry , for in this case a mans ignorance, under what denomination to Enter his commodities, will not excuse his having made a false Entry. Therefore be sure in all such dubious cases first to go to some one or other of the Clerks at the custom-house, and tell them what your commodities are, and they will be sure to direct you under what denomination to enter all such dubious commodities.

Neither is it enough to discharge or
pay

pay the customs, but the fees of the several Officers must be discharged, as Bills of Entries, coquets, certificates &c. of the *Waiters, Searchers, Clerks, Visitors, &c.* all which Fees are set down in the *Book of Rates*, to which I refer you.

The Copy of an *Entry Inwards*, which may serve as a general Direction, with the *Copies* of several things omitted in the *Book of Rates* commonly sold.

*In the Providence of London, John Bret
Commander from Scanderoon.*

John Young,

No 1. *Assa foetida* Baskets
to 12. T 12 w Gross 3 C. $\frac{2}{1}$
W Tare 36 l.

No 1.2 *Benjamin* 2 Chests
w. Gross 6 C. Tare
30 l.

And thus if you have one, two or more particulars, you are to enter them under their respective denominations, adjoining

joyning in the Margin the Marks and Numbers; sometimes the Merchants make their Bills of Entry themselves; if so, 'tis usual to write 5 of a sort; but paying 6d. you may have them made at the Custom-House; where you shall be sure to have every thing entered under its true Denomination, acquainting him that writes your Bills of Entry, what Commodities they are you have to Enter.

*The Copy of a Bill of Health, or Billa
Salutis.*

OMNIBUS Christi Fidelibus ad quos
presentes Litera pervenerint, Nos Ministri
Serenissimi Principis Domini nostri Regis
Caroli Secundi in Portu B. in Regno Angliæ,
Salutem. Cum pium sit & honestum ve-
ritati Testimonium perhibere, ne Error &
Deceptio prajudicii ipsum opprimat. Cumq;
Navis nuncupata A. de B. cujus Naclerus
sub Deo est T. H. quæ jam parata est e dicto
Portu discedere, & abhinc Deo volente, ad
L. & alia loca transmarina cum
hominibus in eadem Nave appellere. Hinc
est quod Universitatis vestra tenere presen-
tium innotescimus, fidemque indubitatam fa-
cimur quod Deo optimo maximo summa Laus
attribuatur, in hoc dicto Portu nulla Pestis,
Plaga,

Plaga, nec Morbus aliquis periculosus aut contagiosus ad presens existit. In cujus rei Testimonium Sigillum Officii nostrum apponimus. Datum hoc in Regio Telonio dicti Portus B. tertio die Augusti 1683. Annoq; Regis Caroli Secundi, &c. 35.

The Form of a Debenture

Henry Gouge Ind. did enter with us the 28th. day of July 1683. in the George Frigat, Benjamin Jones Master, for Ireland, Twelve Hogsheads of Tobacco, weighing Net four thousand five hundred and seven pounds; the Subsidy and Additional Duty whereof was paid Inwards by William Phriget the Tenth day of April last past, as doth appear by the Certificate of the Collector inwards, and for the further manifestation of his just dealing herein, he hath also taken Oath before us for the same Custom-House. Bristol, the Day and Year abovesaid.

<p><i>Juravit Hen. Gouge, That the same Tobacco above-mentioned in this Certificate was really shipt out, and hath not been re-landed in any Port or Creek in England or Wales since last shipt. July 28. 1683.</i></p>	<p><i>The Tobaccos above-mentioned were shipt at the Key, the first day of Aug. 1683. Certificate the 2d. of August, 1683.</i></p>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

The Kings Customer } The Kings
or Comptroller and Col- } Searcher and
lector, or Farmers Comp- } Farmers Sear-
troller to sign here. } cher or Wait-
er to sign here.

The Moyety of the Subsidy
of the said Tobacco (5 per
Cent. being taken off in Mo- } l. s. d.
ney) amounteth to Eight } 8 4 3
pounds, four shillings and
three pence.

The Additional Duty (rea- }
dy Money being paid) amount- } 15 4 8
eth to the sum of fifteen pounds
four shillings and eight pence. }

The Kings Collector and } ———
Comptroller to sign here. } 23 8 11

Received.

Received then of 168 }
of the Kings Majesty by the
hands of G. F, Collector for
His Majesties Customs in the } l. s. d.
Port of Bristol, the Sum of } 23 8 11
Twenty three pounds eight
shillings and eleven pence, in
full of this Debenture, per }

D

The

The Form of an Indenture of Appraisement.

This Indenture made the Third day of *September*, in the year of our Lord God one thousand six hundred eighty and three, and in the five and thirtieth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *Charles* the Second, by the Grace of God of *England, Scotland, France and Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c. Witnesseth, that we *J. P. and C. E. Gent.* His Majesties Commissioners, in pursuance of a Writ out of His Majesties Exchequer unto us directed, and hereunto annexed, have upon the Corporal Oaths of *E. G. and J. R.* lawful men of *London* in the County of *Middlesex*, viewed, numbred, gauged, tasted, weighed, valued and appraised

in all amounting to the Sum of
of lawful Money of *England*: In witness whereof we have hereunto interchangeably set our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year above written.

Endorse upon the Back of the Writ,

Executio istius Brevis patet in quadam Indentura huic annexa.

The

The Form of a Certificate for Damaged Goods.

Portus | We whose Names are hereun-
Br St. | der written, experienced in the
 Nature and Value of the Goods
 hereunder mentioned, being by vertue
 of the Eleventh Article annexed to the
 Book of Rates, directed and appointed
 by *J. P.* and *E. M.* (upon Oath first Ad-
 ministr'd to us by the said *J. P.* and
E. M.) to view and examine sixteen
 Hogsheads of *Virginia Tobacco*, contain-
 ing 43 hundred weight Nett; Entred
 Inwards out of the Ship *Richard* and *Ed-*
ward of Exon, Samuel Green Master, from
Virginia, the day of do
 Certifie and Declare, that eleven hun-
 dred pounds Net. of the said Tobacco is
 rotten, and fit for nothing: Witness
 our Hands the day of

Note, That this Certificate is altera-
 ble as the Damage of the Goods import-
 ed shall be found upon examination,
 whether one fourth, one third, or one
 half, more or less.

D 2 Write

Write on the Backside of the Certificate,

The Subsidy paid for the eleven hundred pounds of rotten Tobacco within mentioned, amounteth to the Sum of }

The Additional Duty paid for the said Tobacco, amounteth to the Sum of }

Total

Here is to follow the Merchants Acquittance.

The Form of a Bond to be given by Strangers for the Employment of their Monies upon the Commodities of this Kingdom.

NOverint Universi per presentes
teneri &
firmiter obligari Serenissimo Domino
nostro Regi Carolo Secundo in
Libris bonæ & legalis
mentis Angliæ, Solvend. eidem
Domino Regi, Hæred. vel Executor. suis. Ad quam quidem Solutionem bene & fideliter faciend. oblig.
per se
pro

pro toto & in solido Hæred. Executor. & Administrator.

firmiter per præsentēs. Sigill.

Sigillat. Dat. die

Anno-Dom. Millesimo sexcentesimo octogesimo

Annoque Regni

dict. Dom. nostri Caroli, Dei gratia

Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Regis, Fidei Defensoris, &c.

The Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the above-bounden *F. G.* do employ all such Sums of Money as he shall receive for

mentioned in one Entry this day made in the *Custom-House* of the Port of *Plimouth*, in the Name of *R. N.* Imported in the Ship or Vessel *P. of H.* whereof *N. M.* is Master; upon the Commodities of this Nation within six Months next ensuing the Date above written, his reasonable Cost and Charges deducted according to the Statute in that behalf made and provided, That then this Obligation to be void, or else to remain in full force and vertue, &c.

*Sealed and Delivered
in the presence of*

F. G.

D 3

The

*The Form of an Affidavit for Goods
lost.*

Londini. Memorandum quod E. L. de
Lond. in Comitatu Middlesex,
Mercator, venit coram E. F. Capital Barone
Scaccarii Regis die Anno
Regis Caroli Secundi in propria
persona sua, & prestitit Sacramentum suum
in his Anglicanis verbis sequentibus, viz.
That whereas there were Entered in the
Custom-House in the Port of London, in
the Ship called the *Henrietta Maria* of
London, N.H. Master for *Muscovia* Twen-
ty Trusses, containing two hundred Nor-
thern Kersies, the day of
in the year of our Lord
in the Name of this Deponent. Now
this Deponent saith that the said Kersies
were the proper Goods of this Depo-
nent, and that the Customs of the same
were duly paid, and further deposeth that
he hath received undoubted intelligence
that the said Ship was taken by the Ene-
my upon the Seas. in her Voyage towards
Muscovia, and carried to H. and the
Goods therein laden made Prize (or that
the said Ship was lost, and the Goods
therein laden perished in the Sea) and
that

that neither he this Deponent, nor any other to his use hath received, or doth expect to receive any benefit of or by the said Goods, or any part thereof by any means directly or indirectly.

E. L.

The Form of a Certificate for Goods which had paid Custom.

London. Know ye that E. L. Indig. paid His Majesties Custom here the day of for Twenty Trusses, containing two hundred Northern Kersies in the *Henrietta Maria* of *London*, N.H. Master for *Moscovia*-Custom-House. Dated the day of

A Particular of Linnen Cloth Imported, with their Denominations and Lengths, English Measure.

<i>Cam-</i>	} The half piece	6 Ells and
<i>bricks.</i>		
	} The picce	13 Ells.

Canvas Vocat.

<i>Dutch Barrafs</i>	<i>Ells</i>	28
<i>Hessens Canvas.</i>		28
		<i>French</i>

French or *Normandy* Canvas the ordinary
sort about 60

Normandy Canvas take the Contents
which is English Ells.

French Canvas and Line-broad for Ta-
bling uncertain Lengths.

Packing Canvas uncertain, but formerly
past at 22 Ells.

Crocus 23 or 24

Spruce Canvas, 23 or 24

Poldavies the Bolt 28

Elbing or Quinsborough Canvas 28

Strip'd or Tufted Canvas the piece 12

Vandalose and Vitry Canvas aulns 100

French is 115 Ells English. The length
uncertain from 10 to 100 Ells.

Noyals properly so called 100 $\frac{3}{4}$

Damask.

Tabling of *Holland* making, Yards 39

Towelling & Napkening ditto, Yards 39

Tabling of *Silesia* making Yards, 8

Towelling and Napkening ditto, Yards 12.

Diaper.

Tabling of *Holland* making about 39 Ya.

Napkening and Towelling ditto, Yar. 39

Tabling of *Silesia* making, Yards 8

Towelling

Towelling and Napkening ditto, Ya. 12
French Diaper, Tabling and Napkening,
 uncertain.

Lawnes.

Lawnes the peice, Yards	16
Ditto the half peice, Yards	8
Callicoe Lawns the peice of several lengths from 12 Yards to	26
<i>French</i> Lawns the peice, Yards	8
<i>Silesia</i> Lawns the peice, Yards	8

Flanders and Holland Cloth.

Gentish Linnen the whole piece holds 42
 Ells, and the half piece 21; but if
 contented, 70, they are *Dutch* Aulnes.
Isingham Linnen the whole piece holds
 from 36 to 38 Ells; take the Con-
 tents.

Ditto, the half piece 18 Ells, but if con-
 tented 31 or 32, they are *Flemish*
 Aulnes.

Overissels Cloth	Ells 29
Brabant Cloth, the half piece Ells	18
Embden Cloth,	Ells 29

Frieze Cloth the same length.

Brown Holland is either *Isinghams*, *Gentish*,
 or *Bagg*.

Bagg-

Bagg-Holland, Ells 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ or 30

British Cloth of several lengths.

Cowsfield or Platts, Ells 29

Elbing or Dantzick Cloth uncertain.

Hamborough Cloth broad Ells 33

Ditto, Narrow, uncertain.

Memorandum, Where *Hamborough* Linnen is contented, there hath formerly been allowed 2 per Cent. for measure.

Silicia Cloth $\frac{8}{7}$ broad holds Ells 28

Ditto, $\frac{7}{4}$ broad holds Ells 33 and 34

But if contented, *Flemish* Ells 68 and 72

White *Silicia* Cloth in blew Papers, small pieces, holds 7 Ells and $\frac{1}{2}$, and comes in Chests.

White *Silicia* Cloth in whole pieces 33 Ells.

Ditto, half pieces, which comes in Chests. Ells 16 $\frac{1}{2}$

Hinderlands are uncertain, but have formerly past at 17, 18, or 1900 Ells per pack.

Muscovia Linnen uncertain.

Lockrams.

Lockrams, Treagers, greft and narrow, or common Dowlas holds Ells 104

But in regard by the Book of Rates they are exprest 106 Ells, there hath formerly

merly been allowed 2 *per Cent.* for shortness of measure.

Broad Dowlas 104 Ells, with the same allowance.

Hall Cloth 100 Aulnes is 165 Ells English, the Lengths uncertain.

Harfords have past for Narrow *Germany*, and have the Contents upon each piece, with these differing Figures, 8 is 4, 7 is 5, 4 is 7; they hold *English* Ells, and have an impression or Seal with Ink, viz. *Harfords*.

Ozenbriggs are finer Linnen marked with the same figures, and contain *English* Ells generally, sealed with this Impression, *Ozenburgh*.

Polonia Linnen Ells 24

Popes Minsters contain 28, 33, 34, 36 and 38 Ells.

Pomers (which is a slight *Silesia*) contains 31 Ells

Lubeck Linnen uncertain.

Narrow *Silesia* divers lengths.

Narrow *Westphalia* Ells 9

Plain Napkening uncertain.

Narrow Cloth of *High Dutchland* uncertain.

Narrow Cloth of the *East Country* uncertain.

Twill and Ticking of *Scotland* uncertain.

Brunswick Linnen uncertain. Ta-

Tables for the Nett Subsidy and Additional Duty payable in ready Money upon *Linnens*, *Silks*, *Tobacco* and *Wines*, &c. Imported by Natives or Strangers, as well for the Port of *London*, as the out-Ports in general, according to Law.

Linnens.

Diaper and Damask Napkening and $\frac{3}{4}$ s. d.
 Towelling of *Silesia* the yard $\frac{3}{4}$ 1 4

Yards	Subsidy. parts.				Ad. Duty. Parts
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	25	<i>l.</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i> 500
1				19	171
2			1	13	342
3			2	7	1 13
4			3	1	1 184
5			3	20	1 355
10			7	15	3 210
15			11	10	5 65
16	1	0		4	5 236
17	1	0		23	5 407
18	1	1		17	6 78
19	1	2		11	6 249
20	1	3		5	6 420
30	1	10		20	10 130
40	2	6		10	1 1 340
50	3	2		0	1 5 50
60	3	9		15	1 8 260
70	4	5		5	1 11 470
80	5	0		20	2 3 180
90	5	8		10	2 6 390
100	6	4			2 10 100
200	12	8			5 8 200
300	19	0			8 6 300
400	1	5	4		11 4 400
500	1	11	8		14 3
550	1	14	10		15 8 50
1000	3	3	4	E	1 8 6

Linnens.

Cowfield Cloth or Plats the Ell
Elbing or Dansk Cloth the ell

s. d.
1 8

Ells.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	400
1				19				171
2			1	18				342
3			2	17			1	113
4			3	16			1	284
5			4	15			2	55
10			9	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.			4	110
15		1	2	$\frac{3}{4}$ d.			6	165
16		1	3	4			6	336
17		1	4	3			7	107
18		1	5	2			7	278
19		1	6	1			8	49
20		1	7				8	220
30		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		1	0	330
40		3	2			1	5	40
50		3	11	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		1	9	150
60		4	9			2	1	260
70		5	6	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		2	5	370
80		6	4			2	10	80
90		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		3	2	190
100		7	11			3	6	$\frac{3}{4}$ d.
200		15	10			7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
300	1	3	9			10	8	$\frac{1}{4}$ d.
400	1	11	8			14	3	
500	1	19	7			17	9	$\frac{3}{4}$ d.
550	2	3	6	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		19	7	50
1000	3	19	2			1	15	1 d.

Linnen.

Diaper Towelling and Napkening of }
 Holland the yard. ----- } 3 s.
 Strasburg or Hamburg Linnen the Ell. }

s. d.
8

parts.

400

171

342

113

284

55

110

165

336

107

278

49

220

330

40

150

260

370

80

190

3 d.

4 d.

1 d.

4

3 d.

50

1 d.

Yards	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Durv.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	100	l.	s.	d.	2000
171				71				1539
342	1			42				1078
113	2			13				617
284	3			84				156
55	4			55				1693
110	5			10				1390
165	10	1		65				1085
336	15	2		36				624
107	16	2		7				163
278	17	2		78				1702
49	18	2		49				1241
220	19	2		20				780
330	20	2		30				170
40	30	4		40				1560
150	40	5		50				950
260	50	7		60				340
370	60	8		70				1730
80	70	9		80				1120
190	80	11		90				510
3 d.	90	12						1900
4 d.	100	14						1800
1 d.	200	1						1700
4	300	2						1600
3 d.	400	2						1500
50	500	3						450
1 d.	550	3						
	1000	7						

E 2

Linnens.

Diaper Tabling of *Silefia*, the Yard 3 s. 4 d.

Yards	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1			1	9				17L
2			3	8			1	142
3			5	7			2	113
4			7	6			3	84
5			9	5			4	55
10		1	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d			8	110
15		2	4	4		1		165
16		2	6	3		1	1	136
17		2	8	2		1	2	107
18		2	10	1		1	3	78
19		3	0			1	4	49
20		3	2			1	5	20
30		4	9			2	1	130
40		6	4			2	10	40
50		7	11			3	6	150
60		9	6			4	3	60
70		11	1			4	11	170
80		12	8			5	8	80
90		14	3			6	4	190
100		15	10			7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
200	1	11	8			14	3	
300	2	7	6			1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
400	3	3	4			1	8	6
500	3	19	2			1	15	7
550	4	7	1			1	19	2
1000	7	18	4			3	11	3

Linnens.

Flanders and Holland Cloth the Ell 5 s.

Ells.	Subldy.			part	Ad. Duty.			parts
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
200				20				400
171	1		2	17			1	113
142	2		5	14			2	226
113	3		8	11			3	339
84	4		11	8			5	52
55	5	1	2	5			6	165
110	10	2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	1			330
165	15	3	6	$\frac{3}{4}$ d	1	7		95
136	16	3	9	12	1	8		203
107	17	4		9	1	9		321
78	18	4	3	6	1	11		34
49	19	4	6	3	2			147
20	20	4	9		2	1		260
130	30	7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	3	2		190
40	40	9	6		4	3		120
150	50	11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	5	4		50
60	60	14	3		6	4		380
170	70	16	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	7	5		310
80	80	19			8	6		240
190	90	1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	9	7		170
$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	100	1	3	9	10	8		$\frac{1}{4}$ d.
$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	200	2	7	6	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	300	3	11	3	1	12		$\frac{3}{4}$ d.
$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	400	4	15		2	2	9	
$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	500	5	18	5	2	13	5	$\frac{1}{2}$ d
$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	550	6	10	7	2	18	9	150
	1000	11	17	6	5	6	10	

E 3

Linnens.

Damask Tabling of *Silesia* the Yard 4 s.

Yards	Subsidy. parts.				Ad Duty. parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>
				25	
1			2	7	
2			4	14	
3	00		6	21	
4			9	3	
5			11	10	
10	1	10		20	10
15	2	10		5	1 3
16	3			12	1 4
17	3	2		19	1 5
18	3	5		1	1 6
19	3	7		8	1 7
20	3	9		15	1 8
30	5	8		10	2 6
40	7	7		5	3 5
50	9	6			4 3
60	11	4		20	5 1
70	13	3		15	5 11
80	15	2		10	6 10
90	17	1		5	7 8
100	19				8 6
200	1	18			17 1
300	2	17			1 5 7
400	3	16			1 14 2
500	4	15			2 2 9
550	5	4	6		2 7
1000	9	10			4 5 6

Linnens.

Damask Napkening, Towelling of *Holland*, the
Yard 7s.

parts.	Yards	Subdiv.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts	
		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	100		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	2000
13	1			3	99				1	1591
26	2			7	98				3	1181
39	3			11	97				5	773
52	4		1	3	96				7	364
65	5		1	7	95				8	1955
130	10		3	3	90		1	5		1910
195	15		4	11	85		2	2		1865
208	16		5	3	84		2	4		1456
221	17		5	7	83		2	6		1047
234	18		5	11	82		2	8		638
247	19		6	3	81		2	10		229
260	20		6	7	80		2	11		1820
390	30		9	11	70		4	5		1730
20	40		13	3	60		5	11		1640
150	50		16	7	50		7	5		1550
280	60	1	19	11	40		8	11		1460
410	70	1	3	3	30		10	5		1370
40	80	1	6	7	20		11	11		1280
170	90	1	9	11	10		13	5		1190
300	100	3	13	3			14	11		1100
100	200	4	6	6			1	9	11	200
100	300	6	19	9			2	4	10	1300
200	400	8	13				2	19	10	400
	500	9	6	3			3	14	9	1500
50	550		2	10			4	2	3	1050
	1000	16	12	6			7	9	7	1000

Linnens.

Diaper Tabling of *Holland*, making the Yard 9s.

Yards	Subldy. parts.			Ad. Duty. parts.
	s.	d.	100	s. d.
1		5	13	2 617
2		10	26	4 1234
3	1	3	39	6 1851
4	1	8	52	9 468
5	2	1	65	11 1085
10	4	3	30	1 11 170
15	6	4	95	2 11 1255
16	6	10	8	3 1872
17	7	3	21	3 3 489
18	7	8	34	3 5 1106
19	8	1	47	3 7 1723
20	8	6	60	3 10 340
30	12	9	90	5 9 510
40	17	1	20	7 8 680
50	1	1	4	9 7 850
60	1	5	7	11 6 1020
70	1	9	11	13 5 1190
80	1	14	2	15 4 1360
90	1	18	5	17 3 1530
100	2	2	9	19 2 1700
200	4	5	6	1 18 5 1400
300	6	8	3	2 17 8 1100
400	8	11		3 16 11 800
500	10	13	9	4 16 2 500
550	11	15	1	5 5 5 1350
1000	21	7	6	9 12 4 1000

Linnens.

Spruce Elbing, or Quinsborough Canvas the Bolt
containing 28 Ells. 15 s.

Bolts.	Subsidy.			parts.		Ad. Duty.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				20					400
1			8	11				3	339
2		1	5	2				7	278
3		2	1	13				11	217
4		2	10	4			1	3	156
5		3	6	15			1	7	95
10		7	1	d			3	02	190
15		10	8	d			4	9	285
16		11	4	16			5	1	224
17		12	1	7			5	5	163
18		12	9	18			5	9	102
19		13	6	9			6	1	41
20		14	3	0			6	4	380
30	1	1	4	d			9	7	170
40	1	8	6				12	9	360
50	1	15	7	d			16		150
60	2	2	9				19	2	340
70	2	9	10	d		1	2	5	130
80	2	17				1	5	7	320
90	3	4	1	d		1	8	10	110
100	3	11	3			1	12		d.
200	7	2	6			3	4	1	d.
300	10	13	9			4	16	2	d.
400	14	5				6	8	3	
500	17	16	3			8		3	d.
550	19	11	10	d		8	16	4	50
1000	35	12	6			16		7	d.

Linnens

Canvas strip'd or tufted with Thred the ps. l.
 Cambricks the piece 2
 Drilling and Packduck 120 Ells
 Irish Cloth 120 Ells

P Ell	Subsidy. parts.			5	Ad. Duty. parts.			50
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		1	10	4		1	10	13
2		3	9	3		1	8	26
3		5	8	2		2	6	39
4		7	7	1		3	5	2
5		9	6			4	3	15
10		19				8	6	30
15	1	8	6			12	9	45
16	1	10	4	4		13	8	8
17	1	12	3	3		14	6	21
18	1	14	2	2		15	4	34
19	1	16	1	1		16	2	47
20	1	18				17	1	10
30	2	17			1	5	7	40
40	3	16			1	14	2	20
50	4	15			2	2	9	
60	5	14			2	11	3	30
70	6	13			2	19	10	10
80	7	12			3	8	4	40
90	8	11			3	16	11	20
100	9	10			4	5	6	
200	19				8	11		
300	28	10			12	16	6	
400	38				17	2		
500	47	10			21	7	6	
550	52	5			23	10	3	
1000	95				42	15		

Linnens.

Spruce Canvas, and Packing Canvas 120
 Ells, 2 l. 10s.

C Ell.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
				4				40
1		2	4	2		1		33
2		4	9			2	1	26
3		7	1	2		3	2	19
4		9	6			4	3	12
5		11	10	2		5	4	5
10	1	3	9			10	8	10
15	1	15	7	2		16		15
16	1	18				17	1	8
17	2		4	2		18	2	1
18	2	2	9			19	2	34
19	2	5	1	2		1	3	27
20	2	7	6			1	4	20
30	3	11	3			1	12	³ / ₄ d.
40	4	15				2	2	9
50	5	18	9			2	13	¹ / ₄ d.
60	7	2	6			3	4	¹ / ₂ d.
70	8	6	3			3	14	³ / ₄ d.
80	9	10				4	5	6
90	10	13	9			4	16	¹ / ₄ d.
100	11	17	6			5	6	¹ / ₂ d.
200	23	15				10	13	9
300	35	12	6			16		¹ / ₂ d.
400	47	10				21	7	6
500	59	7	6			26	14	¹ / ₂ d.
550	65	6	3			29	7	³ / ₄ d.
1000	118	15				53	8	9

Linnens.

Narrow working Canvas for Cushions 120 Ells.

Twill and Ticking of Scotland 120 Ells

Lawns the half piece cont. 6 Ells

C Ells	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				5				100
1		2	10	1		1	3	39
2		5	8	2		2	6	78
3		8	6	3		3	10	17
4		11	4	4		5	1	56
5		14	3			6	4	95
10	1	8	6			12	9	90
15	2	2	9			19	2	85
16	2	5	7	1			6	24
17	2	8	5	2	1	1	9	63
18	2	10	03	3	1	3	1	2
19	2	13	1	4	1	4	4	41
20	2	17			1	5	7	80
30	4	5	6		1	18	5	70
40	5	14			2	11	3	60
50	7	2	6		3	4	1	50
60	8	11			3	16	11	40
70	9	19	6		4	9	9	30
80	11	8			5	2	7	20
90	12	16	6		5	15	5	10
100	14	5			6	8	3	
200	28	10			12	16	6	
300	42	15			19	4	9	
400	57				25	13		
500	71	5			32	1	3	
550	78	7	6		35	5	4	12
1000	142	10			64	2	6	

Linnens.

Canvas strip'd with Silk & copper, ps. cont. 15 ya.

Ozenbriggs 100 Ells.

Polonia, &c. and all narrow Cloth of *Germany*, and the East Countrey, 120 Ells,

Souttwich containing 120 Ells

4 l.

CELLS.	Subsidy. parts.				Ad. Duty. parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	5	<i>l.</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i> 25
1		3	9	3	1 8 13
2		7	7	1	3 5 1
3		11	4	4	5 1 14
4		15	2	2	6 10 2
5		19			8 6 15
10	1	18			17 1 5
15	2	17			1 5 7 20
16	3		9	3	1 7 4 8
17	3	4	7	1	1 9 21
18	3	8	4	4	1 10 9 9
19	3	12	2	2	1 12 5 22
20	3	16			1 14 2 10
30	5	14			2 11 3 15
40	7	12			3 8 4 20
50	9	10			4 5 6 5
60	11	8			5 2 7 10
70	13	6			5 19 8 15
80	15	4			6 16 9 20
90	17	2			7 13 10 5
100	19				8 11 6
200	38				17 2
300	57				25 13
400	76				34 4
500	95				42 15
550	104	10			47 6
1000	190			F	85 10

Linnens.

Vitri Canvas 120 Ells

Broad working Canvas 120 Ells

5 l.

Dowlas and Lockrams 106 Ells

C Ells Subsidy. parts.				Ad. Duty. Par			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
1		4	9			2	1
2		9	6			4	3
3		14	3			6	4
4		19				8	6
5	1	3	9		10	8	5
10	2	7	6		1	1	4
15	3	11	3		1	12	15
16	3	16			1	14	2
17	4		9		1	16	4
18	4	5	6		1	18	5
19	4	10	3		2		7
20	4	15			2	2	9
30	7	2	6		3	4	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
40	9	10			4	5	6
50	11	17	6		5	6	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
60	14	5			6	8	3
70	16	12	6		7	9	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
80	19				8	11	
90	21	7	6		9	12	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
100	23	15			10	13	9
200	47	10			21	7	6
300	71	5			32	1	3
400	95				42	15	
500	118	15			53	8	9
550	130	12	6		58	15	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
1000	237	10			106	17	6

Linnens.

Broad French Canvas and Line for Ta- l.
bling 120 Ells 15

C Ells	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			par.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		14	3	0		6	4	19
2	1	8	6			12	9	18
3	2	2	9			19	2	17
4	2	17			1	5	7	16
5	3	11	3		1	12		15
10	7	2	6		3	4	1	d.
15	10	13	9		4	16	2	d.
16	11	8			5	2	7	4
17	12	2	3		5	9		3
18	12	16	6		5	15	5	2
19	13	10	9		6	1	10	1
20	14	5			6	8	3	
30	21	7	6		9	12	4	d.
40	28	10			12	16	6	
50	35	12	6		16		7	d.
60	42	15			19	4	9	
70	49	17	6		22	8	10	d.
80	57				25	13		
90	64	2	6		28	17	1	d.
100	71	5			32	1	3	
200	142	10			64	2	6	
300	213	15			96	3	9	
400	285				128	5		
500	356	5			160	6	3	
550	391	17	6		176	6	10	d.
1000	712	10		F 2	320	12	6	

Linens.

Calicoes the piece
Silesia Lawns the piece

s.
10

Ps.	Subsidy.			parts	Ad. Dnty.			Parts
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
1			5	7			2	113
2			11	4			5	26
3		1	5	1			7	139
4		1	10	8			10	52
5		2	4	5		1		165
10		4	9			2	1	130
15		7	1	5		3	2	95
16		7	7	2		3	5	8
17		8		9		3	7	121
18		8	6	6		3	9	134
19		9		3		3	11	147
20		9	6			4	3	60
30		14	3			6	4	190
40		19				8	6	120
50	1	3	9			10	8	50
60	1	8	6			12	9	180
70	1	13	3			14	11	110
80	1	18				17	1	40
90	2	2	9			19	2	170
100	2	7	6			1	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$ d.
200	4	15				2	2	9
300	7	2	6			3	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$ d.
400	9	10				4	5	6
500	11	17	6			5	6	$10\frac{1}{2}$ d.
550	13	1	3			5	17	$6\frac{3}{4}$ d.
1000	23	15				10	13	9

Linnens.

Napkins of French making the dozen.

12 s.

Doz.	Subndy. parts.			25	Ad. Duty. Parts.			500
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1			6	21			3	39
2		1	1	17			6	78
3		1	8	13			9	117
4		2	3	9		1		156
5		2	10	5		1	3	195
10		5	8	10		2	6	390
15		8	6	15		3	10	85
16		9	1	11		4	1	124
17		9	8	7		4	4	163
18		10	3	3		4	7	202
19		10	9	24		4	10	241
20		11	4	20		5	1	280
30		17	1	5		7	8	170
40	1	2	9	15		10	3	60
50	1	8	6			12	9	450
60	1	14	2	10		15	4	340
70	1	19	10	20		17	11	230
80	2	5	7	5	1		6	120
90	2	11	3	15	1	3	1	10
100	2	17			1	5	7	400
200	5	14			2	11	3	300
300	8	11			3	16	11	200
400	11	8			5	2	7	100
500	14	5			6	8	3	
550	15	13	6		7	1		450
1000	28	10			F 3	12	16	6

Linnens.

Cambricks the half Piece

poledavies the Bolt

1 l.

Damask Tabling of Holland the yard

Ps.	Subsidy.		parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		11	2			5	13
2	1	10	4			10	26
3	2	10	1		1	3	39
4	3	9	3		1	8	52
5	4	9			2	1	65
10	9	6			4	3	30
15	14	3			6	4	95
16	15	2	2		6	10	8
17	16	1	4		7	3	21
18	17	1	1		7	8	34
19	18		3		8	1	47
20	19				8	6	60
30	1	8	6		12	9	90
40	1	18			17	1	20
50	2	7	6		1	1	4
60	2	17			1	5	7
70	3	6	6		1	9	11
80	3	16			1	14	2
90	4	5	6		1	18	5
100	4	15			2	2	9
200	9	10			4	5	6
300	14	5			6	8	3
400	19				8	11	
500	23	15			10	13	9
550	26	2	6		11	15	1
1000	47	10			21	7	6

Linnens.

Diaper Napkins of *Holland* the dozen. 1 l. 16 s.

parts.	Doz.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad Duty.			parts.
		l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
100					25				500
13	1		1	8	13			9	117
26	2		3	5	1		1	6	234
39	3		5	1	14		2	3	351
52	4		6	10	2		3		468
65	5		8	6	15		3	10	85
30	10		17	1	5		7	8	170
95	15	1	5	7	20		11	6	255
8	16	1	7	4	8		12	3	372
21	17	1	9		21		13		489
34	18	1	10	9	9		13	10	106
47	19	1	12	5	22		14	7	223
60	20	1	14	2	10		15	4	340
90	30	2	11	3	15	1	3	1	10
20	40	3	8	4	20	1	10	9	180
50	50	4	5	6		1	18	5	350
80	60	5	2	7	5	2	6	2	20
10	70	5	19	8	10	2	13	10	190
40	80	6	16	9	15	3	1	6	360
70	90	7	13	10	20	3	9	3	30
	100	8	11			3	16	11	200
	200	17	2			7	13	10	400
	300	25	13			11	10	10	100
	400	34	4			15	7	9	300
	500	42	15			19	4	9	
50	550	47		6		21	3	3	150
	1000	85	10			38	9	6	

Linnens.

Hinderlands, Middlegood, Headlake,
& Muscovia Linnen narrow, the 100 *l. s. d.*
Ells containin^g fixscore. 2 13 4

Cells Subdy. parts.				Ad. Duty. part.					
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>25</i>
1		2	6	2		1	1		17
2		5		4		2	3		9
3		7	7	1		3	5		1
4		10	1	3		4	6		18
5		12	8			5	8		10
10	1	5	4			11	4		20
15	1	18				17	1		5
16	2		6	2		18	2		22
17	2	3		4		19	4		14
18	2	5	7	1			6		6
19	2	8	1	3		1	1	7	23
20	2	10	8			1	2	9	15
30	3	16				1	14	2	10
40	5	1	4			2	5	7	5
50	6	6	8			2	17		
60	7	12				3	8	4	20
70	8	17	4			3	19	9	15
80	10	2	8			4	11	2	10
90	11	8				5	2	7	5
100	12	13	4			5	14		
200	25	6	8			11	8		
300	38					17	2		
400	50	13	4			22	16		
500	63	6	8			28	10		
550	69	13	4			31	7		
1000	126	13	4			57			

Linnens.

Dutch Barras, and Hessens Canvas *l. s. d.*
 the 100 Ells containing fixscore. 3 10 0

C Ells.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty. parts.			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	200
1		3	3	9		1	5	191
2		6	7	8		2	11	182
3		9	11	7		4	5	173
4		13	3	6		5	11	164
5		16	7	5		7	5	155
10	1	13	3			14	11	110
15	2	9	10	5	1	2	5	65
16	2	13	2	4	1	3	11	56
17	2	16	6	3	1	5	5	47
18	2	19	10	2	1	6	11	38
19	3	3	2	1	1	8	5	29
20	3	6	6		1	9	11	20
30	4	19	9		2	4	10	130
40	6	13			2	19	10	40
50	8	6	3		3	14	9	150
60	9	19	6		4	9	9	60
70	11	12	9		5	4	8	170
80	13	6			5	19	8	80
90	14	19	3		6	14	7	190
100	16	12	6		7	9	7	$\frac{1}{2} 6$
200	33	5			14	19	3	
300	49	17	6		22	8	10	$\frac{1}{2} 6$
400	66	10			29	18	6	
500	83	2	6		37	8	1	$\frac{1}{2} 6$
550	91	8	9		41	2	11	$\frac{1}{4} 6$
1000	166	5			74	16	3	

Linnens.

Callico Lawns the piece

1 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Ps.	Subsidy.			parts	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		1	3	1			6	21
2		2	6	2		1	1	17
3		3	9	3		1	8	13
4		5		4		2	3	9
5		6	4			2	10	5
10		12	8			5	8	10
15		19				8	6	15
16	1		3	1		9	1	11
17	1	1	6	2		9	8	7
18	1	2	9	3		10	3	3
19	1	4		4		10	9	24
20	1	5	4			11	4	20
30	1	18				17	1	5
40	2	10	8			1	2	9
50	3	3	4			1	8	6
60	3	16				1	14	2
70	4	8	8			1	19	10
80	5	1	4			2	5	7
90	5	14				2	11	3
100	6	6	8			2	17	
200	12	13	4			5	14	
300	19					8	11	
400	25	6	8			11	8	
500	31	13	4			14	5	
550	34	16	8			15	13	6
1000	53	6	8			28	10	

Linnen.

French or Normandy Canvas and Line narrow,
Brown or white the 100. Ells containing sixscore
Working Canvas of the broadest sort the C. Ells,
containing 120.

Lawns the piece of 13 Ells.

61.

C Ells	Subsidy.			parts.		Ad. Duty.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				5					50
1		5	8	2			2	6	39
2		11	4	4			5	1	28
3		17	1	1			7	8	17
4	1	2	9	3			10	3	6
5	1	8	6				12	9	45
10	2	17				1	5	7	40
15	4	5	6			1	18	5	35
16	4	11	2	2		2	1		24
17	4	16	10	4		2	3	7	13
18	5	2	7	1		2	6	2	2
19	5	8	3	3		2	8	8	41
20	5	14				2	11	3	30
30	8	11				3	16	11	20
40	11	8				5	2	7	10
50	14	5				6	8	3	
60	17	2				7	13	10	40
70	19	19				8	19	6	30
80	22	16				10	5	2	20
90	25	13				11	10	10	10
100	28	10				12	16	6	
200	57					25	13		
300	85	10				38	9	6	
400	114					51	6		
500	142	10				64	2	6	
550	156	15				70	10	9	
1000	285					128	5		

Linnens.

Hamborough and Silesia Cloth broad the
 100 Ells containing 120 White or Brown } 10l.

CELL.	Subdy. parts.				Ad. Duty. part			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>o</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>10</i>
1	1	9	6			4	3	3
2	2	19				8	6	6
3	3	18	6			12	9	9
4	4	18				17	1	2
5	5	7	6		1	1	4	5
10	4	15			2	2	9	
15	7	2	6		3	4	1	5
16	7	12			3	8	4	8
17	8	1	6		3	12	8	1
18	8	11			3	16	11	4
19	9		6		4	1	2	7
20	9	10			4	5	6	
30	14	5			6	8	3	
40	19				8	11		
50	23	15			10	13	9	
60	28	10			12	16	6	
70	33	5			14	19	3	
80	38				17	2		
90	42	15			19	4	9	
100	47	10			21	7	6	
200	95				42	15		
300	142	10			64	2	6	
400	190				85	10		
500	237	10			106	17	6	
550	261	15			117	11	3	
1000	475				213	15		

G

Linnens.

Hamborough Cloth narrow, the hundred Ells
containing sixscore, ————— 8 l.

C Ells	Subsidy.			Parts.		Ad. Duty.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		7	7	1			3	5	1
2		15	2	2			6	10	2
3	1	2	9	3			10	3	3
4	1	10	4	4			13	8	4
5	1	18					17	1	5
10	3	16				1	14	2	10
15	5	14				2	11	3	15
16	6	1	7	1		2	14	8	16
17	6	9	2	2		2	18	1	17
18	6	16	9	3		3	1	6	18
19	7	4	4	4		3	4	11	19
20	7	12				3	8	4	20
30	11	8				4	5	2	5
40	15	4				6	16	9	15
50	19					8	11		
60	22	16				10	5	2	10
70	26	12				11	19	4	20
80	30	8				13	13	7	5
90	34	4				15	7	9	15
100	38					17	2		
200	76					34	4		
300	114					51	6		
400	152					68	8		
500	190					85	10		
550	209					94	1		
1000	380					171			

Linnens

Minsters the Rowl, containing 1500 Ells at
fivescore to the hundred. The whole Rowl 56*l.*
13*s.* 4 *d.* the hundred Ells, at fivescore to the
hundred, amounts to ——— 31*l.* 15*s.* 6 *d.* $\frac{2}{3}$.

Cells	Subtldy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				15				50
1		3	7	1		1	7	19
2		7	2	2		3	2	38
3		10	9	3		4	10	7
4		14	4	4		6	5	26
5		17	11	5		8		45
10	1	15	10	10		16	1	40
15	2	13	10		1	4	2	35
16	2	17	5	1	1	5	10	4
17	3	1		2	1	7	5	23
18	3	4	7	3	1	9		42
19	3	8	2	4	1	10	8	11
20	3	11	9	5	1	12	3	30
30	5	7	8		2	8	5	20
40	7	3	6	10	3	4	7	10
50	8	19	5	5	4		9	
60	10	15	4		4	16	10	40
70	12	11	2	10	5	13		30
80	14	7	1	5	6	9	2	20
90	16	3			7	5	4	10
100	17	18	10	10	8	1	6	
200	35	17	9	5	16	3		
300	53	16	8		24	4	6	
400	71	15	6	10	32	6		
500	89	14	5	5	40	7	6	
550	98	13	10	10	44	8	3	
1000	179	8	10	10	80	15		

G 2

Linnens.

French Lawns the Piece — 1 l. 10s.

Pi. ce.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty			parts.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
				10				200
1		1	5	1			7	139
2		2	10	2		1	3	78
3		4	3	3		1	11	17
4		5	8	4		2	6	156
5		7	1	5		3	2	95
10		14	3			6	4	190
15	1	1	4	5		9	7	85
16	1	2	9	6	10		3	24
17	1	4	2	7	10	10		163
18	1	5	7	8	11		6	2
19	1	7		9	12	1		141
20	1	8	6		12	9		180
30	2	2	9		19	2		170
40	2	17			1	5	7	160
50	3	11	3		1	12		150
60	4	5	6		1	18	5	140
70	4	19	9		2	4	10	130
80	5	14			2	11	3	120
90	6	8	3		2	17	8	110
100	7	2	6		3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
200	14	5			6	8	3	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
300	21	7	6		9	12	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
400	28	10			12	16	6	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
500	35	12	6		16		7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
550	39	3	9		17	12	8	$\frac{1}{4}$ d.
1000	71	5			32	1	3	

Linnens.

Brown Holland the Ell

s.

Bagg Holland the Ell

s.

parts

200

139

78

17

156

99

190

85

24

163

2

141

180

170

160

150

140

130

120

110

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

1 d.

Ells.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Ad. Duty			Parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	20	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	400
1				2			1	113
2				5			2	226
3				8			3	339
4			11	8			5	52
5		1	2	5			6	165
10		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		1		330
15		3	6	$\frac{3}{4}$ d.		1	7	95
16		3	9	12		1	8	208
17		4		9		1	9	321
18		4	3	6		1	11	34
19		4	6	3		2		147
20		4	9			2	1	260
30		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		3	2	190
40		9	6			4	3	120
50		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		5	4	50
60		14	3			6	4	380
70		16	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		7	5	310
80		19				8	6	240
90		1	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		9	7	170
100		1	9			10	8	$\frac{1}{4}$ d.
200		2	6			1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
300		3	3			1	12	$\frac{3}{4}$ d.
400		4	15			2	2	9
500		5	18	9		2	13	$\frac{1}{4}$ d.
550		6	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.		2	18	9
1000		11	17	6		5	6	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.

G 3

Silks.

Bridges Silk, Black Ferret or Floref, the
 Naples, Pole and Span pound cont. 16 ounces—
 nish, Sattin Silk, the Raw China Silk, the 1
 pound containing 16 cont 24 ounces, —11
 ounces, —2 l.

Poun	Subsidy.			parts.	Poun.	Subsidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.	5		l.	s.	d.	5
1		1	10	4	1			11	2
2		3	9	3	2		1	10	4
3		5	8	2	3		2	10	1
4		7	7	1	4		3	9	3
5		9	6		5		4	9	
10		19			10		9	6	
15	1	8	6		15		14	3	
16	1	10	4	4	16		15	2	2
17	1	12	3	3	17		16	1	4
18	1	14	2	2	18		17	1	1
19	1	16	1	1	19		18		3
20	1	18			20		19		
30	2	17			30	1	8	6	
40	3	16			40	1	18		
50	4	15			50	2	7	6	
60	5	14			60	2	17		
70	6	13			70	3	6	6	
80	7	12			80	3	16		
90	8	11			90	4	5	6	
100	9	10			100	4	15		
200	19				200	9	10		
300	28				300	14	5		
400	38				400	19			
500	47	10			500	23	15		
550	52	5			550	26	2	6	
1000	95				1000	47	10		

Silks.

Fillozel or Paris Silk
the pound containing
16 ounces, ——— 15 s.

Granado Silk black
the pound containing 16
ounces ——— 3 l.

Poun.	Subsidy.			parts.		Poun.	Subsidy.			parts.	
	l.	s.	d.		20		l.	s.	d.		5
1			8	11		1		2	10	1	
2		1	5	2		2		5	8	2	
3		2	1	13		3		8	6	3	
4		2	10	4		4		11	4	4	
5		3	6	15		5		14	3		
10		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$		10	1	8	6		
15		10	8	$\frac{1}{4}d$		15	2	2	9		
16		11	4	16		16	2	5	7	1	
17		12	1	7		17	2	8	5	2	
18		12	9	18		18	2	11	3	3	
19		13	6	9		19	2	14	1	4	
20		14	3			20	2	17			
30	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$		30	4	5	6		
40	1	8	6			40	5	14			
50	1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$		50	7	2	6		
60	2	2	9			60	8	11			
70	2	9	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$		70	9	19	6		
80	2	17				80	11	8			
90	3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$		90	12	16	6		
100	3	11	3			100	14	5			
200	7	2	6			200	28	10			
300	10	13	9			300	42	15			
400	14	5				400	57				
500	17	16	3			500	71	5			
550	19	11	10	$\frac{1}{4}d$		550	78	7	6		
1000	35	12	6			1000	142	10			

Silk.

Granado Silk in colours
the pound containing
16 ounces. — 4*l*.

Naples Silk in colours,
the pound containing
16 ounces, — 2*l*. 10*s*.

Poun.	Subsidy.			Part		Poun.	Subsidy.			Pa.
	<i>l</i> .	<i>s</i> .	<i>d</i> .				<i>l</i> .	<i>s</i> .	<i>d</i> .	
1		3	9	3		1		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
2		7	7	1		2		4	9	
3		11	4	4		3		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
4		15	2	2		4		9	6	
5		19				5		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
10	1	18				10	1	3	9	
15	2	17				15	1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
16	3		9	3		16	1	18		$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
17	3	4	7	1		17	2		4	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
18	3	8	4	4		18	2	2	9	
19	3	12	2	2		19	2	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d</i>
20	3	16				20	2	7	6	
30	5	14				30	3	11	3	
40	7	12				40	4	15		
50	9	10				50	5	18	9	
60	11	8				60	7	2	6	
70	13	6				70	8	6	3	
80	15	4				80	9	10		
90	17	2				90	10	13	9	
100	19					100	11	17	6	
200	38					200	23	15		
300	57					300	35	12	6	
400	76					400	47	10		
500	95					500	59	7	6	
550	104	10				550	65	6	3	
1000	190					1000	118	15		

Silk.

Orgasine Silk and all
thrown Silk in the Gam
the pound containing
16 ounces, 16 s. 8 d.

Raw Morea Silk the
pound cont. 24 ounces,
Raw long Silk of all
forts (except China) the
l. cont. 24 ounces 10 s.

Poun.	Subsidy.			Part.	Poun.	Subsidy.			Pa
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>20</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>10</i>
1			9	10	1			5	7
2		1	7		2			11	4
3		2	4	10	3		1	5	1
4		3	2		4		1	10	8
5		3	11	10	5		2	4	5
10		7	11		10		4	9	
15		11	10	10	15		7	1	5
16		12	8		16		7	7	2
17		13	5	10	17		8		9
18		14	3		18		8	6	6
19		15		10	19		9		3
20		15	10		20		9	6	
30	1	3	9		30		14	3	
40	1	11	8		40		19		
50	1	19	7		50	1	3	9	
60	2	7	6		60	1	8	6	
70	2	15	5		70	1	13	3	
80	3	3	4		80	1	18		
90	3	11	3		90	2	2	9	
100	3	19	2		100	2	7	6	
200	7	18	4		200	4	15		
300	11	17	6		300	7	2	6	
400	15	16	8		400	9	10		
500	19	15	10		500	11	17	6	
550	21	15	5		550	13	1	3	
1000	39	11	8	G 5	1000	23	15		

Silk.
Raw short Silk, or Cap-
ton the l. containing
24 ounces, — 6 s. 8 d.

Sleave Silk course, the
pound containing 16
ounces: — 13 s. 4 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Poun.	Subsidy.			Par
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>20</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>10</i>
1			3	16	1			7	6
2			7	12	2		1	3	2
3			11	8	3		1	10	8
4		1	3	4	4		2	6	4
5		1	7		5		3	2	
10		3	2		10		6	4	
15		4	9		15		9	6	
16		5		16	16		10	1	6
17		5	4	12	17		10	9	2
18		5	8	8	18		11	4	8
19		6		4	19		12		4
20		6	4		20		12	8	
30		9	6		30		19		
40		12	8		40	1	5	4	
50		15	10		50	1	11	8	
60		19			60	1	18		
70	1	2	2		70	2	4	4	
80	1	5	4		80	2	10	8	
90	1	8	6		90	2	17		
100	1	11	8		100	3	3	4	
200	3	3	4		200	6	6	8	
300	4	15			300	9	10		
400	6	6	8		400	12	13	4	
500	7	18	4		500	15	16	8	
550	8	14	2		550	17	8	4	
1000	15	16	8		1000	31	13	4	

Silk.

Sleave Silk Fine, or : Thrown Silk the l.
 Naples Sleave, the l. dyed containing 16
 containing 16 ounces, ounces, ——— 5 l.
 ——— 2 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Poun.	Subndy.				Parr.	Poun.	Subndy.				Pa.
	l.	s.	d.		s		l.	s.	d.		0
1		2	6		2	1		4	9		
2		5			4	2		9	6		
3		7	7		1	3		14	3		
4		10	1		3	4		19			
5		12	8			5	1	3	9		
10	1	5	4			10	2	7	6		
15	1	18				15	3	11	3		
16	2		6		2	16	3	16			
17	2	3			4	17	4		9		
18	2	5	7		1	18	4	5	6		
19	2	8	1		3	19	4	10	3		
20	2	10	8			20	4	15			
30	3	16				30	7	2	6		
40	5	1	4			40	9	10			
50	6	6	8			50	11	17	6		
60	7	12				60	14	5			
70	8	17	4			70	16	12	6		
80	10	2	8			80	19				
90	11	8				90	21	7	6		
100	12	13	4			100	23	15			
200	25	6	8			200	47	10			
300	38					300	71	5			
400	50	13	4			400	95				
500	63	6	8			500	118	15			
550	69	13	4			550	130	12	6		
1000	126	13	4			1000	227	10			

Silk.

Silk Nubs or Husks of Silk, the Pound containing 21 ounces ————— 2 s.

Poun.	Subsidy. parts.			
	<u>l.</u>	<u>s.</u>	<u>d.</u>	<u>50</u>
1			1	7
2			2	14
3			3	21
4			4	28
5			5	35
10			11	20
15		1	5	5
16		1	6	12
17		1	7	19
18		1	8	26
19		1	9	33
20		1	10	40
30		2	10	10
40		3	9	30
50		4	9	
60		5	8	20
70		6	7	40
80		7	7	10
90		8	6	30
100		9	6	
200		19		
300	1	8	6	
400	1	18		
500	2	7	6	
550	2	12	3	
1000	4	15		

Wrought Silks.

Imported in Ships English built, directly from
the East Indies, the pound weight containing 16
ounces, ————— 15 s.

poun.	Subsidy. parts.			20	Ad. Duty. parts.			400
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1			8	11			3	339
2		1	5	2			7	278
3		2	1	13		11		217
4		2	10	4	1	3		156
5		3	6	15	1	7		95
10		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	3	2		190
15		10	8	$\frac{1}{2}d$	4	9		285
16		11	4	16	5	1		224
17		12	1	7	5	5		163
18		12	9	18	5	9		102
19		13	6	9	6	1		41
20		14	3		6	4		380
30	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	9	7		170
40	1	8	6		9	7		170
50	1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$	12	9		360
60	2	2	9		16			150
70	2	9	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$	19	2		340
80	2	17			1	2	5	130
90	3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	1	5	7	320
100	3	11	3		1	8	10	110
200	7	2	6		1	12		$\frac{3}{4}d$
300	10	13	9		3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$
400	14	5			4	16	2	$\frac{1}{4}d$
500	17	16	3		6	8	3	
550	19	11	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$	8		3	$\frac{3}{4}d$
1000	35	12	6		8	16	4	50
					16		7	$\frac{1}{2}d$

Wrought Silks.

Of the Manufacture of Italy, imported from
thence in English-built Ships, the pound weight
containing 16 ounces, — 1 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Poun.	Subndy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			Parts
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		1	7				8	11
2		3	2			1	5	2
3		4	9			2	1	13
4		6	4			2	10	4
5		7	11			3	6	15
10		15	10			7	1	10
15	1	3	9			10	8	5
16	1	5	4			11	4	16
17	1	6	11			12	1	7
18	1	8	6			12	9	18
19	1	10	1			13	6	9
20	1	11	8			14	3	
30	2	7	6		1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$
40	3	3	4		1	8	6	
50	3	19	2		1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$
60	4	15			2	2	9	
70	5	10	10		2	9	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$
80	6	6	8		2	17		
90	7	2	6		3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$
100	7	18	4		3	11	3	
200	15	16	8		7	2	6	
300	23	15			10	13	9	
400	31	13	4		14	5		
500	39	11	8		17	16	3	
550	43	10	10		19	11	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$
1000	79	3	4		35	12	6	

Wrought Silks.

Imported from the East Indies in other Bottoms, the pound weight containing 16 ounces,

11.

poun.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	100
				5				
1			11	2			5	13
2		1	10	4			10	26
3		2	10	1		1	3	39
4		3	9	3		1	8	52
5		4	9			2	1	65
10		9	6			4	3	30
15		14	3			6	4	95
16		15	2	2		6	10	8
17		16	1	4		7	3	21
18		17	1	1		7	8	34
19		18		3		8	1	47
20		19				8	6	60
30	1	8	6			12	9	90
40	1	18				17	1	20
50	2	7	6		1	1	4	50
60	2	17			1	5	7	80
70	3	6	6		1	9	11	10
80	3	16			1	14	2	40
90	4	5	6		1	18	5	70
100	4	15			2	2	9	
200	9	10			4	5	6	
300	14	5			6	8	3	
400	19				8	11		
500	23	15			10	13	9	
550	26	2	6		11	15	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$
1000	47	10			21	7	6	

Wrought Silks.

Imported from Italy on other Bottoms, or
from any other Part of the World, the pound
weight containing 16 ounces, — — — — — 2 l.

Poun.	Subdy.			part.	Ad. Duty. Parts			
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	50
1		1	10	4			10	13
2		3	9	3		1	8	26
3		5	8	2		2	6	39
4		7	7	1		3	5	2
5		9	6			4	3	15
10		19				8	6	30
15	1	8	6			12	9	45
16	1	10	4	4		13	8	8
17	1	12	3	3		14	6	21
18	1	14	2	2		15	4	34
19	1	16	1	1		16	2	47
20	1	18				17	1	10
30	2	17			1	5	7	40
40	3	16			1	14	2	20
50	4	15			2	2	9	
60	5	14			2	11	3	30
70	6	13			2	19	10	10
80	7	12			3	8	4	40
90	8	11			3	16	11	20
100	9	10			4	5	6	
200	19				8	11		
300	28	10			12	16	6	
400	38				17	2		
500	47	10			21	7	6	
550	52	5			23	10	3	
1000	95				42	15		

Tobacco.

Spanish and Brazeil Tobacco in Pudding or Rol,
or any not English Plantation, the Pound — 10s.

Poun.	Subsidy. parts.			10
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
1			5	7
2			11	4
3		1	5	1
4		1	10	8
5		2	4	5
10		4	9	
15		7	1	5
16		7	7	2
17		8		9
18		8	6	6
19		9		3
20		9	6	
30		14	3	
40		19		
50	1	3	9	
60	1	8	6	
70	1	13	3	
80	1	18		
90	2	2	9	
100	2	7	6	
200	4	15		
300	7	2	6	
400	9	10		
500	11	17	6	
550	13	1	3	
1000	23	15		

Tobacco.

Of S. Christophers, Barbadoes, the Caribe Islands,
Virginia, or the Summer Islands, or any the En-
glish Plantations, the pound, ——— 1 s. 8 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			parts.		Ad. Duty.			parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				20					800
1				19					703
2			1	18				1	606
3			2	17				2	509
4			3	16				3	412
5			4	15				4	315
6			5	14				5	218
7			6	13				6	121
8			7	12				7	24
9			8	11				7	727
10			9	$\frac{1}{2}d$				8	630
20		1	7				1	5	460
30		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$			2	2	290
40		3	2				2	11	120
50		3	11	$\frac{1}{2}d$			3	7	750
60		4	9				4	4	580
70		5	6	$\frac{1}{2}d$			5	1	410
80		6	4				5	10	240
90		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$			6	7	70
100		7	11				7	3	700
200		15	10				14	7	600
300	1	3	9			1	1	11	500
400	1	11	8			1	9	3	400
500	1	19	7			1	16	7	300
1000	3	19	2			3	13	2	$\frac{3}{4}d$.
5000	19	15	10			18	6	1	$\frac{3}{4}d$.
10000	39	11	8			36	12	3	$\frac{1}{2}d$.

Liquors.

Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Sider, and Sider eager,
Imported by English, to pay per Ton—4*l.* 10*s*
Ditto, Imported by Strangers the Ton—6*l.*

Tons.	Subsidy by English.			Parts	This Duty is payable by 14 Car. 2. 11.	Subsidy by Aliens.			Parts
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
1	3	19		2		5	5	7	1
2	7	18		4		10	11	2	2
3	11	17		7		15	16	9	3
4	15	16		9		21	2	4	4
5	19	16				26	8		
6	23	15		2		31	13	7	1
7	27	14		4		36	19	2	2
8	31	13		7		42	4	9	3
9	35	12		9		47	10	4	4
10	39	12				52	16		
20	79	4				105	12		
30	118	16				158	8		
40	158	8				211	4		
50	198					264			
100	396					528			
Hoghead.	1		9	10	4		13	2	2
	1		19	9	3		1	6	4
	2	1	19	7	1		2	12	9
	3	2	19	4	4		3	19	2
Tierces.	1		13	2	2		17	7	1
	2	1	6	4	4		1	15	2
	3	1	19	7	1		2	12	9
	4	2	12	9	3		3	10	4
	5	3	6				4	8	

Wines.

Gascoigne and French Wines brought into the
Port of London, the Ton to pay by Englishmen

Subsidy, _____ 4 l. 10 s.

Additional Duty, _____ 3 —

Tons.	Subsidy.			parts.		Ad. Duty.			Parts
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				5					50
1	3	19	2	2		2	8	10	4
2	7	18	4	4		4	17	8	8
3	11	17	7	1		7	6	6	12
4	15	16	9	3		9	15	4	16
5	19	16				12	4	2	20
6	23	15	2	2		14	13		24
7	27	14	4	4		17	1	10	28
8	31	13	7	1		19	10	8	32
9	35	12	9	3		21	19	6	36
10	39	12				24	8	4	40
20	79	4				48	16	9	30
30	118	16				73	5	2	20
40	158	8				97	13	7	10
50	198					122	2		
100	396					244	4		
Hoghead.	1	9	10	4			6	1	13
	1	19	9	3			12	2	26
	2	1	19	1		1	4	5	2
	3	2	19	4		1	16	7	28
Tierces.	1	13	2	2			8	1	34
	2	1	6	4			16	3	18
	3	1	19	1		1	4	5	2
	4	2	12	9	3	1	12	6	36
	5	3	6			2		8	20

Wines.

Gascoigne and French Wines brought into the
Port of London by Aliens, the Ton to pay Sub-
sidy, 61.

Additional Duty the same as by English.

Tons.	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
1	5	5	7	1
2	10	11	2	2
3	15	16	9	3
4	21	2	4	4
5	26	8		
6	31	13	7	1
7	36	19	2	2
8	42	4	9	3
9	47	10	4	4
10	52	16		
20	105	12		
30	158	8		
40	211	4		
50	264			
100	528			
Hoghead.	¹ / ₂ d		13 2	2
	1	1	6 4	4
	2	2	12 9	3
	3	3	19 2	2
Tiers.	1		17 7	1
	2	1	15 2	2
	3	2	12 9	3
	4	3	10 4	4
	5	4	8	

Wines.

Gascoigne and French Wines brought into any
the Out-Ports by English men, the Tonn to pay
Subsidy 3l.

Additional Duty the same as at London, 3—

Tons.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			Parts.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
				5				50
1	2	12	9	3	2	8	10	4
2	5	5	7	1	4	17	8	8
3	7	18	4	4	7	6	6	12
4	10	11	2	2	9	15	4	16
5	13	4			12	4	2	20
6	15	16	9	3	14	13		24
7	18	9	7	1	17	1	10	28
8	21	2	4	4	19	10	8	32
9	23	15	2	2	21	19	6	36
10	26	8			24	8	4	40
20	52	16			48	16	9	30
30	79	4			73	5	2	20
40	105	12			97	13	7	10
50	132				122	2		
100	264				244	4		
Hoghead.	1		6	7		6	1	13
	1		13	2		12	2	26
	2	1	6	4	1	4	5	2
	3	1	19	7	1	16	7	28
Tierces.	1		8	9		8	1	34
	2		17	7		16	3	18
	3	1	6	4	1	4	5	2
	4	1	15	2	1	12	6	36
	5	2	4		2		8	20

Wines.

Gascoigne and French Wines brought into any
the Out-Ports by Aliens, the Ton to pay Sub-
sidy, ————— 4 l. 10 s.

Additional Duty the same as by English.

Tons.	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
1	3	19	2	2
2	7	18	4	4
3	11	17	7	1
4	15	16	9	3
5	19	16		
6	23	15	2	2
7	27	14	4	4
8	31	13	7	1
9	35	12	9	3
10	39	12		
20	79	4		
30	118	16		
40	158	8		
50	198			
100	396			

Hoghead.	1		9	10	4
	1		19	9	3
	2	1	19	7	1
	3	2	19	4	4
Tierces.	1		13	2	2
	2	1	6	4	4
	3	1	19	7	1
	4	2	12	9	3
	5	3	6		

Wines.

Rhenish Wines brought into any Port by the
English, to pay Subsidy the Awme—1 l. os.
Additional Duty ————— 10 s.

Awme.	Subsidy.			parts.	Ad. Duty.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		17	7	1		8	1	34
2	1	15	2	2		16	3	18
3	2	12	9	3	1	4	5	2
4	3	10	4	4	1	12	6	36
5	4	8			2		8	20
6	5	5	7	1	2	8	10	4
7	6	3	2	2	2	16	11	38
8	7		9	3	3	5	1	22
9	7	18	4	4	3	13	3	6
10	8	16			4	1	4	40
20	17	12			8	2	9	30
30	26	8			12	4	2	20
40	35	4			16	15	7	10
50	44				20	7		
60	52	16			24	8	4	40
70	61	12			28	9	9	30
80	70	8			32	11	2	20
90	79	4			36	11	7	10
100	88				40	14		
200	176				81	8		
300	264				122	2		
400	352				162	16		
500	440				208	10		
550	484				228	17		
1000	880				407	0		
1100	968				427	7		

Wines.

Rhenish Wines brought into any Port by Aliens, to pay Subsidy the Awme—1 l. 5 s.
Additional Duty the same as by English-

Awme	Subsidy.		parts.
	l.	s. d.	
1	1	2	
2	2	4	
3	3	6	
4	4	8	
5	5	10	
6	6	12	
7	7	14	
8	8	16	
9	9	18	
10	11		
20	22		
30	33		
40	44		
50	55		
60	66		
70	77		
80	88		
90	99		
100	110		
200	120		
300	130		
400	140		
500	150		
		H	

Wines.

Spanish Wines brought into London by English
the Butt or Pipe to pay Subsidy ———— 2 l. 5 s.

Additional Duty ———— 2 l.

Pipe.	Subsidy.			parts.		Ad. Duty.			parts
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1	1	19	7	1		1	12	6	18
2	3	19	2	2		3	5	1	11
3	5	18	9	3		4	17	8	4
4	7	18	4	4		6	10	2	22
5	9	18				8	2	9	15
6	11	17	7	1		9	15	4	8
7	13	17	2	2		11	7	11	1
8	15	16	9	3		13		5	19
9	17	16	4	4		14	13		12
10	19	16				16	5	7	5
20	39	12				32	11	2	10
30	59	8				48	16	9	15
40	79	4				65	2	4	20
50	99					81	8		
60	118	16				97	13	7	5
70	138	12				113	19	2	10
80	158	8				130	4	9	15
90	178	4				146	10	4	20
100	198					162	16		
<hr/>									
Quarter-Casks.	1		9 10	4			8	1	17
	2		19 9	3			16	3	9
	3	1	9 8	2		1	4	5	1

(111)

Wines.

Spanish Wines brought into London by Aliens,
to pay per Pipe Subf. — 3 l.
Additional Duty the same as by English.

Pipes.	Subsidy.		parts
	l.	s.	d.
			5
1	2	12	9
2	5	5	7
3	7	18	4
4	10	11	2
5	13	4	
6	15	16	9
7	18	9	7
8	21	2	4
9	23	15	2
10	26	8	
20	52	16	
30	79	4	
40	105	12	
50	132		
60	158	8	
70	184	16	
80	211	4	
90	237	12	
100	264		
Quarter-Casks.	1	13	2
	2	1	6
	3	1	19
			H 2

Wines.

Spanish Wines brought into any the Out-Ports
by English, the But or Pipe to pay Subf. 30s.
Additional Duty ————— 40s.

Pipe.	Subsidy.			parts.	5	Ad. Duty.			parts	25
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		
1	1	6	4	4	4	1	12	6	18	
2	2	12	9	3	3	3	5	1	11	
3	3	19	2	2	2	4	17	8	4	
4	5	5	7	1	1	6	10	2	22	
5	6	12				8	2	9	15	
6	7	18	4	4	4	9	15	4	8	
7	9	4	9	3	3	11	7	11	1	
8	10	11	2	2	2	13		5	19	
9	11	17	7	1	1	14	13		12	
10	13	4				16	5	7	5	
20	26	8				32	11	2	10	
30	39	12				48	16	9	15	
40	52	16				65	2	4	20	
50	66					81	8			
60	79	4				97	13	7	5	
70	92	8				113	19	2	10	
80	105	12				130	4	9	15	
90	118	16				146	10	4	20	
100	132					162	16			
Quarter-Casks.										
1		6	7	1	1		8	1	17	
2		13	2	2	2		16	3	9	
3		19	9	3	3	1	4	5	1	

Wines.

Spanish Wines brought into any the Out-Ports
by Aliens, the Butt or Pipe to pay Subsidy 45 s.
Additional Duty the same as at London.

Pipes.	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
1	1	19	7	1
2	3	19	2	2
3	5	18	9	3
4	7	18	4	4
5	9	18		
6	11	17	7	1
7	13	17	2	2
8	15	16	9	3
9	17	16	4	4
10	19	16		
20	39	12		
30	59	8		
40	79	4		
50	99			
60	118	16		
70	138	12		
80	158	8		
90	178	4		
100	198			
Quarter-Casks.				
1		9	10	4
2		19	9	3
3	1	9	8	2

Fustians.

Amsterdam, Holland or Dutch Fustians, the Piece containing two half Pieces of fifteen yards each.

Barmilians the Piece containing two half pieces
Cullen Fustians the ps. cont. 2 half ps. — 81.

Pieces	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
1		7	7	1
2		15	2	2
3	1	2	9	3
4	1	10	4	4
5	1	18		
6	2	5	7	1
7	2	13	2	2
8	3		9	3
9	3	8	4	4
10	3	16		
20	7	12		
30	11	8		
40	15	4		
50	19			
60	22	16		
70	26	12		
80	30	8		
90	34	4		
100	38			
200	76			
300	114			
400	152			
500	190			
1000	380			

Holms and Bevern
Fustians the Bale
containing 45 half
Pieces.

Milan Fustians the
Piece containing 2
half Pieces

Naples Fustians,
Tripe or Velure
plain, the Piece con-
taining 15 yards

Of Weazle the Ps.
containing two half
Pieces.

These all pay the
same Custom with
those above.

Fustians.

Holms and Bevernex Fustians the Piece contain-
ing 2 half Pieces, ————— 3 l. 14 s.

Piece.	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
1		3	6	45
2		7		90
3		10	6	135
4		14		180
5		17	6	225
6	1	1	1	20
7	1	4	7	65
8	1	8	1	110
9	1	11	7	155
10	1	15	1	200
20	3	10	3	150
30	5	5	5	100
40	7		7	50
50	8	15	9	
60	10	10	10	200
70	12	6		150
80	14	1	2	100
90	15	16	4	50
100	17	11	6	
200	35	3		
300	52	14	6	
400	70	6		
500	87	17	6	
1000	175	15		

Fustians.

Jean Fustians, the Ps.
containing two half
pieces. — 3 l. 7 s.

Naples Fustians, Tripe
or velure plain, the half
Piece cont. 7 yards and
a half, — 4 l.

Ps.	Subsidy.			parts		Half Piece.	Subsidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.		100		l.	s.	d.	5
1		3	2		19	1		3	9	3
2		6	4		38	2		7	7	1
3		9	6		57	3		11	4	4
4		12	8		76	4		15	2	2
5		15	10		95	5		19		
6		19	1		14	6	1	2	9	3
7	1	2	3		33	7	1	6	7	1
8	1	5	5		52	8	1	10	4	4
9	1	8	7		71	9	1	14	2	2
10	1	11	9		90	10	1	18		
20	3	3	7		80	20	3	16		
30	4	15	5		70	30	5	14		
40	6	7	3		60	40	7	12		
50	7	19	1		50	50	9	10		
60	9	10	11		40	60	11	8		
70	11	2	9		30	70	13	6		
80	12	14	7		20	80	15	4		
90	14	6	5		10	90	17	2		
100	15	18	3			100	19			
200	31	16	6			200	38			
300	47	14	9			300	57			
400	63	13				400	76			
500	79	11	3			500	95			
1000	159	2	6			1000	190			

Fustians.

Napl. Fustians, Tripe
or velure plain, the
yard—10s.

Napl. Fustians wrought
voc. Sparta Velvet, the
half piece cont. 7 yards
and a half, —6l.

Yards	Subsidy.			parts.	Half Piece.	Subsidy.			pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			5	7	1		5	8	2
2			11	4	2		11	4	4
3		1	5	1	3		17	1	1
4		1	10	8	4	1	2	9	3
5		2	4	5	5	1	8	6	
6		2	10	2	6	1	14	2	2
7		3	3	9	7	1	19	10	4
8		3	9	6	8	2	5	7	1
9		4	3	3	9	2	11	3	3
10		4	9		10	2	17		
20		9	6		20	5	14		
30		14	3		30	8	11		
40		19			40	11	8		
50	1	3	9		50	14	5		
60	1	8	6		60	17	2		
70	1	13	3		70	19	19		
80	1	18			80	22	16		
90	2	2	9		90	25	13		
100	2	7	6		100	28	10		
200	4	15			200	57			
300	7	2	6		300	85	10		
400	9	10			400	114			
500	11	17	6		500	142	10		
1000	23	15			1000	285			
				H 5					

Fustians.

Wrought or Sparta
Velvet, the yard—16 s.

O brow or Augusta
Fustians, the piece cont.
two half ps.—4 l. 10 s.

Yards	Subsidy.			parts.	100	Piece.	Subsidy.			pa
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1			9	12		1		4	3	¹ / ₂ d
2		1	6	24		2		8	7	
3		2	3	36		3		12	10	¹ / ₂ d
4		3		48		4		17	2	
5		3	9	60		5	1	1	5	¹ / ₂ d
6		4	6	72		6	1	5	9	
7		5	3	84		7	1	10		¹ / ₂ d
8		6		96		8	1	14	4	
9		6	10	8		9	1	18	7	¹ / ₂ d
10		7	7	20		10	2	2	11	
20		15	2	40		20	4	5	10	
30	1	2	9	60		30	6	8	9	
40	1	10	4	80		40	8	11	8	
50	1	18				50	10	14	7	
60	2	5	7	20		60	12	17	6	
70	2	13	2	40		70	15		5	
80	3		9	60		80	17	3	4	
90	3	8	4	80		90	19	6	3	
100	3	16				100	21	9	2	
200	7	12				200	42	18	4	
300	11	8				300	64	7	6	
400	15	4				400	85	16	8	
500	19					500	107	5	10	
600	38					1000	214	11	8	

Fustians.

Thred.

Augusta Fustians with Bridges Thred the
Silk, the yard—8 s doz. pounds—45 s.

yards	Subsidy.			parts.	Doz. Poun	Subsidy.			Pa
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				25					20
1			4	14	1		2	1	13
2			9	3	2		4	3	6
3		1	1	17	3		6	4	19
4		1	6	6	4		8	6	12
5		1	10	20	5		10	8	5
6		2	3	9	6		12	9	18
7		2	7	23	7		14	11	11
8		3		12	8		17	1	4
9		3	5	1	9		19	2	17
10		3	9	15	10	1	1	4	10
20		7	7	5	20	2	2	9	
30		11	4	20	30	3	4	1	<i>d</i>
40		15	2	10	40	4	5	6	
50		19			50	5	6	10	<i>d</i>
60	1	2	9	15	60	6	8	3	
70	1	6	7	5	70	7	9	7	<i>d</i>
80	1	10	4	20	80	8	11		
90	1	14	2	10	90	9	12	4	<i>d</i>
100	1	18			100	10	13	9	
200	3	16			200	21	7	6	
300	5	14			300	32	1	3	
400	7	12			400	42	15		
500	9	10			500	53	8	9	
1000	19				1000	106	17	6	

Thred.

Crosbrow Thred the
hundred pound, cont.
fivescore, — 3l.6s.8d.

Lions or Paris Thred,
the Bale, cont. a hund.
Bolts, — 30 l.

Hund Poun.	Subsidy.			pa. o		Hund Bolts.	Subsidy.			part o
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1		3	2			1	1	8	6	
2		6	4			2	2	17		
3		9	6			3	4	5	6	
4		12	8			4	5	14		
5		15	10			5	7	2	6	
6		19				6	8	11		
7	1	2	2			7	9	19	6	
8	1	5	4			8	11	8		
9	1	8	6			9	12	16	6	
10	1	11	8			10	14	5		
20	3	3	4			20	28	10		
30	4	15				30	42	15		
40	6	6	8			40	57			
50	7	18	4			50	71	5		
60	9	10				60	85	10		
70	11	1	8			70	99	15		
80	12	13	4			80	114			
90	14	5				90	128	5		
100	15	16	8			100	142	10		
200	31	13	4			200	285			
300	47	10				300	427	10		
400	63	6	8			400	570			
500	79	3	4			500	712	10		
1000	158	6	8			1000	1425			

Thred,
hund.
30 l.

part

o

6

5

5

5

Thred.

Outnal Thred the do-
zen pound,
Packthred in Skeins
the 100 pound—3 l.

Piecing Thred the do-
zen pound,
Whited Brown the do-
zen,———4 l.

Doz.	Subsidy.			Parts	Doz.	Subsidy.			Pa
Poun.	l.	s.	d.	5	Poun.	l.	s.	d.	5
1		2	10	1	1		3	9	3
2		5	8	2	2		7	7	1
3		8	6	3	3		11	4	4
4		11	4	4	4		15	2	2
5		14	3		5		19		
6		17	1	1	6	1	2	9	3
7		19	11	2	7	1	6	7	1
8	1	2	9	3	8	1	10	4	4
9	1	5	7	4	9	1	14	2	2
10	1	8	6		10	1	18		
20	2	17			20	3	16		
30	4	5	6		30	5	14		
40	5	14			40	7	12		
50	7	2	6		50	9	10		
60	8	11			60	11	8		
70	9	19	6		70	13	6		
80	11	8			80	15	4		
90	12	16	6		90	17	2		
100	14	5			100	19			
200	28	10			200	38			
300	42	15			300	57			
400	57				400	76			
500	71	5			500	95			
1000	142	10			1000	190			

Thred.

Sifters Thred the | Bottom Thred the
 pound—15 s. | 100 pound—2 l. 10 s.

Poun.	subidy.			pa.	Hund Poun.	Subidy.			part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			8	11	1		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
2		1	5	2	2		4	9	
3		2	1	13	3		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
4		2	10	4	4		5	6	
5		3	6	15	5		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
6		4	3	6	6		14	3	
7		4	11	17	7		16	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
8		5	8	8	8		19		
9		6	4	19	9	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.
10		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10	1	3	9	
20		14	3		20	2	7	6	
30	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	30	3	11	3	
40	1	8	6		40	4	15		
50	1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	50	5	18	9	
60	2	2	9		60	7	2	6	
70	2	9	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	70	8	6	3	
80	2	17			80	9	10		
90	3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d.	90	10	13	9	
100	3	11	3		100	11	17	6	
200	7	2	6		200	23	15		
300	10	13	9		300	35	12	6	
400	14	5			400	47	10		
500	17	16	3		500	59	7	6	
1000	35	12	6		1000	118	15		

Thred.

Candle-wick the 100
weight containing 112
pound ——— 3l. 10s

Cordage or Ropes
tarr'd or untarr'd, the
100 weight cont. 112
pound, ——— 13s. 4d.

Hund	Subsidy.			Parts.	Hund	Subsidy.			Pa
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	10		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	5
1		3	3	9	1			7	3
2		6	7	8	2		1	3	1
3		9	11	7	3		1	10	4
4		13	3	6	4		2	6	2
5		16	7	5	5		3	2	
6		19	11	4	6		3	9	3
7	1	3	3	3	7		4	5	1
8	1	6	7	2	8		5		4
9	1	9	11	1	9		5	8	2
10	1	13	3		10		6	4	
20	3	6	6		20		12	8	
30	4	19	9		30		19		
40	6	13			40	1	5	4	
50	8	6	3		50	1	11	8	
60	9	19	6		60	1	18		
70	11	12	9		70	2	4	4	
80	13	6			80	2	10	8	
90	14	19	3		90	2	17		
100	16	12	6		100	3	3	4	
200	33	5			200	6	6	8	
300	49	17	6		300	9	10		
400	66	10			400	12	13	4	
500	83	2	6		500	15	16	8	
1000	166	5			1000	31	13	4	

Grocery Ware.

Almond the 112 pound
Corants the 112 pound
Dates the 112 pound,
l.

Anniseed: the 112
pound, ——— 3 l.

und	Subfid			Parts		und	Subfidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1		5	8	2		1		2	10	1
2		11	4	4		2		5	8	2
3		17	1	1		3		8	6	3
4	1	2	9	2		4		11	4	4
5	1	8	6			5		14	3	
6	1	14	2	3		6		17	1	1
7	1	19	10	4		7		19	11	2
8	2	5	7	1		8	1	2	9	2
9	2	11	3	3		9	1	5	7	4
10	2	17				10	1	8	6	
20	5	14				20	2	17		
30	8	11				30	4	5	6	
40	11	8				40	5	4		
50	14	5				50	7	2	6	
60	17	2				60	8	11		
70	19	19				70	9	19	6	
80	22	16				80	11	8		
90	25	13				90	12	16	6	
100	28	10				100	14	5		
200	57					200	28	10		
300	85	10				300	42	15		
400	114					400	57			
500	142	10				500	71	5		
550	156	15				550	78	7	6	
1000	285					1000	142	10		

Grocery ware.

Ginger of the East | Ginger of the West
 Indies the l. — 3 s. | Indies the l. — 1 s. 4 d.

Poun	Subsidy.			Parts. 100	Poun.	Subsidy.			Pa 25
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			1	71	1				19
2			3	42	2			1	13
3			5	13	3			2	7
4			6	84	4			3	1
5			8	55	5			3	20
6			10	26	6			4	14
7			11	97	7			5	8
8	1	1	1	68	8			6	2
9	1	3		39	9			6	21
10	1	5		10	10			7	15
20	2	10		20	20	1		3	5
30	4	3		30	30	1	10	20	
40	5	8		40	40	2		6	10
50	7	1		50	50	3		2	
60	8	6		60	60	3		9	15
70	9	11		70	70	4		5	5
80	11	4		80	80	5		20	
90	12	9		90	90	5		8	10
100	14	3			100	6		4	
200	1	8	6		200	12		8	
300	2	2	9		300	19			
400	2	17			400	1	5	4	
500	3	11	3		500	1	11	8	
550	3	18	4	50	550	1	14	10	
1000	7	2	6		1000	3	3	4	

Grocery ware.

Cloves the pound,
Pepper the l.—3 s. 4d.

Pepper imported directly from the place of its growth in English-built Shipping the pound, ——— 1 s. 8 d.

Poun.	Subldy.			Parrs.	Poun.	Subldy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			1	9	1				19
2			3	8	2			1	18
3			5	7	3			2	17
4			7	6	4			3	16
5			9	5	5			4	15
6			11	4	6			5	14
7		1	1	3	7			6	13
8		1	3	2	8			7	12
9		1	5	1	9			8	11
10		1	7		10			9	10 ^d
20		3	2		20		1	7	
30		4	9		30		2	4	1 ^d
40		6	4		40		3	2	
50		7	11		50		3	11	1 ^d
60		9	6		60		4	9	
70		11	1		70		5	6	1 ^d
80		12	8		80		6	4	
90		14	3		90		7	1	1 ^d
100		15	10		100		7	11	
200	1	11	8		200		15	10	
300	2	7	6		300	1	3	9	
400	3	3	4		400	1	11	8	
500	3	19	2		500	1	19	7	
550	4	7	1		550	2	3	6	1 ^d
1000	7	18	4		1000	3	19	2	

Grocery Ware.

Liquoras the 112 l.
 Great Raisons the 112 l.
 Brown Sugars of Engl.
 Plant. and Muscovades,
 the 112 l. — 30 s.

Maces the l. — 6 s 8 d.

Hund	Subsidy.			parts.	Poun.	Subsidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				10					5
1		1	5	1	1			3	4
2		2	10	2	2			7	3
3		4	3	3	3			11	2
4		5	8	4	4		1	3	1
5		7	1	5	5		1	7	
6		8	6	6	6		1	10	4
7		9	11	7	7		2	2	3
8		11	4	8	8		2	6	2
9		12	9	9	9		2	10	1
10		14	3		10		3	2	
20	1	8	6		20		6	4	
30	2	2	9		30		9	6	
40	2	17			40		12	8	
50	3	11	3		50		15	10	
60	4	5	6		60		19		
70	4	19	9		70	1	2	2	
80	5	14			80	1	5	4	
90	6	8	3		90	1	8	6	
100	7	2	6		100	1	11	8	
200	14	5			200	3	3	4	
300	21	7	6		300	4	15		
400	28	10			400	6	6	8	
500	35	12	6		500	7	18	4	
550	39	3	9		550	9	10		
1000	71	5			1000	15	16	8	

Grocery ware.

Nutmegs the l.—2s. 8d.

Cinamon the Pound,

2 s. 2d. $\frac{1}{3}$

Poun.	Subidy.			parts.	Poun.	Subidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	25		l.	s.	d.	15
1				13	1				4
2				1	2				8
3				14	3				12
4				2	4				1
5				15	5				5
6				3	6				9
7				16	7				13
8	1			4	8				2
9	1	1		17	9				6
10	1	3		5	10	1			10
20	2	6		10	20	2	1		5
30	3	9		15	30	3	2		
40	5			20	40	4	2		10
50	6	4			50	5	3		5
60	7	7		5	60	6	4		
70	8	10		10	70	7	4		10
80	10	1		15	80	8	5		5
90	11	4		20	90	9	6		
100	12	8			100	10	6		10
200	1	4	4		200	1	1	1	5
300	1	18			300	1	11	8	
400	2	10	8		400	2	2	2	10
500	3	3	4		500	2	12	9	5
550	3	9	8		550	2	18		10
1000	6	6	8		1000	5	5	6	10

Grocery Ware.

Raisins of the Sun
the 112 l. ———

Sugar of St. Thome, &
of Pannelles, the 112
pound, ——— 2 l.

Smirna Raisins both
black and red the 112
pound ——— 1 l.

Poun.	Subldy.			parts.	Poun.	Subldy.			a
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>5</i>
1		1	10	4	1		1	11	2
2		3	9	3	2		1	10	4
3		5	8	2	3		2	10	1
4		7	7	1	4		3	9	3
5		9	6		5		4	9	
6		11	4	4	6		5	8	2
7		13	3	3	7		6	7	4
8		15	2	2	8		7	7	1
9		17	1	1	9		8	6	3
10		19			10		9	6	
20	1	18			20		19		
30	2	17			30	1	8	6	
40	3	16			40	1	18		
50	4	15			50	2	7	6	
60	5	14			60	2	17		
70	6	13			70	3	6	6	
80	7	12			80	3	16		
90	8	11			90	4	5	6	
100	9	10			100	4	15		
200	19				200	9	10		
300	28	10			300	14	5		
400	38				400	19			
500	47	10			500	23	15		
550	52	5			550	26	2	6	
1000	95				1000	47	10		

Grocery ware.

Figs the 100 weight, | Prunes the 100 weight
cont. 112 l. 11. 13s. 4d. | cont. 112 l. ——— 15s

Hund	Subsidy.			parts.		Hund	Subsidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1		1	7			1			8	11
2		3	2			2		1	5	2
3		4	9			3		2	1	13
4		6	4			4		2	10	4
5		7	11			5		3	6	15
6		9	6			6		4	3	6
7		11	1			7		4	11	17
8		12	8			8		5	8	8
9		14	3			9		6	4	19
10		15	10			10		7	1	d
20	1	11	8			20		14	3	
30	2	7	6			30	1	1	4	d
40	3	3	4			40	1	8	6	
50	3	19	2			50	1	15	7	d
60	4	15				60	2	2	9	
70	5	10	10			70	2	9	10	d
80	6	6	8			80	2	17		
90	7	2	6			90	3	4	1	d
100	7	18	4			100	3	11	3	
200	15	16	8			200	7	2	6	
300	23	15				300	10	13	9	
400	31	13	4			400	14	5		
500	39	11	8			500	17	16	3	
550	43	10	10			550	19	11	10	d
1000	79	3	4			1000	35	12	6	

Grocery ware.

Sugar Candy brown the | Sugar Candy white the
 112 l. ——— 10 l. | 112 l. ——— 15 l.

Hund	Subsidy.			parts.	O	Hund	Subsidy.			part	O
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.		
1		9	6			1	14		3		
2		19				2	1	8	6		
3	1	8	6			3	2	2	9		
4	1	18				4	2	17			
5	2	7	6			5	3	11	3		
6	2	17				6	4	5	6		
7	3	6	6			7	4	19	9		
8	3	16				8	5	14			
9	4	5	6			9	6	8	3		
10	4	15				10	7	2	6		
20	9	10				20	14	5			
30	14	5				30	21	7	6		
40	19					40	28	10			
50	23	15				50	35	12	6		
60	28	10				60	42	15			
70	33	5				70	49	17	6		
80	38					80	57				
90	42	15				90	64	2	6		
100	47	10				100	71	5			
200	95					200	142	10			
300	142	10				300	213	15			
400	190					400	285				
500	237	10				500	356	5			
550	261	5				550	391	17	6		
1000	475					1000	712	10			

Grocery ware.

Muscovadoes the C. weight containing 112 pound, ———— 4 l. Double or single refined Sugar in Loaves, the 112 l. ———— 17 l.

Hund	Subsidy.			parts		Hund	Subsidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1		3	9	3		1		16	1	4
2		7	7	1		2	1	12	3	3
3		11	4	4		3	2	8	5	2
4		15	2	2		4	3	4	7	1
5		19				5	4		9	
6	1	2	9	3		6	4	16	10	4
7	1	6	7	1		7	5	13		3
8	1	10	4	4		8	6	9	2	2
9	1	14	2	2		9	7	5	4	1
10	1	18				10	8	1	6	
20	3	16				20	16	3		
30	5	14				30	24	4	6	
40	7	12				40	32	6		
50	9	10				50	40	7	6	
60	11	8				60	48	9		
70	13	6				70	56	10	6	
80	15	4				80	64	12		
90	17	2				90	72	13	6	
100	19					100	80	15		
200	38					200	161	15		
300	57					300	242	5		
400	76					400	323			
500	95					500	403	15		
550	104	10				550	444	2	6	
1000	190					1000	807	10		

Grocery Ware.

White Sugar the 112
pound — 7l. 6s. 8d.

White Sugars from the
English Plantations the
112 l — 5 l.

Hund	Subsidy.			Parts.	5	Hund	Subsidy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1		6	11	3		1		4	9	
2		13	11	1		2		9	6	
3	1		10	4		3		14	3	
4	1	7	10	2		4		19		
5	1	14	10			5	1	3	9	
6	2	1	9	3		6	1	8	6	
7	2	8	9	1		7	1	13	3	
8	2	15	8	4		8	1	18		
9	3	2	8	2		9	2	2	9	
10	3	9	8			10	2	7	6	
20	6	19	4			20	4	15		
30	10	9				30	7	2	6	
40	13	18	8			40	9	10		
50	17	8	4			50	11	17	6	
60	20	18				60	14	5		
70	24	7	8			70	16	2	6	
80	27	17	4			80	19			
90	31	7				90	21	7	6	
100	34	16	8			100	23	15		
200	69	13	4			200	47	10		
300	104	10				300	71	5		
400	139	6	8			400	95			
500	174	3	4			500	118	15		
550	191	11	8			550	130	12	6	
1000	358	6	8		I	1000	237	10		

Eugle.

Great, the pound—4 s. | Bugle Lace the l.—8 s.

Poun.	Subsid.			parts.	Poun.	Subsid.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.	25		l.	s.	d.	25
1				7	1				4 14
2				14	2				9 3
3				21	3		1		1 17
4				3	4		1		6 6
5				10	5		1	10	20
6		1	1	17	6		2	3	9
7		1	3	24	7		2	7	23
8		1	6	6	8		3		12
9		1	8	13	9		3	5	1
10		1	10	20	10		3	9	15
20		3	19	15	20		7	7	5
30		5	8	10	30		11		4 20
40		7	7	5	40		15		2 10
50		9	6		50		19		
60		11	4	20	60		1	2	9 15
70		13	3	15	70		1	6	7 5
80		15	2	10	80		1	10	4 20
90		17	1	5	90		1	14	2 10
100		19			100		1	18	
200	1	18			200		3	16	
300	2	17			300		5	14	
400	3	16			400		7	12	
500	4	15			500		9	10	
550	5	4	6		550		10	9	
1000	9	10			1000		19		

Amber.

The Pound—3 s. 8 d.

The Maft, containing
two pound and half.

Figuretto the ya. 3 s. 4 d.

Poun.	Subidy.			parts.	100	Malts	Sub. dy.			part	100
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>				<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		
1			2	9		1			4	75	
2			4	18		2			9	50	
3			6	27		3		1	2	25	
4			8	36		4		1	7		
5			10	45		5		1	11	75	
6		1		54		6		2	4	50	
7		1	2	63		7		2	9	25	
8		1	4	72		8		3	2		
9		1	6	81		9		3	6	75	
10		1	8	90		10		3	11	50	
20		3	5	80		20		7	11		
30		5	2	70		30		1	10	'd	
40		6	11	60		40		5	10		
50		8	8	50		50		1	9	'd	
60		10	5	40		60		1	3	9	
70		12	2	30		70		1	7	8	'd
80		13	11	20		80		1	11	8	
90		15	8	10		90		1	15	7	'd
100		17	5			100		1	19	7	
200	1	14	10			200		3	19	2	
300	2	12	3			300		5	18	9	
400	3	9	8			400		7	14	4	
500	4	7	1			500		9	17	11	
550	4	15	9	50		550	10	17	8	'd	
1000	8	14	2			1000	19	15	10		

I 2

Beads.

Amber-Beads the l.
Coral Beads the l.
Glass and Wood of all
sorts the great Gs. 10s.

Of Bone the great
Gross
Of Box the great
Gross 1 l. 10s.

Gross.	Subsidy.			parts.		Gross.	Subsidy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.	10			l.	s.	d.	10
1			5	7		1		1	5	1
2			11	4		2		2	10	2
3		1	5	1		3		4	3	3
4		1	10	8		4		5	8	4
5		2	4	5		5		7	1	5
6		2	10	2		6		8	6	6
7		3	3	9		7		9	11	7
8		3	9	6		8		11	4	8
9		4	3	3		9		12	9	9
10		4	9			10		14	3	
20		9	6			20	1	8	6	
30		14	3			30	2	2	9	
40		19				40	2	17		
50	1	3	9			50	3	11	3	
60	1	8	6			60	4	5	6	
70	1	13	3			70	4	19	9	
80	1	18				80	5	14		
90	2	2	9			90	6	8		
100	2	7	6			100	7	2	3	
200	4	15				200	14	5	6	
300	7	2	6			300	21	7		
400	9	10				400	28	10	6	
500	11	17	6			500	35	12		
550	13	1	3			550	39	3	6	
1000	23	15				1000	71	5	9	

Beads.

Of Jasper, square, the 100 stones—21. | Of Cristal, the Thou- sand—31.

Csto	Subndy.			parts.	Thou	Subndy.			pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		1	10	4			2	10	1
2		3		3			5	8	2
3		5	8	2			8	6	3
4		7	7	1			11	4	4
5		9	6				14	3	
6		11	4	4			17	1	1
7		13	3	3			19	11	2
8		15	2	2		1	2	9	3
9		17	1	1		1	5	7	4
10		19				1	8	6	
20	1	18				2	17		
30	2	17				4	5	6	
40	3	16				5	14		
50	4	15				7	2	6	
60	5	14				8	11		
70	6	13				9	19	6	
80	7	12				11	8		
90	8	11				12	16	6	
100	9	10				14	5		
200	19					28	10		
300	28	10				42	15		
400	38					57			
500	47	10				71	5		
550	52	5				78	7	6	
1000	95			I 3		142	10		

Anchovies the little | Bell-Metal the hundred
 Barrel, — 7s. 6d | weight containing 112
 pound, — 1. 13s. 4d.

Barr-	Subsidy.			Parts	Hund.	Subsidy.			part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			4	11	1		1	7	
2			8	22	2		3	2	
3		1		33	3		4	9	
4		1	5	4	4		6	4	
5		1	9	15	5		7	11	
6		2	1	26	6		9	6	
7		2	5	37	7		11	1	
8		2	10	8	8		12	8	
9		3	2	19	9		14	3	
10		3	6	30	10		15	10	
20		7	1	20	20	1	11	8	
30		10	8	10	30	2	7	6	
40		14	3		40	3	3	4	
50		17	9	30	50	3	19	2	
60	1	1	4	20	60	4	15		
70	1	4	11	10	70	5	10	10	
80	1	8	6		80	6	6	8	
90	1	12		30	90	7	2	6	
100	1	15	7	20	100	7	18	4	
200	3	11	3		200	15	16	8	
300	5	6	10	20	300	23	15		
400	7	2	6		400	31	13	4	
500	8	18	1	20	500	39	11	8	
550	9	15	11	10	550	43	10	10	
1000	17	16	3		1000	79	3	4	

Bacon.

Of Ireland, the Flitch,

5 s.

Of Westphalia and
Hamburg, or the like,
the C. weight, cont.
112 pound, 11. 6 s. 8 d.hundred
ing 112
13s. 4d.part
d. 0

Flitch	Subsidy			parts.	Hund.	subsidy.			pa
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	20		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s</i>
1			2	17	1		1	3	1
2			5	14	2		2	6	2
3			8	11	3		3	9	3
4			11	8	4		5		4
5		1	2	5	5		6	4	
6		1	5	2	6		7	7	1
7		1	17	19	7		8	10	2
8		1	10	16	8		10	1	3
9		2	1	13	9		11	4	4
10		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	10		12	8	
20		4	9		20	1	5	4	
30		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	30	1	18		
40		9	6		40	2	10	8	
50		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$	50	3	3	4	
60		14	3		60	3	16		
70		16	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$	70	4	8	8	
80		19			80	5	1	4	
90	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	90	5	14		
100	1	3	9		100	6	6	8	
200	2	7	6		200	12	13	4	
300	3	11	3		300	19			
400	4	15			400	25	6	8	
500	5	18	9		500	31	13	4	
550	6	10	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$	550	34	16	8	
1000	11	17	6		1000	63	6	8	

Wyer.

Camels Hair the pound, Steel Wyer the pound, Grograin Yarn the pound ————— 3 s	Dagger and quartern- Wyer the pound, Strasburg Wyer the pound ————— 3 l. 4 d.
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Poun.	Subndy.			Parts	Poun	Subndy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			1	71	1			1	9
2			3	42	2			3	8
3			5	13	3			5	7
4			6	84	4			7	6
5			8	55	5			9	5
6			10	26	6			11	4
7			11	97	7		1	1	3
8		1	1	68	8		1	3	2
9		1	3	39	9		1	5	1
10		1	5	10	10		1	7	
20		2	10	20	20		3	2	
30		4	3	30	30		4	9	
40		5	8	40	40		6	4	
50		7	1	50	50		7	11	
60		8	6	60	60		9	6	
70		9	11	70	70		11	1	
80		11	4	80	80		12	8	
90		12	9	90	90		14	3	
100		14	3		100		15	10	
200	1	8	6		200	1	11	8	
300	2	2	9		300	2	7	6	
400	2	17			400	3	3	4	
500	3	11	3		500	3	19	2	
550	3	18	4	50	550	4	7	1	
1000	7	2	6		1000	7	18	4	

Wyer.

Lattin Wyre the 100
weight containing 112
pound. — 6l. 13s. 4d.

Iron Wyer the hundred
weight containing 112
pound, — 7l. 10s.

Hund	Subsidy.			parts.	O	Hund	Subsidy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1		6	4			1		7	1	d
2		12	8			2		14	3	
3		19				3	1	1	4	d
4	1	5	4			4	1	8	6	
5	1	11	8			5	1	15	7	d
6	1	18				6	2	2	9	
7	2	4	4			7	2	9	10	d
8	2	10	8			8	2	17		
9	2	17				9	3	4	1	d
10	3	3	4			10	3	11	3	
20	6	6	8			20	7	2	6	
30	9	10				30	10	13	9	
40	12	13	4			40	14	5		
50	15	16	8			50	17	16	3	
60	19					60	21	7	6	
70	22	3	4			70	24	18	9	
80	25	6	8			80	28	10		
90	28	10				90	32	1	3	
100	31	1	4			100	35	12	6	
200	63	6	8			200	71	5		
300	95					300	106	17	6	
400	126	13	4			400	142	9		
500	158	6	8			500	178	1	6	
550	174	3	4			550	195	17	9	
1000	316	13	4	15		1000	356	3		

Wrest for Virginals the
Gross, containing 12
doz. ————— 24s.

Spruce or Muscovia
yarn the 100 weight,
cont. 112 l.—21.13s.4d.

Gross.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Hund	Subsidy.			pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		1	1	17	1		2	6	2
2		2	3	9	2		5		4
3		3	5	1	3		7	7	1
4		4	6	18	4		10	1	3
5		5	8	10	5		12	8	
6		6	10	2	6		15	2	2
7		7	11	19	7		17	8	4
8		9	1	11	8	1		3	1
9		10	3	3	9	1	2	9	3
10		11	4	20	10	1	5	4	
20	1	2	9	15	20	2	10	8	
30	1	4	2	10	30	3	16		
40	2	5	7	5	40	5	1	4	
50	2	7			50	6	6	8	
60	3	8	4	20	60	7	12		
70	3	19	9	15	70	8	17	4	
80	4	11	2	10	80	10	2	8	
90	5	2	7	5	90	11	8		
100	5	4			100	12	13	4	
200	11	8			200	25	6	8	
300	17	2			300	38			
400	22	6			400	50	13	4	
500	28	10			500	63	6	8	
550	3	7			550	69	13	4	
1000	57				1000	126	13	4	

Hair.

Hemp.

Goats Hair, the pound,

Short drest the hundr.

1 s. 2 d.

weight, cont. 112

pound, 8 l.

Poun.	Subdy. parts.			C. l	Subdy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
			200					5
1			133	1		7	7	1
2		1	66	2		15	2	2
3		1	199	3	1	2	9	3
4		2	132	4	1	10	4	4
5		3	65	5	1	18		
6		3	198	6	2	5	7	1
7		4	131	7	2	13	2	2
8		5	64	8	3		9	3
9		5	197	9	3	8	4	
10		6	130	10	3	16		
20	1	1	60	20	7	2		
30	1	7	190	30	11	8		
40	2	2	120	40	15	4		
50	2	9	50	50	19			
60	3	3	180	60	22	16		
70	3	10	110	70	26	12		
80	4	5	40	80	30	8		
90	4	11	170	90	34	4		
100	5	6	100	100	38			
200	11	1		200	76			
300	16	7	100	300	114			
400	1	2	2	400	152			
500	1	7	8	500	190			
550	1	0	5	550	209			
1000	2	15	5	1000	380			

Messalanies.

Neckerchers.

The single Piece cont.
14 yards of Silesia ma.
king, ————— 36 s.

Of Flanders making the
dozen ————— 61.

piece.	Subsidy.			parts	Doz.	Subsidy			Pa
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		1	8	13	1		5	8	2
2		3	5	1	2		11	4	4
3		5	1	14	3		17	1	1
4		6	10	2	4	1	2	9	3
5		8	6	15	5	1	8	6	
6		10	3	3	6	1	14	2	2
7		11	11	16	7	1	19	10	4
8		13	8	4	8	2	5	7	1
9		15	4	17	9	2	11	3	3
10		17	1	5	10	2	17		
20	1	14	2	10	20	5	14		
30	2	11	3	15	30	8	11		
40	3	8	4	20	40	11	8		
50	4	5	6		50	14	5		
60	5	2	7	5	60	17	2		
70	5	19	8	10	70	19	19		
80	6	16	9	15	80	22	16		
90	7	13	10	20	90	25	13		
100	8	11			100	28	10		
200	17	2			200	57			
300	25	13			300	85	10		
400	34	4			400	114			
500	42	15			500	142	10		
550	47		6		550	156	15		
1000	85	10			1000	285			

Quilts.

Of French making the
dozen—96 s.Of Sattin or other Silk,
the Piece,—61.13 s 4d.

Doz	Subsidy.			parts.	Piece	Subsidy.			Pa
	l.	s.	d.	25		l.	s.	d.	0
1		4	6	18	1		6	4	
2		9	1	11	2		12	8	
3		13	8	4	3		19		
4		18	2	22	4	1	5	4	
5	1	2	9	15	5	1	11	8	
6	1	7	4	8	6	1	18		
7	1	11	11	1	7	2	4	4	
8	1	16	5	19	8	2	10	8	
9	2	1		12	9	2	17		
10	2	5	7	5	10	3	3	4	
20	4	11	2	10	20	6	6	8	
30	6	16	9	15	30	9	10		
40	9	2	4	20	40	12	13	4	
50	11	8			50	15	16	8	
60	13	13	7	5	60	19			
70	15	19	2	10	70	22	3	4	
80	18	4	9	15	80	25	6	8	
90	20	10	4	20	90	28	10		
100	22	16			100	31	13	4	
200	45	12			200	63	6	8	
300	68	8			300	95			
400	91	4			400	126	13	4	
500	114				500	158	6	8	
550	125	8			550	174	3	4	
1000	228				1000	316	13	4	

Flax.

Drest or wrought, the Honey the Ton.—12 l.
Hund. cont. 112 l.—15 l.

C	Subldy. Parts.			Tons.	Subldy.			par
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.	
1		14	3		1	11	4	4
2	1	8	6		2	1	2	9
3	2	2	9		3	1	14	2
4	2	17			4	2	5	7
5	3	11	3		5	2	17	
6	4	5	6		6	3	8	4
7	4	19	9		7	3	19	9
8	5	14			8	4	11	2
9	6	8	3		9	5	2	7
10	7	2	6		10	5	14	
20	14	5			20	11	8	
30	21	7	6		30	17	2	
40	28	10			40	22	16	
50	35	12	6		50	28	10	
60	42	15			60	34	4	
70	49	17	6		70	39	18	
80	57				80	45	12	
90	64	2	6		90	51	6	
100	71	5			100	57		
200	142	10			200	114		
300	213	15			300	171		
400	285				400	228		
500	356	5			500	285		
550	391	17	6		550	313	10	
1000	712	10			1000	570		

Anile of Barbary the l. | Argale white or red, or
 Sackcloth with Silk, the | Powder, the 112 pound
 yard, ——— 1 s. 6 d. | ——— 11 3 s. 4 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			Parts	C. l.	Subsidy.			Pa
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				200					10
1				171	1			1	3
2			1	142	2	2	2	2	6
3			2	113	3	3	3	3	9
4			3	84	4	4	5	5	2
5			4	55	5	5	6	6	5
6			5	26	6	6	7	7	8
7			5	197	7	7	9	9	1
8			6	168	8	8	10	10	4
9			7	139	9	9	11	11	7
10			8	110	10	11	1	1	
20		1	5	20	20	1	2	2	
30		2	1	130	30	1	3	3	
40		2	10	40	40	2	4	4	
50		3	6	150	50	2	15	5	
60		4	3	60	60	3	6	6	
70		4	11	170	70	3	17	7	
80		5	8	80	80	4	8	8	
90		6	4	190	90	4	9	9	
100		7	1	100	100	5	10	10	
200		14	3		200	11	1	8	
300	1	1	4	d.	300	16	12	6	
400	1	8	6		400	22	3	4	
500	1	15	7	a.	500	27	14	2	
550	1	19	2	d.	550	30	9	7	
1000	3	1	3		1000	55	8	4	

Stones.

Dog-stones the Laft, containing 3 pair to the Laft, ———— 39 l.

Quern-stones small, the Laft, ———— 2 l. 5 s.

Lafts.	subldy.			pa.		Lafts.	Subldy.			part
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	
1	1	17		3		1	2	1		13
2	3	14	1	1		2	4	3		6
3	5	11	1	4		3	6	4		19
4	7	8	2	2		4	8	6		12
5	9	5	3			5	10	8		5
6	11	2	3	3		6	12	9		18
7	12	19	4	1		7	14	11		11
8	14	16	4	4		8	17	1		4
9	16	13	5	2		9	19	2		17
10	18	10	6			10	1	1		4
20	37	1				20	2	2		9
30	55	11	6			30	3	4		10
40	74	2				40	4	5		6
50	92	12	6			50	5	6		10
60	111	3				60	6	8		3
70	129	13	6			70	7	9		7
80	148	4				80	8	11		
90	166	14	8			90	9	12		4
100	185	5				100	10	13		9
200	370	10				200	21	7		6
300	555	15				300	32	1		3
400	741					400	42	15		
500	926	5				500	53	8		9
550	1018	17	6			550	68	15		7
1000	1852	10				1000	106	17		6

Quern-stones large, the | Lattin shaven, the 112
 Laft, ——— 4 l. 10 s. | pound, ——— 3 l. 6 s. 8 d

Lafts.	Subsidy.			parts.	C l.	Sub fidy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		4	3	3	1		3	2	
2		8	6	6	2		6	4	
3		12	9	9	3		9	6	
4		17	1	2	4		12	8	
5	1	1	4	5	5		15	10	
6	1	5	7	8	6		19		
7	1	9	11	1	7	1	2	2	
8	1	14	2	4	8	1	5	4	
9	1	18	5	7	9	1	8	6	
10	2	2	9		10	1	11	8	
20	4	5	6		20	3	3		
30	6	8	3		30	4	15	4	
40	8	11			40	6	6	8	
50	10	13	9		50	7	18	4	
60	12	16	6		60	9	10		
70	14	19	3		70	11	1	8	
80	17	2			80	12	13	4	
90	19	4	9		90	14	5		
100	21	7	6		100	15	16	8	
200	42	15			200	31	13	4	
300	64	2	6		300	47	10		
400	85	10			400	63	6	8	
500	106	17	6		500	79	3	4	
550	117	11	3		550	87	1	8	
1000	213	15			1000	158	6	8	

Fleams to let Blood, the
piece,
Match for Guns, the l.
Neats Tongues of Rus-
sia, the piece—2 d.

Flannel, the yard.
Wadmol, the yard, ex-
ported, 4 d. halfpeny.

piece.	Subldy.			part.	Yards	Subldy.			part.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	200		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	800
1				19	1				191
2				38	2				342
3				57	3				513
4				76	4				689
5				95	5			1	55
6				114	6				1226
7				133	7				1397
8				152	8				1568
9				171	9				1739
10				190	10				2110
20			1	180	20				4220
30			2	170	30				6330
40			3	160	40				8440
50			4	150	50				10550
60			5	140	60		1		660
70			6	130	70		1		2770
80			7	120	80		1	5	80
90			8	110	90		1	7	190
100			9	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	100		1		9300
200		1	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	200		3		6600
300		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	300		5		4100
400		3	2	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	400		7		1400
500		3	11	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	500		8		10700
550		4	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	550		9		9450
1000		7	11		1000		17		9600

Frieze of Ireland the
Yard.Wadmoll the Yard im-
ported, — 9 d.Limon Water the Gal-
lon, — 11 d.

Yard	Subdiv			parts.	Gall.	Subl. dy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				50					40
1				19	1				19
2				38	2				38
3				7	3			1	17
4			1	26	4			1	36
5			1	45	5			2	15
6			2	14	6			2	34
7			2	33	7			3	13
8			3	2	8			3	32
9			3	21	9			4	11
10			3	40	10			4	30
20			7	30	20			9	20
30			11	20	30			1	2
40			1	3	40			1	7
50			1	7	50			1	11
60			1	10	60			2	4
70			2	2	70			2	9
80			2	6	80			3	2
90			3	10	90			3	6
100			3	2	100			3	11
200			6	4	200			7	11
300			9	6	300			1	10
400			12	8	400			15	10
500			15	10	500			19	9
550			17	5	550			1	1
1000			1	11	1000			1	19
				8					7

Long Kerfie Stockings
the pair. Perpetua-
na's and Serges, in re-
gard of their coursfnes,
the l. exported,—15 d.

Planks of Ireland the
Foot,—1 d. $\frac{1}{2}$ d

Poun.	Subldy.			Parts.	Feet.	Subldy			Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	200		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	800
1				133	1				57
2			1	66	2				114
3			1	199	3				171
4			2	132	4				228
5			3	65	5				285
6			3	198	6				342
7			4	131	7				399
8			5	64	8				456
9			5	197	9				513
10			6	130	10				570
20		1	1	60	20				1340
30		1	7	190	30				2110
40		2	2	120	40				2680
50		2	9	50	50				3450
60		3	3	180	60				4220
70		3	10	110	70				4790
80		4	5	40	80				5560
90		4	11	170	90				6330
100		5	6	100	100				7100
200		11	1		200		1		2200
300		16	7	100	300		1		9300
400	1	2	2		400		2		4400
500	1	7	8	100	500		2	11	500
					550		3	3	150
					1000		5	11	200

Cases for Looking Glasses ungilt, Num. 5, & 6 the dozen. Pikes without Heads the piece. Tusses of Cloves the pound, — 3s 6d.

Turkey Grograins the yard Imported. Short Kerfie Stockings the dozen pair exported, — 3s. 9d.

Doz. Piece.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Doz. Yard	Subsidy.			Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	200		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	100
57									
114	1			199	1			2	9
171	2			198	2			4	18
228	3			197	3			6	27
285	4			196	4			8	36
342	5			195	5			10	45
399	6			194	6			1	54
456	7	1	1	193	7		1	2	63
513	8	1	3	192	8		1	4	72
570	9	1	5	191	9		1	6	81
627	10	1	7	190	10		1	8	90
684	20	3	3	180	20		3	5	80
741	30	4	11	170	30		5	2	70
798	40	6	7	160	40		6	11	60
855	50	8	3	150	50		8	8	50
912	60	9	11	140	60		10	5	40
969	70	11	7	130	70		12	2	30
1026	80	13	3	120	80		13	11	20
1083	90	14	11	110	90		15	8	10
1140	100	16	7	100	100		17	5	
1197	200	1	13	3	200	1	14	10	
1254	300	2	9	10	300	2	12	3	
1311	400	3	6	6	400	3	9	8	
1368	500	4	3	1	500	4	7	1	
1425	550	4	11	5	550	4	15	9	50
1482	1000	8	6	3	1000	8	14	2	

Glass Bottles uncoloured, the dozen.

Round or French Boxes for Marmelade or Gelly the dozen. — 4s. 6d.

Buckles for Girths the Gr. cont. 12 doz.

Compasses for Ships, the doz. — 7s. 6d.

Doz.	Subsidy.		parts.	200	Doz.	Subsidy.		pa.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
1			2	113	1			4 11
2			5	26	2			8 22
3			7	139	3		1	33
4			10	52	4		1	5 4
5		1		165	5		1	9 15
6		1	3	78	6		2	1 26
7		1	5	191	7		2	5 37
8		1	8	104	8		2	10 8
9		1	11	17	9		3	2 19
10		2	1	130	10		3	6 30
20		4	3	60	20		7	1 20
30		6	4	190	30		10	8 10
40		8	6	120	40		14	3
50		10	8	50	50		17	9 30
60		12	9	180	60	1	1	4 20
70		14	11	110	70	1	4	11 10
80		17	1	40	80	1	8	6
90		19	2	110	90	1	12	30
100	1	1	4	100	100	1	15	7 20
200	2	2	9		200	3	11	3
300	3	4	1	100	300	5	6	10 1 4
400	4	5	6		400	7	2	6
500	5	6	10	100	500	8	18	1 d
550	5	17	6	150	550	9	15	11 d
1000	10	13	9		1000	17	16	3

Babies or Puppets for Venice Drinking Glasses, the Gross, the doz — 18 s.
cont. 12 doz. — 17s. 10d.

Gross.	Subind.		Parts.	Doz.	Subind.		Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
			200				50
1			33	1			10
2		1	8	2		1	8
3		2	6	3		2	6
4		3	4	4		3	5
5		4	2	5		4	3
6		5		6		5	1
7		5	11	7		5	11
8		6	9	8		6	10
9		7	7	9		7	8
10		8	5	10		8	6
20		16	11	20		17	1
30	1	5	4	30	1	5	7
40	1	13	10	40	1	14	2
50	2	2	4	50	2	2	9
60	2	10	9	60	2	11	3
70	2	19	3	70	2	19	10
80	3	7	9	80	3	8	4
90	3	16	2	90	3	16	11
100	4	4	8	100	4	5	6
200	8	9	5	200	8	11	
300	12	14	1	300	12	16	6
400	16	18	10	400	17	2	
500	21	3	6	500	21	7	6
550	23	5	10	550	23	10	3
1000	42	7	1	1000	42	15	

Pepper-Boxes the
Gross, containing 12
dozen, — 1 l. 2 s. 6 d. : Gambray wood export-
ed, the hundred weight
cont. 112 l. — 11. 4s. 6d.

Doz.	Subsidy.			parts.	C. l.	Subsidy.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				40					200
1		1		33	1		1	1	193
2		2	1	26	2		2	3	186
3		3	2	19	3		3	5	179
4		4	3	12	4		4	7	172
5		5	4	5	5		5	9	165
6		6	4	38	6		6	11	158
7		7	5	31	7		8	1	151
8		8	6	24	8		9	3	144
9		9	7	17	9		10	5	137
10		10	8	$\frac{1}{4}d$	10		11	7	130
20	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	20	1	3	3	60
30	1	12		$\frac{3}{4}d$	30	1	14	10	190
40	2	2	9		40	2	6	6	120
50	2	13	5	$\frac{1}{4}d$	50	2	18	2	50
60	3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	60	3	9	9	180
70	3	14	9	$\frac{3}{4}d$	70	4	1	5	110
80	4	5	6		80	4	13	1	40
90	4	16	2	$\frac{1}{4}d$	90	5	4	8	170
100	5	6	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$	100	5	16	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$
200	10	13	9	$\frac{1}{2}d$	200	11	12	9	$\frac{1}{2}d$
300	16		7		300	17	9	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$
400	21	7	6		400	23	5	6	
500	26	14	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	500	29	1	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$
550	29	7	9	$\frac{3}{4}d$	550	32			$\frac{3}{4}d$
1000	53	8	9		1000	58	3	9	

Furs, Hides. Leather, Skins.

Weazle Skins the dozen
4 d.Mole skins the dozen.
Dog-fish skins for Flet-
chers, the dozen.
Gold-skins, the skin.
Hufs-skins for Fletchers,
the skin—6 d.

Doz.	Subsidy.			parts.	Skins.	Subsidy.			Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
1				19	1				57
2				38	2				114
3				57	3				171
4				76	4			1	28
5				95	5			1	85
6			1	14	6			1	142
7			1	33	7			1	199
8			1	52	8			2	56
9			1	71	9			2	113
10			1	90	10			2	170
20			3	80	20			5	140
30			5	70	30			8	110
40			7	60	40			11	80
50			9	50	50		1	2	50
60			11	40	60		1	5	20
70		1	1	30	70		1	7	190
80		1	3	20	80		1	10	160
90		1	5	10	90		2	1	130
100		1	7		100		2	4	100
200		3	2		200		4	9	
300		4	9		300		7	1	'd
400		6	4		400		9	6	
500		7	11		500		11	10	'd
				K					

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Sheep-skins in the Wool, the Skin.—3 d. Calves-skins in the Hair, the piece.—10 d.

Skins	Subsidy.			parts.	400	Skins.	Subsidy.			part.	40.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>				<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		
1				57		1				19	
2				114		2				38	
3				171		3			1	17	
4				228		4			1	36	
5				285		5			2	15	
6				342		6			2	34	
7				399		7			3	13	
8			1	56		8			3	32	
9			1	113		9			4	11	
10			1	170		10			4	30	
20			2	340		20			9	20	
30			4	110		30		1	2	10	
40			5	280		40		1	7		
50			7	50		50		1	11	30	
60			8	220		60		2	4	20	
70			9	390		70		2	9	10	
80			11	160		80		3	2		
90		1		330		90		3	6	30	
100		1	2	100		100		3	11	20	
200		2	4	200		200		7	11		
300		3	6	300		300		11	10	20	
400		4	9			400		15	10		
500		5	11	100		500		19	9	10	

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Foyns raw the p.—1 s. | Foxes Skins ordinary,
the Skin. — 1 s. 4 d.

Piece	Subldy.			Part.	Skins.	Subldy.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	100		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	25
1				57	1				19
2			1	14	2			1	13
3			1	71	3			2	7
4			2	28	4			3	1
5			2	85	5			3	20
6			3	42	6			4	14
7			3	99	7			5	8
8			4	56	8			6	2
9			5	13	9			6	21
10			5	70	10			7	15
20			11	40	20		1	3	5
30		1	5	10	30		1	10	20
40		1	10	80	40		2	6	10
50		2	4	50	50		3	2	
60		2	10	20	60		3	9	15
70		3	3	90	70		4	5	5
80		3	9	60	80		5		20
90		4	3	30	90		5	8	10
100		4	9		100		6	4	
200		9	6		200		12	8	
300		14	3		300		19		
400		19			400		1	5	4
500	1	3	9		500	1	11	8	
				K 2					

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Bever Wombs the piece.

Seal-Skins, the Skin,

1 s. 8 d.

Badger-Skins the piece.

2 s.

Skins.	Subsidy.			Parts.	20	Skins.	Subsidy.			Parts.	50
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>				<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		
1					19	1				1	7
2				1	18	2				2	14
3				2	17	3				3	21
4				3	16	4				4	28
5				4	15	5				5	35
6				5	14	6				6	42
7				6	13	7				7	49
8				7	12	8				8	56
9				8	11	9				9	63
10				9	$\frac{1}{2}d$	10				10	70
20		1	7			20		1	10		140
30		2	4		$\frac{1}{2}d$	30		2	10		210
40		3	2		$\frac{1}{2}d$	40		3	9		280
50		3	11		$\frac{1}{2}d$	50		4	9		350
60		4	9		$\frac{1}{2}d$	60		5	8		420
70		5	6		$\frac{1}{2}d$	70		6	7		490
80		6	4		$\frac{1}{2}d$	80		7	7		560
90		7	1		$\frac{1}{2}d$	90		8	6		630
100		7	11			100		9	6		700
200		15	10			200		19			1400
300	1	3	9			300	1	8	6		2100
400	1	11	8			400	1	18			2800
500	1	19	7			500	2	7	6		3500

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

e piece.
— 2 s.

Cow-Hides of Barbary
and Muscovy, the Hide.
Cow or Horse Hides in
the Hair, the Piece.
Buck-Skins in the hair,
the Skin, — 2 s. 6d.

Gray Genners Raw, the
Piece. — 3 s.

d.	Par.	Skins.	Subsidy.			parts.	Piece	Subsidy.			part
			l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
	50					40					100
1	7	1			1	17	1			1	71
2	14	2			2	34	2			3	42
3	21	3			4	11	3			5	13
4	28	4			5	28	4			6	84
5	35	5			7	5	5			8	55
6	42	6			8	22	6			10	26
7	49	7			9	39	7			11	97
8	56	8			11	16	8	1		1	68
9	63	9	1			33	9	1		3	39
10	70	10	1	2		10	10	1		5	10
20	140	20	2	4		20	20	2	10		20
30	210	30	3	6		30	30	4	3		30
40	280	40	4	9			40	5	8		40
50	350	50	5	11		10	50	7	1		50
60	420	60	7	1		20	60	8	6		60
70	490	70	8	3		30	70	9	11		70
80	560	80	9	6			80	11	4		80
90	630	90	10	8		10	90	12	9		90
100	700	100	11	10		20	100	14	3		
200	1400	200	1	3		9	200	1	8		6
300	2100	300	1	15		7	300	2	2		9
400	2800	400	2	7		6	400	2	17		
500	3500	500	2	19		4	500	3	11	3	K 3

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Foyns with Tails, the
Piece. — 3 s. 4 d.

Foyns without Tails
the Piece.

Gray Genners seasoned
the Skin. — 4 s.

piece.	Subsidy.			parts.	Skin.	Subsidy.			part.
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			1	9	1			2	7
2			3	8	2			4	14
3			5	7	3			6	21
4			7	6	4			9	3
5			9	5	5			11	10
6			11	4	6		1	1	17
7		1	1	3	7		1	3	24
8		1	3	2	8		1	6	6
9		1	5	1	9		1	8	13
10		1	7		10		1	10	20
20		3	2		20		3	9	15
30		4	9		30		5	8	10
40		6	4		40		7	7	5
50		7	11		50		9	6	
60		9	6		60		11	4	20
70		11	1		70		13	3	15
80		12	8		80		15	2	10
90		14	3		90		17	1	5
100		15	10		100		19		
200	1	11	8		200	1	18		
300	2	7	6		300	2	17		
400	3	3	4		400	3	16		
500	3	19	2		500	4	15		

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

India Hides, the Hide,

4 s. 2 d.

Otter Skins, the piece

Loth Hides, the piece

Buck-Skins drest, the

Skin. — 5 s.

Tails

foned

4 s.

part

25

7

14

21

3

10

17

24

6

13

20

15

10

5

20

15

10

5

Hides	Subdiv.			parts.	Hides	Subdiv.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	8		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	20
1			2	3	1			2	17
2			4	6	2			5	14
3			7	1	3			8	11
4			9	4	4			11	8
5			11	7	5	1		2	5
6		1	2	2	6	1		5	2
7		1	4	5	7	1		7	19
8		1	7		8	1	10		16
9		1	9	3	9	2	1		13
10		1	11	6	10	2	4		$\frac{1}{2}d$
20		3	11	4	20	4	9		$\frac{1}{2}d$
30		5	11	2	30	7	1		$\frac{1}{2}d$
40		7	11		40	9	6		$\frac{1}{2}d$
50		9	10	6	50	11	10		$\frac{1}{2}d$
60		11	10	4	60	14	3		$\frac{1}{2}d$
70		13	10	2	70	16	7		$\frac{1}{2}d$
80		15	10		80	19			$\frac{1}{2}d$
90		17	9	6	90	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$
100		19	9	4	100	1	3	9	
200	1	19	7		200	2	7	6	
300	2	19	4	4	300	3	11	3	
400	3	19	2		400	4	15		
500	4	18	11	4	500	5	18	9	

K 4

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Letwis untawed, the Timber, containing 40 Skins. — 6 s. Cats Furs, the Mantle, Ditto, Wombs, the Pane or Mantle, — 6 s 3 d.

Skins	Subsidy.			Parts.	Pane.	Subsidy.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				50					16
1			3	21	1			3	9
2			6	42	2			7	2
3			10	13	3			10	11
4		1	1	34	4		1	2	4
5		1	5	5	5		1	5	13
6		1	8	26	6		1	9	6
7		1	11	47	7		2		15
8		2	3	18	8		2	4	8
9		2	6	39	9		2	8	1
10		2	10	10	10		2	11	10
20		5	8	20	20		5	11	4
30		8	6	30	30		8	10	14
40		11	4	40	40		11	10	8
50		14	3		50		14	10	2
60		17	1	10	60		17	9	12
70		19	11	20	70	1		9	6
80	1	2	9	30	80	1	3	9	
90	1	5	7	40	90	1	6	8	10
100	1	8	6		100	1	9	8	4
200	2	17			200	2	19	4	8
300	4	5	6		300	4	9		12
400	5	14			400	5	18	9	
500	7	2	6		500	7	8	5	4

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Bever-Skins the whole Piece.

Ditto, Rumney the C. Legs, cont. 100.

Calaber untawed, the Timber, cont. 40 skins.

Leather for Masks the Pound.

Calf-Skins of Ireland raw, the dozen.

Goat-Skins of Scotland, and Ireland in the hair, the dozen, — 6 s. 8 d.

Calaber tawed, the Timber, containing 40 Skins. — — — 8 s.

part

16

9

2

11

4

13

6

15

8

1

10

4

14

8

2

12

6

10

4

8

12

4

Doz.	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
				5
1		1	3	1
2		2	6	2
3		3	9	3
4		5		4
5		6	4	
10		12	8	
20	1	5	4	
30	1	18		
40	2	10	8	
50	3	3	4	
100	6	6	8	

K 5

Timb	Subsidy.			part
	l.	s.	d.	
1			4	14
2			9	3
3		1	1	17
4		1	6	6
5		1	10	20
6		2	3	9
7		2	7	23
8		3		12
9		3	5	1
10		3	9	15
20		7	7	5
30		11	4	20
40		15	2	10
50		19		
60	1	2	9	15
70	1	6	7	5
80	1	10	4	20
90	1	14	2	10
100	1	18		
200	3	16		
300	5	14		
400	7	12		
500	9	10		

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Navern Budge, the C. Legs, cont. 100.

Graves untawed, the Timber, cont. 40 Skins.

Letwistawed, the Timber, cont. 40 Skins.
8 s. 4 d

	Skins	Subsidy.			Part
		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
These Goods Inwards	1			4	3
pay Subsidy the same	2			9	2
with those above, viz.	3		1	2	1
	4		1	7	
Amber the Mast, con.	5		1	11	3
2 pound and half.	6		2	4	2
Red Herrings the	7		2	9	1
Cade cont. 500.	8		3	2	
	9		3	6	3
	10		3	11	2
	20		7	11	
These pay Outwards	30		11	10	2
the same as those above.	40		15	10	
viz.	50		19	9	2
Caps Button'd, En-	60	1	3	9	
glish making, the do-	70	1	7	8	2
zen.	80	1	11	8	
Garterings of Cruel	90	1	15	7	2
the Gros, cont. 12	100	1	19	7	
doz.	200	3	19	2	
	300	5	18	9	
	400	7	18	4	
	500	9	17	11	

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Foxes Wombs, Pouls or Pieces, the Pane

Matrons Pouls, the Pane or Mantle.

Buff-Hides, the Hide.

Cow or Horse Hides tann'd, the Piece.

Calf-Skins of Ireland tanned, the dozen. — 10s.

	Skins	Subsidy.			part
		l.	s.	d.	
These Goods Inwards					
pay Subsidy the same as	1			5	7
those above, viz.	2			11	4
Amber-Beads the l.	3		1	5	1
Andirons of Iron, the	4		1	10	8
pair.	5		2	4	5
Bandstrings the doz.	6		2	10	2
knots.	7		3	3	9
Horse-Bells, the small	8		3	9	6
Gross, cont. 12 dozen.	9		4	3	3
Botanoes, the piece.	10		4	9	
Bottles of wood, voc.	20		9	6	
Sucking-Bottles, the	30		14	3	
Gross, cont. 12 doz.	40		19		
Bows, vocat. Stone-	50	1	3	9	
Bows of Steel, the piece.	60	1	8	6	
Bristles drest, the	70	1	13	3	
doz. pound.	80	1	18		
Buckrams of Germa-	90	2	2	9	
ny, or fine, the Piece.	100	2	7	6	
Bullions for purses,	200	4	15		
the Gross, cont. 12 doz.	300	7	2	6	
Butter of Ire and, the	400	9	10		
C weight cont. 112 l.	500	11	17	6	

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Mattrons Gills, the
Timber, containing 40
Skins. ————— 12 s.

Dockerers, Fitches, the
Timber, cont. 40 skins.
Foins Backs the dozen,
Miniver the Mantle,
————— 13 s. 4 d.

Timb	Subsidy. Parts.				Doz.	Subsidy. part			
	l.	s.	d.	25		l.	s.	d.	5
1			6	21	1			7	3
2		1	1	17	2		1	3	1
3		1	8	13	3		1	10	4
4		2	3	9	4		2	6	2
5		2	10	5	5		3	2	
6		3	5	1	6		3	9	3
7		3	11	22	7		4	5	1
8		4	6	18	8		5		4
9		5	1	14	9		5	8	2
10		5	8	10	10		6	4	
20		11	4	20	20		12	8	
30		17	1	5	30		19		
40	1	2	9	15	40	1	5	4	
50	1	8	6		50	1	11	8	
60	1	14	2	10	60	1	18		
70	1	19	10	20	70	2	4	4	
80	2	5	7	5	80	2	10	8	
90	2	11	3	15	90	2	17		
100	2	17			100	3	3	4	
200	5	14			200	6	6	8	
300	8	11			300	9	10		
400	11	8			400	12	13	4	
500	14	5			500	15	16	8	

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Stage the pane.

Fitches, the Pane or Mantle.

Foynes Tails, the Pane or Mantle.

Graves tawed, the Timber, cont. 40 Skins.

Genners black, raw, the Skin

Wolverings the Piece, 12 s. 6 d.

	Skins	Subsidy.			Part
		l.	s.	d.	
These Goods Inwards					8
pay Subsidy the same	1			7	1
with those above, viz.	2		1	2	2
Harness, vocat. Cu-	3		1	9	3
rats, the Piece	4		2	4	4
Elks Hair for Saddles,	5		2	11	5
the 112 pound.	6		3	6	6
Planks of Ireland, the	7		4	1	7
100 foot, cont. five-	8		4	9	
score.	9		5	4	1
	10		5	11	2
	20		11	10	4
	30		17	9	6
These pay Outwards	40	1	3	9	
the same as those above.	50	1	9	8	2
Barnstable Bays course	60	1	5	7	4
of 20 pound weight and	70	2	1	6	6
under, the Bay.	80	2	7	6	
Worsted Stockings	90	2	13	5	2
for men, the dozen	100	2	9	4	4
pair.	200	5	18	9	
	300	8	18	1	4
	400	11	17	6	
	500	14	6	10	4

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Foxes Skins, the Pane
or Mantle.Foyns Wombs Stag,
the Pane or Mantle.

15 s.

Fox-Skins drest, the
dozen, ——— 16s.

Mant	Subsidy.			Parts.	Doz.	Subsidy.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
1			8	11	1			9	3
2			5	2	2		1	6	6
3			1	13	3		2	3	9
4			10	4	4		3		12
5		3	6	15	5		3	9	15
6		4	3	6	6		4	6	18
7		4	11	17	7		5	3	21
8		5	8	8	8		6		24
9		6	4	19	9		6	10	2
10		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	10		7	7	5
20		14	3		20		15	2	10
30	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	30	1	2	9	15
40	1	8	6		40	1	10	4	20
50	1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$	50	1	18		
60	2	2	9		60	2	5	7	5
70	2	9	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$	70	2	13	2	10
80	2	17			80	3		9	15
90	3	4	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	90	3	8	4	20
100	3	11	3		100	3	16		
200	7	2	6		200	7	12		
300	10	13	9		300	11	8		
400	14	5			400	15	4		
500	17	16	3		500	19			

Furs, Hides. Leather, Skins.

Black Jenners seasoned, | Wolf Skins untawed,
the Skin, — 16 s. 8 d. ; the piece, — 11.3 s.

Skins.	Subsidy.			parts.	Skins.	Subsidy.			Part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				4					100
1			9	$\frac{1}{2}d$	1		1	1	11
2		1	7		2		2	2	22
3		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	3		3	3	33
4		3	2		4		4	4	44
5		3	11	$\frac{1}{2}d$	5		5	5	55
6		4	9		6		6	6	66
7		5	6	$\frac{1}{2}d$	7		7	7	77
8		6	4		8		8	8	88
9		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	9		9	9	99
10		7	11		10		10	11	10
20		15	10		20	1	1	10	20
30	1	3	9		30	1	12	9	30
40	1	11	8		40	2	3	8	40
50	1	19	7		50	2	14	7	50
60	2	7	6		60	3	5	6	60
70	2	15	5		70	3	16	5	70
80	3	3	4		80	4	7	4	80
90	3	11	3		90	4	18	3	90
100	3	19	2		100	5	9	3	
200	7	18	4		200	10	18	6	
300	11	17	6		300	16	7	9	
400	15	6	8		400	21	17		
500	19	15	10		500	27	6	3	

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Bear-Skins, black or red, the Piece.

Buge Pouls the Fur, cont. 4 Panes.

Calaber seasoned, the Pane.

Cats Poultis the C. cont. five score. — 11.

Skins.	Subsidy.			Part.
	<u>l.</u>	<u>s.</u>	<u>d.</u>	
				5
1			11	2
2		1	10	4
3		2	10	1
4		3	9	3
5		4	9	
6		5	8	2
7		6	7	4
8		7	7	1
9		8	6	3
10		9	6	
20		19		
30	1	8	6	
40	1	18		
50	2	7	6	
60	2	17		
70	3	6	6	
80	3	16		
90	4	5	6	
100	4	15		
200	9	10		
300	14	5		
400	19			
500	23	15		

Goat-Skins of Barba-
ry, or the East Coun-
treys, in the Hair, the
dozen Skins.

Kids Skins in the
Hair, the hundred, cont.
fivescore.

Both these pay Sub-
sidy the same with those
above.

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Leopards Skins, the | Wolf-Skins tawed,
 Piece. ——— 1 l. 5 s. | the Piece ——— 1 l. 10 s.

Skins.	Subsidy.			parts.	4	Skins.	Subsidy.			Part
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.	10
1		1	2	$\frac{1}{4}d$		1		1	5	1
2		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$		2		2	10	2
3		3	6	$\frac{3}{4}d$		3		4	3	3
4		4	9			4		5	8	4
5		5	11	$\frac{1}{4}d$		5		7	1	5
6		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$		6		8	6	6
7		8	3	$\frac{3}{4}d$		7		9	11	7
8		9	6			8		11	4	8
9		10	8	$\frac{1}{4}d$		9		12	9	9
10		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$		10		14	3	
20	1	3	9			20	1	8	6	
30	1	15	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$		30	2	2	9	
40	2	7	6			40	2	17		
50	2	19	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$		50	3	11	3	
60	3	11	3			60	4	5	6	
70	4	3	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$		70	4	19	9	
80	4	15				80	5	14		
90	5	6	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$		90	6	8	3	
100	5	18	9			100	7	2	6	
200	11	17	6			200	14	5		
300	17	16	3			300	21	7	6	
400	23	15				400	28	10		
500	29	13	9			500	35	12	6	

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Budge black tawed, the dozen Skins.

Foyns poults, the C. cont. five score.

Foyns Wombs seasoned, the Pane or Mantle.

1 l. 6s. 8d.

Skins.	Subdy.			Part
	l.	s.	d.	
1		1	3	1
2		2	6	2
3		3	9	3
4		5		4
5		6	4	
6		7	7	1
7		8	10	2
8		10	1	3
9		11	4	4
10		12	8	
20	1	5	4	
30	1	18		
40	2	10	8	
50	3	3	4	
60	3	16		
70	4	8	8	
80	5	1	4	
90	5	14		
100	6	6	8	
200	12	13	4	
300	19			
400	25	6	8	
500	31	13	4	

Cordivant of Turkey,
East-India, or Scotland,
the dozen.

Shamway Skins, the
dozen, these pay Subfi-
dy the same with those
above.

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Armins, the Timber, cont. 40 Skins.

White Bear-skins, the piece.

White Budge tawed, the 100 Skins.

Cats-skins, the C. cont. five score. ———— 2 l.

Skins	Subsidy.			parts.	
	l.	s.	d.		
1		1	10	4	
2		3	9	3	
3		5	8	2	Matrons Tails the
4		7	7	1	C. cont. five score.
5		9	6		Spruce or Dansk Lea-
6		11	4	4	ther, the dozen skins.
7		13	3	3	Turky and East-India
8		15	2	2	Cordevant the dozen.
9		17	1	1	Goats-skins tanned, the
10		19			dozen.
20	1	18			Kids-skins drest, the
30	2	17			C. cont. five score.
40	3	16			Portugal Skins the
50	4	15			dozen.
60	5	14			Spruce Skins tawed,
70	6	13			the dozen.
80	7	12			These all pay Subsidy
90	8	11			the same with those a-
100	9	10			bove.
200	19				
300	28	10			
400	38				
500	47	10			

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Lewzernes Skins, the
Piece, ——— 2 l. 10s.

Minks untawed, the
Timber containing 40
Skins. ——— 3 l.

Skins.	Subsidy			parts.	Skins.	Subsidy.			part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	1		2	10	1
2		4	9		2		5	8	2
3		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$	3		8	6	3
4		9	6		4		11	4	4
5		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$	5		14	3	
6		14	3		6		17	1	1
7		16	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$	7		19	11	2
8		19			8	1	2	9	3
9	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$	9	1	5	7	4
10	1	3	9		10	1	8	6	
20	2	7	6		20	2	17		
30	3	11	3		30	4	5	6	
40	4	15			40	5	14		
50	5	18	9		50	7	2	6	
60	7	2	6		60	8	11		
70	8	6	3		70	9	19	6	
80	9	10			80	11	8		
90	10	13	9		90	12	16	6	
100	11	17	6		100	14	5		
200	23	15			200	28	10		
300	35	12	6		300	42	15		
400	47	10			400	57			
500	59	7	6		500	71	5		

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Budge untawed, the
C. containing 100 skins
3 l. 10 s.

Minks tawed, the
Timber, cont. 40 skins.
Leather Hangings gilt,
the piece. 4 l.

Hand.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Skins	Subsidy.			Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>10</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>5</i>
1		3	3	9	1		3	9	3
2		6	7	8	2		7	7	1
3		9	11	7	3		11	4	4
4		13	3	6	4		15	2	2
5		16	7	5	5		19		
6		19	11	4	6	1	2	9	3
7	1	3	3	3	7	1	6	7	1
8	1	6	7	2	8	1	10	4	4
9	1	9	11	1	9	1	14	2	2
10	1	13	3		10	1	18		
20	3	6	6		20	3	16		
30	4	19	9		30	5	14		
40	6	13			40	7	12		
50	8	6	3		50	9	10		
60	9	19	6		60	11	8		
70	11	12	9		70	13	6		
80	13	6			80	15	4		
90	14	19	3		90	17	2		
100	16	12	6		100	19			
200	33	5			200	38			
300	49	17	6		300	57			
400	66	10			400	76			
500	83	2	6		500	95			

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Leopards wombs, the
Pane.Spanish, Sevel, or
Cordevant Leather, the
dozen Skins — 5 l.Mattrons, the Pane
or Mantle. — 9 l.

Doz.	Subldy.			Parts.	Panels	Subldy.			Parts
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		4	9		1		8	6	3
2		9	6		2		17	1	1
3		14	3		3	1	5	7	4
4		19			4	1	14	2	2
5	1	3	9		5	2	2	9	
6	1	8	6		6	2	11	3	3
7	1	13	3		7	2	19	10	1
8	1	18			8	3	8	4	4
9	2	2	9		9	3	16	11	2
10	2	7	6		10	4	5	6	
20	4	15			20	8	11		
30	7	2	6		30	12	16	6	
40	9	10			40	17	2		
50	11	17	6		50	21	7	6	
60	14	5			60	25	13		
70	16	12	6		70	29	18	6	
80	19				80	34	4		
90	21	7	6		90	38	9	6	
100	23	15			100	42	15		
200	47	10			200	85	10		
300	71	5			300	128	5		
400	95				400	171			
500	118	15			500	213	15		

Furs, Hides, Leather, Skins.

Foxes black, the Skin.
Matrons the Timber,
cont. 40 Skins.—10 l.

Bafil Leather, the do-
zen, ——— 20 l.

Part

Skins.	Subsidy.			Parts.		Doz.	Subsidy.			Part	
	l.	s.	d.		o		l.	s.	d.		o
1		9	6			1		19			
2		19				2	1	18			
3	1	8	6			3	2	17			
4	1	18				4	3	16			
5	2	7	6			5	4	15			
6	2	17				6	5	14			
7	3	6	6			7	6	13			
8	3	16				8	7	12			
9	4	5	6			9	8	11			
10	4	15				10	9	10			
20	9	10				20	19				
30	14	5				30	28	10			
40	19					40	38				
50	23	15				50	47	10			
60	28	10				60	57				
70	33	5				70	66	10			
80	38					80	76				
90	42	15				90	85	10			
100	47	10				100	95				
200	95					200	190				
300	142	10				300	285				
400	190					400	380				
500	237	10				500	475				

Pane
—91

Part

5

3

1

4

2

3

1

4

2

Furs.
Sables of all sorts, the
Timber, cont. 40 skins,
30 l.

Ling of all sorts, the
120.

Stockfish, vocat. Ti-
thing, the Last cont.
1000.

Girdles of
Leather the Grof. cont.
12 doz. — 3 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Timb	Subsidy.			parts.	Lafts.	Subsidy.			part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1	1	8	6		1		3	2	
2	2	17			2		6	4	
3	4	5	6		3		9	6	
4	5	14			4		12	8	
5	7	2	6		5		15	10	
6	8	11			6		19		
7	9	19	6		7	1	2	2	
8	11	8			8	1	5	4	
9	12	16	6		9	1	8	6	
10	14	5			10	1	11	8	
20	28	10			20	3	3	4	
30	42	15			30	4	15		
40	57				40	6	6	8	
50	71	5			50	7	18	4	
60	85	10			60	9	10		
70	99	15			70	11	1	8	
80	114				80	12	13	4	
90	128	5			90	14	5		
100	142	10			100	15	16	8	
200	285				200	31	13	4	
300	427	10			300	47	10		
400	570				400	63	6	8	
500	712	10			500	79	3	4	

Drugs.

Acorus, Agnus Castus Seeds, Alkanet roots, Angelica, Asarum roots, Alamen plume, Carabe, or Succinum, Cortex Caperum, Cuscuta, Citrago, Cettach, Carlina, Diptamus Leaves, Epithemum, Guinney pepper, Grana Pinæ, Gum animi, each pound ————— 4 d.

Poun	Subsidy.			parts.	
	l.	s.	d.		
				100	Lapis Judaicus.
1				19	Lapis Tutie.
2				38	Leaves of Roses.
3				57	Lignum Asphaltum.
4				76	Madder-Roots, or Rubra Tinctorum.
5				95	Marmelade.
10			1	90	Maftick red.
20			3	80	Millium Solis.
30			5	70	Mirobolanes dry.
40			7	60	Mittle Berries.
50			9	50	Mummiæ.
100		1	7		Nux de Benne.
500		3	11		Nux Pini, or Grana Pini.
1000	15	10			Orcant or A'miet.

These Drugs pay Subsidy the pound the same with those above, viz.

Gum Armoniac.

Gum Traganant.

Gum Lack.

Jujubes.

Labdanum, or Lapidonum.

Lapis Hamatilis.

L

Prunellaes, or Pruans of Branolia.

Radix Esulæ.

Saunders white,

Sebestines, Sanguis

Hirci, Storax liquida.

Succus Liquiritiæ.

Thlaspii semen.

Turmerick.

Vitriolum Romanum.

Drugs.

Aristolochia longa &
rotunda, Cubebs, Æs-
tium, General Locust.
the l. of each, — 5 d.

Aspalathus, Galba-
num, Galanga, Gum Sa-
racol. Gum Serapin. or
Segapin. Sal Nitre, Spo-
dium, Cassia, Fistula of
all sorts, Diptamus-root
the l. of each, — 6 d.

poun.	Subsidy.			parts.	Poun.	Subsidy.			par.
	l.	s.	d.	75		l.	s.	d.	200
1				19	1				57
2				38	2				114
3				57	3				171
4			1	1	4		1		28
5			1	20	5		1		85
6			1	39	6		1		142
7			1	58	7		1		199
8			2	2	8		2		56
9			2	21	9		2		113
10			2	40	10		2		170
20			5	5	20		5		140
30			7	45	30		8		110
40			10	10	40		11		80
50		1		50	50		1	2	50
60		1	3	15	60		1	5	20
70		1	5	55	70		1	7	190
80		1	8	20	80		1	10	160
90		1	10	60	90		2	1	130
100		2	1	25	100		2	4	100
200		4	2	50	200		4	9	
300		6	4		300		7	1	1d
400		8	5	25	400		9	6	
500		10	6	50	500		11	10	1d

Drugs.

Cassia Lignea, Cofcus dulcis & amarus, Lin-
tiscus, or Xyloballium, Myrobolanes condited,
Oyl of Spike, Oleum Petroleum, Sal Armonia-
cum, Turpentine of Venice, Scio, or Cyprus,
Verdigreece, the pound of each, ——— 6 d. ².

	pound	Subsidy.			parts.
		l.	s.	d.	
					60
57	1				19
114	2				38
171	3				57
28	4			1	16
85	5			1	35
142	6			1	54
199	7			2	13
56	8			2	32
113	9			2	51
170	10			3	10
140	20			6	20
110	30			9	30
80	40		1		40
50	50		1	3	50
20	60		1	7	
190	70		1	10	10
160	80		2	1	20
130	90		2	4	30
100	100		2	7	40
9	200		5	3	20
1	300		7	11	
6	400		10	6	40
0	500		13	2	20

Drugs.

Aloes Epatica, Benalbus, or rubrum, Blatta
 Bizantia, Coculus Indiæ, Coloquintida, Cortex
 Mandragoræ, Cyclamen, or Panis Porcinus, each
 Pound to pay _____ 8 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			Parts 100
	l.	s.	d.	
1				38
2				76
3			1	14
4			1	52
5			1	90
6			2	28
7			2	66
8			3	4
9			3	42
10			3	80
20			7	60
30			11	40
40		1	3	20
50		1	7	
60		1	10	80
70		2	2	60
80		2	6	40
90		2	10	20
100		3	2	
200		6	4	
300		9	6	
400		12	8	
500		15	10	

These Drugs pay Subsidy each pound the same with those above, viz.

Flory.
 Green Ginger.
 Hermodactylus,
 Hypocistis.
 Nytrum.
 Yellow Saunders.
 Common Treacle.
 Turbith Thapsiæ.
 Green Talk.

latta
ortex
each
-8 d.

Subli-
fame
viz.

Drugs.

Lentils.
Scorpions, each ten
pounds.—10 d

Arnick white or yellow
or Rosälgel,
Carolina.
Polipodium.
Scincus Marinus, each
ten pound.—13d. $\frac{1}{2}$

Ounce	Subdiv.			parts.	Poun.	Subdiv.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	40		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	30
10				19	10				19
20				38	20			1	8
30			1	17	30			1	27
40			1	36	40			2	16
50			2	15	50			3	5
60			2	34	60			3	24
70			3	13	70			4	13
80			3	32	80			5	2
90			4	11	90			5	21
100			4	30	100			6	10
200			9	20	200		1		20
300		1	2	10	300		1	7	
400		1	7		400		2	1	10
500		1	11	30	500		2	7	20
600		2	4	20	600		3	2	
700		2	9	10	700		3	8	10
800		3	2		800		4	2	20
900		3	6	30	900		4	9	
1000		3	11	20	1000		5	3	10
2000		7	11		2000		10	6	20
3000		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	3000		15	10	
4000		15	10		4000	1	1	1	10
5000		19	9	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	5000	1	6	4	20
				L 3					

Drugs.

Adiantum Nigrum, Ciceres white and red,
 Fennel-seeds, Gentiana, Gum Caramen, Osipium
 Huirredum, Oleum Turpentine, Orabus, Pellito-
 ry, Roslet, Scordium, Talk white; each ten l.
 and Nux Indica, each 10 Pieces, ——— 1 s. 8 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			Parts
	l.	s.	d	
10				19
20			1	18
30			2	17
40			3	16
50			4	15
60			5	14
70			6	13
80			7	12
90			8	11
100			9	$\frac{1}{2}d$
200		1	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$
300		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$
400		3	2	$\frac{1}{2}d$
500		3	11	$\frac{1}{2}d$
600		4	9	$\frac{1}{2}d$
700		5	6	$\frac{1}{2}d$
800		6	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$
900		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$
1000		7	11	
2000		15	10	
3000	1	3	9	
4000	1	11	8	
5000	1	19	7	

Drugs.

Adiantum Album, Ameos-feed, Amomi-feed,
Antimonium præparatum, or Stibium, Bolus ve-
rus, or fine Bole, Calamus, Carthamus-seeds,
Cyperus Nuts, Cortex Tamerisci, Cortex Winte-
ranus, Eleborus albus & niger, Euphorbium, each
10l. ————— 2 s. 2 d. .

Poun.	Subsidy.			Parts	
	l.	s.	d.	15	
10			1	4	These Drugs pay Sub- sidy each ten pounds the same with those above, viz:
20			2	8	
30			3	12	
40			5	1	Leaves of Violets or
50			6	5	Flowers.
60			7	9	Nygella.
70			8	13	Nux Cupressi.
80		10		2	Nux Vomica.
90		11		6	Origanum.
100	1			10	Pioney-seeds.
200	2	1		5	Polium Montanum.
300	3	2			Poppy-seeds.
400	4	2		10	Psyllium.
500	5	3		5	Radix Peonæ.
600	6	4			Sal Gem.
700	7	4		10	Seeds for Gardens
800	8	5		5	of all sorts.
900	9	6			Seler montanus.
1000	10	6		10	Semen cucumeris,
2000	1	1	1	5	Cucurb.
3000	1	11	8		Citral. Melon.
4000	2	2	2	10	Sordonella.
5000	2	12	9	5	Sulphur vivum.
					Tornfal.

Drugs.

Gum Elemni, Stechados, and Tamarinds, each 10l. — 2 s. 9 d. $\frac{1}{3}$ d. Affa fetida, each ten pounds, — 3 s. 10 d. $\frac{1}{3}$ d.

Poun.	Subdiv.			Parts.	12	Poun.	Subdiv.			part	60
	l.	s.	d.				l.	s.	d.		
10			1	7		10			2	13	
20			3	2		20			4	26	
30			4	9		30			6	39	
40			6	4		40			8	52	
50			7	11		50			11	5	
60			9	6		60		1	1	18	
70			11	1		70		1	3	31	
80		1		8		80		1	5	44	
90		1	2	3		90		1	7	57	
100		1	3	10		100		1	10	10	
200		2	7	8		200		3	8	20	
300		3	11	6		300		5	6	30	
400		5	3	4		400		7	4	40	
500		6	7	2		500		9	2	50	
600		7	11			600		11	1		
700		9	2	10		700		12	11	10	
800		10	6	8		800		14	9	20	
900		11	10	6		900		16	7	30	
1000		13	2	4		1000		18	5	40	
2000	1	6	4	8		2000	1	16	11	20	
3000	1	19	7			3000	2	15	5		
4000	2	12	9	4		4000	3	13	10	40	
5000	3	5	11	8		5000	4	12	4	20	

Drugs.

Balaustium, Bdelium,
Bunkins, Holly-words,
or Pistolochia, Cam-
phire unrefined, Cina-
brum or Vermilion,
Doronicum, Grana Tin-
ctorum, Manna, Mecho-
acan, Orange-Flower-
Ointment, Sena, the
pound, — 10 d.

Cardamoms.
Fox-Lungs.
Mercury Sublimat.
Myrrha.
Terra Sigillata.
Argentum sublime,
or Limum, or Quickfil-
ver, the pound. — 1 s

Poun.	Subsidy.			parts.	Poun.	Subsidy			Part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				40					100
1				19	1				57
2				38	2			1	14
3			1	17	3			1	71
4			1	36	4			2	28
5			2	15	5			2	85
10			4	30	10			5	70
20			9	20	20			11	40
30		1	2	10	30		1	5	10
40		1	7		40		1	10	80
50		1	11	30	50		2	4	d
100		3	11	20	100		4	9	
200		7	11		200		8	6	
300		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	300		14	3	
400		15	10		400		19		
500		19	9	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	500	1	3	9	

Drugs.

Anacardium, Balsamum artific. Borax in part, or unrefined, commonly called Tinkul, Coral red or white in fragments for Physical use. Cambogium, or Gutta Gambæ, Crystal in broken pieces for Physical uses. White Mastick, Rad. Contrayerva. Rad. Scorpionera Sang. Draconis, Sarsaparilla, Sponges, Squinanthum, Worm-seeds, Dedoaria the l. & Pearl beaten, the ounce. Troy.

Oyl de Scorpions, the pound. — 10 d. $\frac{2}{7}$ d.

Poun.	Subidy.			Parts
	l.	s.	d.	
				30
1				19
2			1	8
3			1	27
4			2	16
5			3	5
10			6	10
20		1		20
30		1	7	
40		2	1	10
50		2	7	20
100		5	3	10
500	1	6	4	20
1000	2	12	9	10

Poun.	Subidy.			par.
	l.	s.	d.	
1				38
2			1	1
3			1	39
4			2	2
5			2	40
6			3	3
7			3	41
8			4	4
9			4	42
10			5	5
20		10		10
30		1	3	15
40		1	8	20
50		2	1	25
60		2	6	30
70		2	11	35
80		3	4	40
90		3	9	45
100		4	2	50
200		8	5	25
300		12	8	
400		16	10	50
500	1	1	1	25

Drugs.

Acacia, Caneri Ocu-
lus, Carpo Balsami, Dau-
cus Creticus. Gum Ca-
rannæ, Gum Hederæ,
Gum Taccamacchæ,
Gum Guiaci, Jolop, Lig-
num Nephreticum,
Nutmegs condited, Sal
Alkali, Viscus querci-
nus, the pound. Alcher-
nes confectio, the ounce.

1 s. 4 d.

Agaricus rough or un-
trimm'd. Aloes Cico-
trina. Benjamin of all
sorts. Camphire refin'd
Cantharides. Folium
Indiæ. Sperma Ceti
fine. Storax Calamita.
Terra Lemnia. Tur-
bith, the pound. La-
pis contra Yerva, the
ounce. Orange-Flower-
water, the Gallon, Tro-
cisci de vipera, the oun.
Troy. — 1 s. 8 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			parts.	Poun.	Subsidy			Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				25					20
1				19	1				19
2			1	13	2			1	18
3			2	7	3			2	17
4			3	1	4			3	16
5			3	20	5			4	15
10			7	15	10			9	10 d
20		1	3	5	20		1	7	
30		1	10	20	30		2	4	10 d
40		2	6	10	40		3	2	
50		3	2		50		3	11	10 d
100		6	4		100		7	11	
500	1	11	8		500	1	19	7	
1000	3	3	4		1000	3	19	2	

Drugs.	
Oyl of Mace or Nut-	Alchernes Syrup, China
nogs, the pound. — 2 s.	roots, Gum Opopanax,
	Mercury præcip. Oyl de
	Ben. Spiknard, the l.
	Bolus communis, or A-
	moniacus, the 112 l.
	— 2 s. 2 d. 2.

Poun.	Subfidv.			parts.	Hund.	Subfidv.			part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1			1	7	1			1	4
2			2	14	2			2	8
3			3	21	3			3	12
4			4	28	4			5	1
5			5	35	5			6	5
6			6	42	6			7	9
7			7	49	7			8	13
8			9	6	8			10	2
9			10	13	9			11	6
10			11	20	10		1		10
20		1	10	40	20		2	1	5
30		2	10	10	30		3	2	10
40		3	9	30	40		4	2	10
50		4	9		50		5	3	5
60		5	8	20	60		6	4	
70		6	7	40	70		7	4	10
80		7	7	10	80		8	5	5
90		8	6	30	90		9	6	
100		9	6		100		10	6	10
200		19			200		1	1	5
300	1	8	6		300	1	11	8	
400	1	18			400	2	2	2	10
500	2	7	6		500	2	12	9	5

Drugs.

Oyl of Rosemary the
Pound, ——— 2 s. 8 d.

Balsamum Natural.
Costoreum, or Bever-
Cods, Lapis Lazuli, Lu-
pines, Lign. Aloes, Mi-
thridate, Opium, Oyl
of Amber, Treacle of
Venice, the pound.

Bezear-Stone of the
West-India, the ounce
Troy. Lignum Rho-
dium, Lignum Vitæ,
Litharg of Silver, San-
diver. Turpentine
common, the 112 l.

————— 3 s. 4 d.

Poun.	Subsidy.			parts.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
15				25
4	1		1	13
8	2		3	1
12	3		4	14
1	4		6	2
5	5		7	15
9	6		9	3
13	7		10	16
2	8	1		4
6	9	1	1	17
10	10	1	3	5
5	20	2	6	10
10	30	3	9	15
5	40	5		20
10	50	6	4	
5	60	7	7	5
10	70	8	10	10
5	80	10	1	15
10	90	11	4	20
5	100	12	8	
10	200	1	5	4
5	300	1	18	
10	400	2	10	8
5	500	3	3	4

Hund.	Subsidy.			part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>IO</i>
1			1	9
2			3	8
3			5	7
4			7	6
5			9	5
10		1	7	
20		3	2	
30		4	9	
40		6	4	
50		7	11	
100		15	10	
200	1	11	8	
300	2	7	6	
400	3	3	4	
500	3	19	2	

Drugs.

Copperas Blew of
Dansk or Hungary.
Frankincense of France
or Parosin.
Litharge of Gold, the
112 l. ——— 4 s

Bayberries, the 112 l.
Borax refined, the l.
Rhaponticum, the l.
————— 4 s. 5 d. $\frac{1}{5}$ d.

Hund	Subsidy.			Parts.	Poun.	Subsidy.			par.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
				25					15
1			2	7	1			2	8
2			4	14	2			5	1
3			6	21	3			7	9
4			9	3	4			10	2
5			11	10	5		1		10
6		1	1	17	6		1	3	3
7		1	3	24	7		1	5	11
8		1	6	6	8		1	8	4
9		1	8	13	9		1	10	12
10		1	10	20	10		2	1	5
20		3	9	15	20		4	2	10
30		5	8	10	30		6	4	
40		7	7	5	40		8	5	5
50		9	6		50		10	6	10
60		11	4	20	60		12	8	
70		13	3	15	70		14	9	5
80		15	2	10	80		16	10	10
90		17	1	5	90		19		
100		19			100	1	1	1	5
200	1	18			200	2	2	2	10
300	2	17			300	3	3	4	
400	3	16			400	4	4	5	5
500	4	15			500	5	5	6	10

Drugs.

Fenugreek. Lapis Calaminaris,
 Pix Burgundiæ, the Red Lead, the 112l.
 112 pound, ——— 5 s. | ——— 5 s. 6 d. $\frac{2}{3}$ d.

Hund.	Subldy.			Parts.	Hund.	Subldy.			Part
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	20		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	6
1			2	17	1			3	1
2			5	14	2			6	2
3			8	11	3			9	3
4			11	8	4		1		4
5		1	2	5	5		1	3	5
6		1	5	2	6		1	7	
7		1	7	19	7		1	10	1
8		1	10	16	8		2	1	2
9		2	1	13	9		2	4	3
10		2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	10		2	7	4
20		4	9		20		5	3	2
30		7	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	30		7	11	
40		9	6		40		10	6	4
50		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	50		13	2	2
60		14	3		60		15	10	
70		16	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	70		18	5	4
80		19			80	1	1	1	2
90	1	1	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ d	90	1	3	9	
100	1	3	9		100	1	6	4	4
200	2	7	6		200	2	12	9	2
300	3	11	3		300	3	19	2	
400	4	15			400	5	5	6	4
500	5	18	9		500	6	11	11	2

Drugs.

Agaricus, or Agaric
trimm'd or par'd. Co-
ral whole. Diagredi-
um, or Scammony.

Rhabarbarum, or Rhu-
barb, the pound.

Antimonium crudum.

Allum Romish or Roch,

Barly hull'd, or French

Barly. Coriander-

Seeds, Juniper-Berries,

Sassafras wood or roots

Umber- white Lead,

the 112 l. — 6 s. 8 d.

Caraway Seeds the 112
pound, — 8 s.

Hund.	Subsidy.			pa.
	l.	s.	d.	
1			4	14
2			9	3
3		1	1	17
4		1	6	6
5		1	10	20
6		2	3	9
7		2	7	23
8		3		12
9		3	5	1
10		3	9	15
20		7	7	5
30		11	4	20
40		15	2	10
50		19		
60	1	2	9	15
70	1	6	7	5
80	1	10	4	20
90	1	14	2	10
100	1	18		
200	3	16		
300	5	14		
400	7	12		
500	9	10		

Hund.	Subsidy.			Parts
	l.	s.	d.	
1			3	4
2			7	3
3		1	1	2
4		1	3	1
5		1	7	
10		3	2	
20		6	4	
30		9	6	
40		12	8	
50		15	10	
100	1	11	8	
200	3	3	4	
300	4	15		
400	6	6	8	
500	7	18	4	

Drugs.

Squilla, the 112 l.
8 s. 4 dGum Sandrack, or
Gum Juniperi, the 112
pound, — 9 s 4 d.

Hund	Subsidy.			parts.	Hund	Subsidy.			Par.
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
				4					25
				3	1			5	8
1			4	2	2			10	16
2			9	1	3		1	3	24
3		1	2		4		1	9	7
4		1	7		5		2	2	15
5		1	11	3	6		2	7	23
6		2	4	2	7		3	1	6
7		2	9	1	8		3	6	14
8		3	2		9		3	11	22
9		3	6	3	10		4	5	5
10		3	11	2	20		8	10	10
20		7	11		30		13	3	15
30		11	10	2	40		17	8	20
40		15	10		50		1	2	2
50		19	9	2	60		1	6	7
60	1	3	9		70		1	11	10
70	1	7	8	2	80		1	15	5
80	1	11	8		90		1	19	10
90	1	15	7	2	100		2	4	4
100	1	19	7		200		4	8	8
200	3	19	2		300		6	13	
300	5	18	9		400		8	17	4
400	7	18	4		500		11	1	8
500	9	17	11						

Cerussa, Black Lead,
Grains of Guinney, or
French Grains, Gum
Arabeck, or Gum Se-
neca, the 112 pound.
Horns of Harts or Stags,
the C. ——— 10s.

Drugs.

Cyperus longus & ro-
tundus.

Cummin-seeds, the
112 l. ——— 11 s. 1 d.

Hund.	Subsidy.			par.
	l.	s.	d.	
1			6	1
2		1		2
3		1	7	
4		2	1	1
5		2	7	2
6		3	2	
7		3	8	1
8		4	2	2
9		4	9	
10		5	3	1
20		10	6	2
30		15	10	
40	1	1	1	1
50	1	6	4	2
60	1	11	8	
70	1	16	11	1
80	2	2	2	2
90	2	7	6	
100	2	12	9	1
200	5	5	6	2
300	7	18	4	
400	10	11	1	1
500	13	3	10	2

Hund.	Subsidy.			parts.
	l.	s.	d.	10
1			5	7
2			11	4
3		1	5	1
4		1	10	8
5		2	4	5
10		4	9	
20		9	6	
30		14	3	
40		19		
50	1	3	9	
100	2	7	6	
200	4	15		
300	7	2	6	
400	9	10		
500	11	17	6	

Drugs.

Bitter Almonds, white
Copperas, Oyl de Bay,
Orpiment, or Auripig-
mentum, Pomegranate
Pills, Staphisager, Ver-
nish, the 112 pound.

Civet, Musk, the
ounce Troy.

Musk-Cods the dozen.
Ossa de corde Cervi, the
pound. — 13 s. 4 d.

Ireos, the 112 l.

— 16 s. 8 d.

par.	Hund.	Subsidy.			parts.
		l.	s.	d.	
3	1			9	2
1	2		1	7	
2	3		2	4	2
1	4		3	2	
2	5		3	11	2
1	6		4	9	
2	7		5	6	2
1	8		6	4	
2	9		7	1	2
1	10		7	11	
2	20		15	10	
1	30	1	3	9	
2	40	1	11	8	
1	50	1	19	7	
2	60	2	7	6	
1	70	2	15	5	
2	80	3	3	4	
1	90	3	11	3	
2	100	3	19	2	
1	200	7	18	4	
2	300	11	17	6	
1	400	15	16	8	
2	500	19	15	10	

Poun.	Subsidy.			part
	l.	s.	d.	
1			7	3
2		1	3	1
3		1	10	4
4		2	6	2
5		3	2	
10		6	4	
20		12	8	
30		19		
40	1	5	4	
50	1	11	8	
100	3	3	4	
200	6	6	8	
300	9	10		
400	12	13	4	
500	15	16	8	

Drugs.

Ambergreece black or grey.	Panther, the pound.
Bezoar-Stone of the East-India, the ounce Troy.	Red Saunders, alias Stock, the 112 pound.
Cortex Guaici, the 112 pound.	Sperma cæti, coarse, Oyly, the 112 pound.
	1 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Hund	Subsidy. parts.				Hund	Subsidy. par			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>5</i>
1			11	2	1		1	3	1
2		1	10	4	2		2	6	2
3		2	10	1	3		3	9	3
4		3	9	3	4		5		4
5		4	9		5		6	4	
6		5	8	2	6		7	7	1
7		6	7	4	7		8	10	2
8		7	7	1	8		10	1	3
9		8	6	3	9		11	4	4
10		9	6		10		12	8	
20		19			20	1	5	4	
30	1	8	6		30	1	18		
40	1	18			40	2	10	8	
50	2	7	6		50	3	3	4	
60	2	17			60	3	16		
70	3	6	6		70	4	8	8	
80	3	16			80	5	1	4	
90	4	5	6		90	5	14		
100	4	15			100	6	6	8	
200	9	10			200	12	13	4	
300	14	5			300	19			
400	19				400	25	6	8	
500	23	15			500	31	13	4	

Drugs.

Honglaſs, the 112 l.
Olibanum, or Incenſe,
the 112 l.—11. 13s. 4d.

Nardus Celtica, or Spi-
ca Romana, the 112 l.
— 11 17s. 4d.

Hund	Subſidy.			Parts.
	l.	s.	d.	
1		1	7	
2		3	2	
3		4	9	
4		6	4	
5		7	11	
6		9	6	
7		11	1	
8		12	8	
9		14	3	
10		15	10	
20	1	11	8	
30	2	7	6	
40	3	3	4	
50	3	19	2	
60	4	15		
70	5	10	10	
80	6	6	8	
90	7	2	6	
100	7	18	4	
200	15	16	8	
300	23	15		
400	31	13	4	
500	39	11	8	

Hund	Subſidy.			Par.
	l.	s.	d.	
1		1	9	7
2		3	6	14
3		5	3	21
4		7	1	3
5		8	10	10
6		10	7	17
7		12	4	24
8		14	2	6
9		15	11	13
10		17	8	20
20	1	15	5	15
30	2	13	2	10
40	3	10	11	5
50	4	8	8	
60	5	6	4	20
70	6	4	1	15
80	7	1	10	10
90	7	19	7	5
100	8	17	4	
200	17	14	8	
300	26	12		
400	35	9	4	
500	44	6	8	

Baggs with Steel-rings
without Locks the doz.
Coffers with Iron Bars,
the Nest cont. 3 Cof-
fers.

Garters of Woollen,
the dozen,—1 l. 1 s. 2 d.

Codfish the C. cont.
120. ——— 2 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Doz.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Hund	Subsidy.			Par.
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	
1		1		13	1		2	2	3
2		2		26	2		4	5	1
3		3		39	3		6	7	4
4		4		52	4		8	10	2
5		5		65	5		11	1	
6		6		78	6		13	3	3
7		7		91	7		15	6	1
8		8		104	8		17	8	4
9		9		117	9		19	11	2
10		10		130	10		1	2	2
20	1		1	60	20		2	4	4
30	1	10	1	190	30		3	6	6
40	2		2	120	40		4	8	8
50	2	10	3	50	50		5	10	10
60	3		3	180	60		6	13	
70	3	10	4	110	70		7	15	2
80	4		5	40	80		8	17	4
90	4	10	5	110	90		9	19	6
100	5		6	100	100		11	1	8
200	10	1	1		200		22	3	4
300	15	1	7	100	300		33	5	
400	20	2	2		400		44	6	8
500	25	2	8	100	500		55	8	4

t.
8 d.Bags with Locks, the
dozen.Caskets of Iron middle
fort, the doz. — 2 l. 8 s.Alphifti, or Canary
seed, the 112 l.White Burgundy Claf
for windows, the Cheft.
Normandy colour'd
Glaſs, the Cafe, 3 l. 15 s.

Par.

5

3

1

4

2

3

1

4

2

Doz.	Subsidy.			parts.	C.&c.	Subsidy.			par.
	l.	s.	d.	25		l.	s.	d.	4
1		2	3	9	1		3	6	3
2		4	6	18	2		7	1	2
3		6	10	2	3		10	8	1
4		9	1	11	4		14	3	
5		11	4	20	5		17	9	3
6		13	8	4	6	1	1	4	2
7		15	11	13	7	1	4	11	1
8		18	2	22	8	1	8	6	
9	1		6	6	9	1	12		3
10	1	2	9	15	10	1	15	7	2
20	2	5	7	5	20	3	11	3	
30	3	8	4	20	30	5	6	10	2
40	4	11	2	10	40	7	2	6	
50	5	14			50	8	18	1	2
60	6	16	9	15	60	10	13	9	
70	7	19	7	5	70	12	9	4	2
80	9	2	4	20	80	14	5		
90	10	5	2	10	90	16		7	2
100	11	8			100	17	16	3	
200	22	16			200	35	12	6	
300	34	4			300	53	8	9	
400	45	12			400	71	5		
500	57				500	89	1	3	

Drugs.

Ounce Ballances, the
Sort, containing four
dozen,—3 l. 11 s. 2 d.

Coloured Burgundy
Glass for windows, the
Cheft,—5 l. 5 s.

Sorts.	Subsidy.			parts.	Cheft	Subsidy.			par.
	l.	s.	d.	200		l.	s.	d.	20
1		3	4	113	1		4	11	17
2		6	9	26	2		9	11	14
3		10	1	139	3		14	11	11
4		13	6	52	4		19	11	8
5		16	10	165	5	1	4	11	5
6	1		3	78	6	1	9	11	2
7	1	3	7	191	7	1	14	10	19
8	1	7		104	8	1	19	10	16
9	1	10	5	17	9	2	4	10	13
10	1	13	9	130	10	2	9	10	10
20	3	7	7	60	20	4	19	9	
30	5	1	4	190	30	7	9	7	10
40	6	15	2	120	40	9	19	6	
50	8	9		50	50	12	9	4	10
60	10	2	9	180	60	14	19	3	
70	11	16	7	110	70	17	5	1	10
80	13	10	5	40	80	19	19		
90	15	4	2	170	90	22	8	10	10
100	16	18		100	100	24	18	9	
200	33	16	1		200	49	17	6	
300	50	14	1	100	300	74	16	3	
400	67	12	2		400	99	15		
500	84	10	2	100	500	124	13	9	

Gold Ballances, the
Gross, containing 12
loz. — 5 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Borattoes, or Bom-
bafines broad, the fin-
gle piece not above 15
yards, — 7 l.

par.	Gross	Subldy.			parts.	Piece	Subldy.			par.
		<u>l.</u>	<u>s.</u>	<u>d.</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>l.</u>	<u>s.</u>	<u>d.</u>	<u>5</u>
20										
17	1		5		4	1		6	7	4
14	2		10	1	3	2		13	3	3
11	3		15	2	2	3		19	11	2
8	4	1		3	1	4	1	6	7	1
5	5	1	5	4		5	1	13	3	
2	6	1	10	4	4	6	1	19	10	4
19	7	1	15	5	3	7	2	6	6	3
16	8	2		6	2	8	2	13	2	2
13	9	2	5	7	1	9	2	19	10	1
10	10	2	10	8		10	3	6	6	
	20	5	1	4		20	6	13		
10	30	7	12			30	9	19	6	
	40	10	2	8		40	13	6		
10	50	12	13	4		50	16	12	6	
	60	15	4			60	19	19		
10	70	17	14	8		70	23	5	6	
	80	20	5	4		80	26	12		
10	90	22	16			90	29	18	6	
	100	25	6	8		100	33	5		
	200	50	13	4		200	66	10		
	300	76				300	99	15		
	400	101	6	8		400	133			
	500	126	13	4		500	166	5		
					M					

Glas Pipes great, the
112 l. ——— 7 l. 10 s.

Red Herrings, the Last,
cont. 20 Cades.
——— 8 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Hund	Subldy.			parts.	Laits.	Subldy.			part
	l.	s.	d.	4		l.	s.	d.	0
1		7	1	2	1		7	11	
2		14	3		2		15	10	
3	1	1	4	2	3	1	3	9	
4	1	8	6		4	1	11	8	
5	1	15	7	2	5	1	19	7	
10	3	11	3		10	3	19	2	
50	17	16	3		50	19	15	10	
100	35	12	6		100	39	11	8	
500	178	2	6		500	197	18	4	

All manner of Woollen Cloth Imported, the yard, ——— 8 l. 10 s.

Limon Water, the Ton,
——— 10 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Yards	Subldy.			Parts.	Tons	Subldy.			Part
	l.	s.	d.	10		l.	s.	d.	5
1		8		9	1		10	1	3
2		16	1	8	2	1		3	1
3	1	4	2	7	3	1	10	4	4
4	1	12	3	6	4	2		6	2
5	2		4	5	5	2	10	8	
10	4		9		10	5	1	4	
50	20	3	9		50	25	6	8	
100	40	7	6		100	50	13	4	
500	201	17	6		500	253	6	8	

Rape and Linseed Oyl, the Ton, — 70 k. Burgendorp-Deals, the C. cont. 120. — 12 l.

Tons.	Subsidy.			parts.	Hund.	Subsidy.			Par.
	l.	s.	d.	o		l.	s.	d.	5
1	3	6	6		1		11	4	4
2	6	13			2	1	2	9	3
3	9	19	6		3	1	14	2	2
4	13	6			4	2	5	7	1
5	16	12	6		5	2	17		
6	19	19			10	5	14		
7	23	5	6		50	28	10		
8	26	12			100	57			
10	33	5			500	285			

Stock-fish, vocat. Lub- : Crapholt, or Clap-
 fish, the Laft, cont. 1000. bords, the great hund.
 — 13 l. 6 s. 8 d. cont. 24 small C. — 18 l.

Lafts	Subsidy.			Parts.	Gr. C.	Subsidy.			par
	l.	s.	d.	o		l.	s.	d.	5
1		12	8		1		17	1	1
2	1	5	4		2	1	14	2	2
3	1	18			3	2	11	3	3
4	2	10	8		4	3	8	4	4
5	3	3	4		5	4	5	6	
10	6	6	8		10	8	11		
50	31	13	4		50	42	15		
100	63	6	8		100	85	10		
500	316	13	4	M 2	500	427	10		

Lutes of Venice-making
with Cafes, the dozen.

1 l. 4 s.

Sevil, Majorca, Minorca,
Apuglia, Provence, or
Portugal Oyl, the Ton.

3 l. 2 s.

Doz.	Subldy.				Tons.	Subldy.			
	l.	s.	d.	parts.		l.	s.	d.	parts.
1		1	1	17	$\frac{1}{4}$		7	7	1
2		2	3	9	$\frac{1}{2}$		15	2	2
3		3	5	1	Tn 1	1	10	4	4
4		4	6	18	2	3		9	3
5		5	8	10	3	4	11	2	2
10		11	4	20	4	6	1	7	1
50	2	17			5	7	12		
100	5	14			10	15	4		
500	28	10			50	76			

Looking-Glasses of Cry-
stal, num. 11, & num. 12.
the dozen. ——— 45 l.

Silk Bone-Lace, the 1.
cont 16 ounce. ——— 40 l.

Doz.	Subldy.				Part	poun.	Subldy.				Part
	l.	s.	d.	o			l.	s.	d.	o	
1	2	2	9			1	1	18			
2	4	5	6			2	3	16			
3	6	8	3			3	5	14			
4	8	11				4	7	12			
5	10	12	9			5	9	10			
10	21	7	6			10	19				
50	106	17	6			50	95				
100	213	15				100	190				
500	1068	15				500	950				

All Train or Fish-Oyl,
of all Foreign Fishing the
Ton, ——— 50 l.

Brazil, or Fernham
Buckwood, the 112 l.
————— 1 l. 25 s.

Tons. Subsidy. Parts.

	l.	s.	d.	Parts.
		11	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$
	1	3	9	$\frac{1}{2}d$
	1	15	7	
Tn 1	2	7	6	
2	4	15		
3	7	2	6	
4	9	10		
5	11	17	6	
10	23	15		

Brazeletto or Gameaco-
Wood, the 112 pound.
————— 1 l. 1 s. 8 d.

Hud. Subsidy. Parts.

	l.	s.	d.	Parts.
1		1		7
2		2		14
3		3	1	1
4		4	1	8
5		5	1	15
10		10	3	$\frac{1}{2}d$
50	2	11	5	$\frac{1}{2}d$
100	5	2	11	
500	25	14	7	M 3

Subsidy. Part

	l.	s.	d.	Part
1		1	7	19
2		3	3	18
3		4	11	17
4		6	7	16
5		8	3	15
6		9	11	14
7		11	7	13
8		13	3	12
9		14	11	11
10		16	7	$\frac{1}{2}d$
20	1	13	3	$\frac{1}{2}d$
30	2	9	10	$\frac{1}{2}d$
40	3	6	6	$\frac{1}{2}d$
50	4	3	1	$\frac{1}{2}d$
60	4	19	9	$\frac{1}{2}d$
70	5	16	4	$\frac{1}{2}d$
80	6	13		$\frac{1}{2}d$
90	7	9	7	
100	8	6	3	
200	16	12	6	
300	24	18	9	
400	33	5		
500	41	11	3	

Parchment, the Roll | Capravans, the C. cont.
 cont. 6 doz.—2 l. 2 s. | 120.—3 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Rolls.	Subsidy.			Parts.	Hund	Subsidy.			Part
	l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.	
1		1	11	47	1		3	5	4
2		3	11	44	2		6	11	3
3		5	11	41	3		10	5	2
4		7	11	38	4		13	11	1
5		9	11	35	5		17	5	
6		11	11	32	6	1		10	4
7		13	11	29	7	1	4	4	3
8		15	11	26	8	1	7	10	2
9		17	11	23	9	1	11	4	1
10		19	11	20	10	1	14	10	
20	1	19	10	40	20	3	9	8	
30	2	19	10	10	30	5	4	6	
40	3	19	9	30	40	6	19	4	
50	4	19	9		50	8	14	2	
60	5	19	8	20	60	10	9		
70	6	19	7	40	70	12	3	10	
80	7	19	7	10	80	13	18	8	
90	8	19	6	30	90	15	12	6	13
100	9	19	6		100	17	8	4	8
200	19	19			200	34	16	8	
300	29	18	6		300	52	5		
400	39	18			400	69	13	4	
500	49	17	6		500	87	1	8	87

C. cont.
s. 4 d.

Part
5
4
3
2
1
4
3
2
1

A Compendium of such Merchandizes as are Rated in the Book of Rates, to pay Subsidy Inwards, the same with some Commodity or other mentioned in the foregoing Tables: so that any Table to which the Commodities following are referred for the Subsidy payable from 1 Pound, 1 C. 1 Ell, 1 Yard, 1 Doz. &c. to 500. or 1000. Pounds, Hundreds, Ells, Yards, Dozens, &c. of any such Commodity; such Table is as sufficient a Direction, as if distinct Tables had been Calculated for every Particular mentioned in the Book of Rates, to pay Subsidy at Importation.

THE Table towards the Left hand, p. 158. serves for Candles of Tallow Imported, the pound, which are Rated in the Book of Rates, at 3 d.

The Table towards the left hand p. 157.
serves for these following Goods Imported
Rated, &c. at 4d.

Apples, the Bushel,
Nutmegs pickled, the piece.
Cotton Wool, not of the growth of
the *English* Plantation, the l.

The Table towards the right hand,
p. 157. serves for these following Goods
Imported, Rated &c. at 6d.

Aggats large, the piece.
Bast-ropes, the Rope.
Capers, the pound.
Lines of *Hamburgh*, for Ships the piece.
Mats of *Russia*, the Mat,
Pike haads the peice.
Bay or *French* Salt, the Bushel.
Thrumes of Linnen or Fustian, the l.
Twine of *Hamburg*, the pound.
Sail Yarn, the pound.

The Table, towards the left hand p. 184
serves for these following Goods Imported,
rated, &c. at 8d.

Crossbow Laths, the pound.
Crossbow Th red, the pound.
Grains *French*, or *Guinney*, the pound.
Rackets, the piece,
White or *Spanish* Salt, the Bushel.
Tikeing of the East-Countrey the yard.
Whip cord the pound. The

The Table towards the left hand, p. 159
serves for these following Goods Imported
rated at

Andirons, or Creepers of Lattin the l.
Annotto, the pound.

Apples, the Barrel containing three Bu-
shels.

Clapper Bells the pound.

White Boards for Shoe-makers, /the
Beard.

Brass-Pile-weights the pound.

Brushes of Heath, voc. Rubbing-Brushes,
the doz.

Counters of Lattin, the pound.

Gally-Tiles, the foot.

Indico of *English* Plantations the pound.

Lampreys, the Piece, *vide* Fish.

Harness-Roses, the thousand.

Oars, the piece.

Harness-plates, or Iron doubles, the
plate.

Punsons and Gravers for Goldsmiths,
the pound.

Raw Linnen Yarn *Dutch* or *French* the
pound.

Saffore the pound.

Sackcloth with white Thred, the yard.

Scamoty the Yard.

Shears for Glovers, the pair.

Skeets for Whitsters, the Skeet.

Spangles of Copper the thousand.

M 5.

Stockings.

Stockings of Wadmol, the pair.

Thrums of woollen, the pound.

The Table towards the right hand, pag. 125. serves for these following Goods Imported. rated in the *Book of Rates* at 16 d.

Basons of Lattin, the pound.

Dog-Bells the small Grofs, containing 12 dozen.

Brass Laver-Cocks, the pound.

Hair-Brushes, voc. Rubbing-brushes, the dozen.

Bugle buttons, the dozen.

Candle-plates, or Wallers of Brass or Lattin, the pound.

Candlesticks of Brass or Lattin, the pound.

Cisterns of Lattin, the pound.

Chafing-dishes of Brass or Lattin, the pound.

Lures for Hawks the piece.

Mortars and Pestles of Brass, the pound.

Treacle of Jeane, the pound.

Rings for Curtains, the pound.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 147. serves for these following Goods Imported.

Bast, or Straw-hats plain, the dozen.

All sorts of earthen ware (except Brick-stones, *Flanders*-Tile to scowr with, Gally-Tiles, Paving Tiles, or (Pan-Tiles)

to pay for every 20 s. value thereof.

All Glafs Manufactures (except Window-glafs) viz. of *Burgundy* or *Normandy* white or coloured, *Rhenish*, *Muscovia*, or *Slude*.

Drinking-Glasses of *Venice*, *Flanders*, *Scotch* and *French*, or course.

Burning Glasses, Balm-Glasses, Vials, Water-glasses, Looking-glasses, viz. half-penny ware, penny ware, of Steel, large or small, of Crytal, small or middle, *num.* 6. Crytal small, *num.* 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. Hour-glasses, viz. of *Flanders*-making, fine or course, or of *Venice*-making. Rough Glafs, Stone plates for Spectacles. Glafs-Plates or Sights for Looking-Glasses, unfilled, of Crytal, small, under *Num.* 6. of *Ditto*, *num.* 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. Glafs pipe small or great, and glafs Beads, the pound.

Smalts the pound.

Tinshore the Gross, cont. 12 dozen.

These are all rated in the *Book of Rates* at 18 d.

The Table toward the right hand, p. 160. serves for these Goods, Imported.

Hawks Bells of *Noremburg*, making the dozen Pair.

Carrick Buckrams, the short piece.

Cases for Looking-glasses ungilt, of *num.* 3. and 4. the dozen.

Combs of Horn for Barbers, the dozen.

Com-

Comfets the pound.

Compalles of Iron for Carpenters, the dozen.

Copper chains, the chain.

Daggers of Bone for Children, the dozen.

Dornix of French making, the Yard.

Muscovy Glafs, or Slude for Windows.

Barbers and Chirurgeons Sets, the bundle containing 16.

Plane Irons, the dozen.

Goose-Quills the 1000.

Serge of *Athens*, the yard.

Firkin-staves the hund. containing 120.

Vice-Hasps the dozen.

Verders of Tapistry with hair, the Flemish Ell.

These are all rated in the *Book of Rates*
at 2 s.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 161.
serves for these following Goods Imported.

Dornix of French-making, the Ell.

Gally-dishes, the dozen.

Incle unwrought, the pound.

Neats-tongues of *Russia*, the dozen.

Camel, or Mohair Yarn, the pound.

These are all rated in the *Book of Rates*
at 2 s. 6 d.

The

The Table towards the left hand, p. 128.
serves for these Goods following Imported.

Gadza of all sorts without Gold or Silver, the yard.

Lute-strings of Catlings, the gross.
cont. 12 doz. knots.

Tapistry with hair, the *Flemish* Ell.

These are all Rated in the *Book of Rates*
at 2 s. 8. d.

The Table toward the right hand, p. 161
serves for these Goods Imported.

Andlets, or Mayls, the pound.

Apples, voc. Pippins, or Rinnars, the
Barrel, cont. three Bushels.

Touch-Boxes cover'd with Leather, the
dozen.

Brushes of Heath course, the doz.

Chamlets, or Mohairs unwatered, the
yard.

Dials of wood, the dozen.

Dimity the yard.

Course Drinking-glasses, the doz.

Burning-glasses, the doz.

Lapis magnatus false, the pound.

Almain, Bohemia, and all other course
knives, the Dicker cont. 10 knives.

Butchers

Butchers Knives the Dicker, cont. 10
Knives.

Sher-knives, the Dicker, containing 10
Knives.

Brown Paper, the Bundle.

Melting pots for Goldsmiths, the C.

Rings of Hair, the Gross, containing
12 dozen.

Succad wet or dry, the pound.

Sea-Morse Teeth, the pound.

Thimbles, the thousand.

Steel Wyer, the pound.

These are all rated in the *Book of Rates*
at 3 s.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 162.
serves for these Goods following Imported.
Baskets, vocat. Hand-Baskets, or Sports,
the dozen.

Bellows the pair.

Chains for Dogs, course, the dozen.

China Pease, the pound.

Rye, not exceeding the price of 4. s. 6 d.
per Bushel, at the place of Importation, by
the Bushel.

Beans, Barley, Malt, not exceeding 3 s.
6 d. per Bushel, at the place of Importation
by the Bushel.

Cods heads, the Barrel.

Whitings, the Barrel.

Grains of *Sevil* in Berries, and Grains
of

of *Portugal* or *Rotta*, the pound.

Halberts ungilt, the piece.

Jet, the pound.

Indico of *Turkey*,

Of the West-Indies, or rich Indico the pound.

Masts for Ships small, the Mast.

Onions, the Barrel.

Shears for Semsters, the dozen.

Slip, the Barrel.

Barrel-staves, the C. cont. 120.

Tinfoil, the dozen.

Hard Wax, the pound.

These are all rated in the *Book of Rates*
at 3 s. 4 d.

The Table towards the right hand, pag.
162. serves for, &c. *Imported*.

Bracelets or Neck-laces of Glass, the
small Gros, cont. 12 Bundles or Dickers.

Ditto, Red, the small Gros.

Buttons of Hair, the Gros, cont, 12
dozen,

Canes of Wood, the dozen.

Cotton Carpets of *China*, course, the
piece,

Cases for Looking-glasses, gilt, of *num*,
3, and 4. the dozen.

Chizels for Joyners, the dozen.

Combs of Bone, the pound..

Horse-combs the doz.

Brass Compasses, the doz.

Cork

Cork for Shoe-makers, the doz. pieces.

Daggers for Children, the doz.

Desks or stays for Books, the dozen.

Fiddles for Children, the doz.

Gantlets, the pair.

Hammers with wooden handles, or without, the dozen.

Bullet Skrews for Barbers or Chirurgeons, the doz.

Oats, the Quarter cont. 8 Bush.

Pease, the Quarter cont. 8 Bush.

Pikes with heads, the piece.

Pincers and Pliers, the doz.

Pipes for Tabors, the doz.

Plate, Silver white or ungilt, the ounce.

Pullies of Brass, the dozen.

Rings of Wire, the gross cont. 12 doz.

Sand-dishes of wood, the doz.

Stone-birds, or Whistles, the small gross, cont. 12 doz.

Tapistry with Wool, the Flem. Ell.

White Trenchers, the common sort, the gross cont 12 doz.

Whistles, Cocks, or Birds of Stone, the small gross cont. 12 doz.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 154. serves for these following Commodities Imported, which are rated in the *Book of Rates* at 4 s. 6 d.

Ordinary Printing or Copy-Paper, the Ream.

Plate of Silver parcel gilt, the cunce.

The Table towards the right hand, *pag.*
163. serves for these following Goods *Im-*
ported. rated in the *Book of Rates* at 5 s.

Alphabets the Set, cont. 24.

Bast-ropes, the bundle cont 10 ropes.

Hawks Bells French making, the doz.
pair.

Morrice Bells, the small gross cont. 12
dozen.

Barrel-boards, the C. cont. 120.

Bottles of Earth or Stone, the dozen.

Brushes of hair for Weavers, the doz.

Bristles rough or undrest, the doz. pound

Buckrams of the East-Gountrey, the
Roll or half piece.

Bugasins, or Callico Buckrams, the
half piece.

Cases for Looking-glasses ungilt, of *num.*
7, and 8. the dozen.

Cases for Needles, French gilt, the doz.

Water'd Chamlets, the Yard.

Combs for Wool, the pair, old or new.

Wheat or Corn *Imported*, not exceed-
ing the price of 5 s. 6 d. the Bushel at the
place of Importation, by the Bushel.

Rye, when it shall exceed 4 s. 6 d. the
Bushel at the place of Importation, by the
quarter.

Beans, Barly, Malt, when it exceeds
3 s. 6 d. the Bushel at the place of Impor-
tation, by the Quarter.

Desks

Desks for Women to work on, covered with woollen, the piece.

Flasks covered with Leather, the doz.

Gadza strip'd with Gold or Silver, the yard.

French Copper, Gold and Silver Thred counterfeit, the Mark, cont. 8 ounces Hav. du poiz.

Guns, voc. Calivers, the piece.

Harness, voc. Morians, or Head-pieces plain, the piece,

Harp-strings, or Catlings, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons, voc. Incision-sheers, the doz.

Paices, or Tooth-drawers, the doz.

Plulicanes, the doz.

Leaves of Gold, the C. cont. 100.

Lime for Dyers, the Barrel.

Linseed, the Bushel.

Sallad-Oyl, the gallon.

Plate of Silver gilt, the ounce.

Pork, the side.

Whip-Saws, the piece.

Playing Tables of Wainfcot, and all other sorts course, the pair.

Tazels, the thousand.

Tinsel with Copper, the yard.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 164.
 serves for these following Commodities
Imported, which are all rated in the *Book*
of Rates at 6 s.

Spice-boxes, the dozen.

Old Wool-cards, the dozen pair.

Rattles with Bells, the dozen.

Rims for Sieves, the gross cont. 12 doz.

Tannets of Crewel, the yard.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 165.
 serves for these following Commodities
Imported, which are all rated in the *Book*
of Rates at 6 s. 8 d.

Arrows for Trunks, the gross cont. 12
 dozen.

Axes or Hatchets, the doz.

Basket-Rods, the bundle.

Brimstone, the 112 pound.

Bast or Straw-Hats knotted, the doz.

Paris Mantles coloured, the piece.

Bodkins, the small gross, cont. 12 doz.

Beard-brushes, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Brushes of Heath fine, or Hair, call'd

Head-brushes, the doz.

Small or Seed-Bugle, the pound.

Buttons of Glass, the great Gross, cont.
 12 small Gross.

Cocheneal of all sorts, except *Sylvester*
 or *Campechea*, the pound.

Candlesticks of Wire, the doz.

Carrels

Carrels, the piece cont. 15 yards.

Cheese, the hundr. weight cont. 112 l.

Small Chimney Backs, the piece.

Coals of *Scotland*, the Ton..

Lightwood Combs, the gross, cont. 12 dozen.

Copper Purls or plate, the Mark.

Cork Tacks of Iron, the thousand.

Wheat, (when it exceeds 5 s. 6 d. the Bushel at the place of Importation) the Quarter.

Durance, or Duretty with Thred, the yard.

Fans for Corn, the piece.

Fans of Paper, the dozen.

Gull-fish, the Barrel.

Haddocks, the Barrel.

Stockfish, vocat. Titling, the 120 l.

Grain or Scarlet Powder, the l.

Gold-foil, the gross.

Flasks of Horn, the doz.

Headings for Pipes, Hogsheads, or Barrels, the C. cont. sixscore,

Iron Backs for Chimneys, small, the piece.

Spring Nails, the Sum cont. 10000.

Sail-Needles, the the thousand.

Wall-Nuts, the Barrel.

Pintados, or Callico Cup-bord Cloths, the piece.

Pipe or Hogshead-staves the 120.

Playing-Tables of Walnut Tree, the ps.
Rozen

Rozen, the 112 l.

Hand-Saws, the dozen.

Leg-Saws, the piece.

Snuffers of all sorts, the dozen.

Standishes covered with Leather gilt,
the piece.

Tacks of Iron, the thousand.

Tarras, the Barrel.

The Table for the Subsidy, p. 67. serves
for these following Commodities Imported
which are all rated in the *Book of Rates*,
at 7 s.

Cases for Looking-glasses, gilt, of *num.*
5, and 6. the doz.

Parchments, the doz. cont. 12 sheets.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 138.
serves for these following Commodities
Imported, which are all rated in the *Book*
of Rates at 7 s. 6 d.

Balm-glasses, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Glass-pipes small, the l.

Cap-Paper, the Ream.

Paste of Jene, the pound.

Scamoty, the piece cont. 7 yards $\frac{1}{2}$.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 119.
serves for these Goods, Imported, which
are all rated in the *Book of Rates* at 8 s.

Bast-ropes, the hundred weight, cont.
112 l.

Boalte

Boaltel Rains, the piece.

Buttons of Crystal, the doz.

Night-caps of Linnen, the doz.

Cauls of Linnen for Women, the

Chains for Keys or Purfes, fine, the

Emery stones, the Hund. weight,

112 pound.

Gimlets for Vintners, the dozen,

Looking-Glasses, voc. half-penny V
the Grofs, cont. 12 doz.

Pipes for Children, the Grofs, con
doz.

Quails, the doz.

Quinces, the hundred.

Tapistry with Caddas, the Flemish
Vallances of *Scotland*, the piece.

The Table p. 166. serves for

Herrings white, full or shotten
Barrel, Imported, which are rated
Book of Rates at 8

The Table for the Subsidy, p. 68. f
for these following Commodities Im
which are all rated in the *Book of*
at

Mittins of Wadmal, the dozen pa
Rochel-Paper, as large as Demy P
the Ream.

Rings for Keys, the Grofs, con
dozen.

The Table for the Subsidy, p. 76. serves
for these following Commodities *Import-*
ed, which are all rated in the *Book of Rates*
at . 10 s.

Brass Lamps, the doz.

Camaletto, half Silk, half Hair, the
yard.

Calicoes fine or coarse, the piece.

Wool-Cards new, the dozen pair.

Brunswick Carpets strip'd and unstrip'd
the piece.

Gilt Cases for Looking Glasses of *num.*
7, and 8. the doz.

Chairs of Walnut-Tree, the piece.

Chamlet half Silk, half Hair, the yard.

Combs of Box, the Gross, cont. 12
dozen.

Combs of Ivory, the pound.

Unwrought Bricks or Plates of Copper,
or Rose Copper, round or square, the hund.
weight, cont. 112 pound.

Cross-Bow Racks, the piece.

Cruses of Stone without Covers, the
Hund. cont. fivescore.

Cushions of *Scotland*, the dozen.

Desks for Women, covered with Vel-
vet, the piece.

Durance, or Duretty with Silk, the
yard.

Newland-Fish small, the C. cont. 120.

Gloves of *Vandon*, the dozen pair.

Gold

Gold and Silver Thred counterfeit
Copper.

Gold and Silver upon Quills and F
or in Skain, the l. containing 16 o
Aver-du-pois.

Guns, voc. Muskets, the piece.

Harness, voc. Morians, or Head-p
graven, the piece.

Hair-bottoms for Sieves, the gros,
12 doz.

Hose of Cruel, voc. Mantua Hose,
pair.

Jews-trumps, the gros, cont. 12 do

Fire-Irons, the gros, cont. 12 doz.

Ivory, the pound.

Masts middle, the Mast.

Medlars, the Basket, cont. 2 Bushels

Mustard-Seed, cont. 1 12 pound.

Neats-tongues, the Barrel.

Small Nuts, the Barrel.

Oakham, the 1 12 pound.

Blw Paper, the Ream.

Pears or Apples dried, the Barrel.

Harness plates, or Iron doubles,
Bundle cont. 10 plates.

Rings small the Box, cont. 2 gros.
24 doz.

Sackcloth of single threds, the p
cont. 15 yards.

Table-Books course, the dozen.

Tinsel with right Gold and Silver
yard.

erfeit, voc.

and Rolls,
16 ounces

lead-pieces

grofs, cont.

Hofe, the

. 12 dozen.
2 doz.

Bufhels.
und.

Barrel.
ubles, the

2 grofs, or

, the piece

zen.
d Silver, the

Two

Tow, the 112 l.

Treen Nails the thoufand.

Trunnels the thoufand.

Twift for Bandftrings, the dozen knots.

Vellum for Table-Books, the skin.

The Table for the Subfidy, p. 77. ferves
for thefe following Commodities *Importe*
ed, which are all rated in the *Book of Rates*
at 12 s.

Adzes for Coopers, the dozen.

Brass Trumpets, the dozen.

Broaches of Lattin or Copper, the grofs,
cont. 12 doz.

Chefs-men, the grofs, containing 12
dozen.

Dials of Bone, the dozen.

Water glaffes the dozen.

Ink-horns of Brass, the doz.

Demy-Paper, the Ream.

Double Say or Serge, the yard.

Brass Standishes, the dozen.

Trenchers red or painted, the grofs,
cont. 12 doz.

Vice-Tongues, or Hand-Vices, the
dozen.

N

The

The Table towards the right hand
 168. serves for, &c. Imported. All
 in the *Book of Rates* at 13
 Aggets small as a Bean, the hund.
 Awl-Blades, the thousand.
 Babies heads of Earth, the dozen.
 Barbers Aprons, or Cheeks, the
 not above 10 yards:
 Pass-boards for Books, the 1000.
 Brushes of Hair, or Comb-Brushes
 gross cont. 12 doz.
 Cables tarred or untarred, the hund.
 weight, cont. 112 pound.
 Carpets of *Scotland* the piece.
 Cases for Spectacles ungilt, the
 cont. 12 doz.
 Cases for Needles, or Pin-cases. the
 cont. 12 doz.
 Chafing-dishes of Iron, the dozen.
 Chimney-backs large, the piece.
 Claricords, the pair.
 Coffers plain, the Nest, cont. 3 Co
 fers.
 Cordage, or Ropes tarr'd or unta
 the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.
 Fire-shovels, the dozen.
 Fire-shovel-plates the C. w. cont. 11
 Codfish, the Barrel.
 Seal-fish, the Fish.

Stock-fish, voc. Croplin, the C. cont. 120.
 Looking-glasses of Steel small, the doz.
 Bridges Gold and Silver thred counterf.
 the pound cont. 16 ounces Aver-du-pois.
 Gold Paper, the small Gross, cont. 12
 dozen.
 Halberds gilt, the piece.
 Hammers, voc. Horsemens Hammers,
 the dozen.
 Spruce, *Muscovia*, and all other rough
 Hemp, the 112 l.
 Iron Backs for Chimneys large, the ps.
 Lockers or Chapes for Daggers, the gr.
 cont. 12 doz.
 Chair-Nails, the thousand.
 Copper Nails, Rose Nails, and Sadlers
 Nails, the Sum cont. 10000.
 Pack-Needles, the thousand.
 Painted Paper, the Ream.
 Pressing Paper, the 100 leaves.
 Single white or black Plates, the hund.
 plates.
 Pomystones, the Ton.
 Irish Rugs, the piece.
 Tenon-Saws, the dozen.
 Sheers for Shear-men old, the pair.
 Sheers, voc. Forceps, the gr. cont. 12 doz.
 Shumack, the 112 pound.
 Tapistry with Silk, the Flemish Ell.
 Vials, the piece.

N 2

Speckled

Stock-

Speckled wood, the 112 pound.
 Timber of *Ireland*, the Ton or Load.
 Cable-yarn, the 112 pound.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 1
 serves for these Goods, Imported, which
 are all rated in the *Book of Rates* at 112

Anvils, the 100 weight, cont. 112

Clap-boards the hund. cont. 120.

Touch-Boxes covered with Velvet,
 dozen.

Cap-hooks, or Hooks-ends, the gr
 cont. 12 doz.

Claphoult, or Clap-board the small hund
 cont, 120 Boards.

Copperas green, the hund. weight co
 112 l.

Coverlets of *Scotland*, the piece.

Salmon Girles, the Barrel.

Scotch and *French* Drinking-glassies,
 hund. cont. fivescore.

Glass-Vials, the hund. cont. fivescore.

Spanish Gloves plain, the dozen pair

Blood-stones, the pound.

Cane-stones, the Ton.

Slick-stones, the hund. cont. fivescore.

Sturgeon, the Cagg.

The Table toward the right hand, p. 170 serves for these Goods *Imported*, Rated in the *Book of Rates* at 16 s.

Coffers painted, the Nest, cont. 3 coffers.

Looking-glasses, voc. peny ware, the gross, cont. 12 dozen.

Taylors Sheers, the doz.

Spoons of Horn, the gross cont. 12 doz.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 171. serves for these following Commodities *Imported*, which are all rated in the *Book of Rates* at 16 l. 8 s.

Bandeliers, the 100. cont. fivescore.

Cases for Looking-glasses ungilt of num. 9, and 10, the dozen.

Cork of all sorts (except for Shoemakers) the hund. weight cont. 112 l.

Fat Madder, the 112 l.

Onions the hund. Bunches.

Potatoes, the 112 l.

Tallow, the 112 l.

Whetstones, the hund. cont. fivescore.

The Table, p. 172. serves for &c. *Imported*, Rated in the *Book of Rates* at 1 l.

Armor old, the hund. weight, cont. 112 pound.

Awgers for Carpenters, the gross.

Barillia, or Saphora to make Glass, the Barrel, cont. 200 weight.

Beef of *Ireland* or *Scotland* the Barrel.

Paris Mantles, or others, uncoloured, the Mantle.

Pipe-boards, or Pipe-holt the C. cont. 120 boards.

Bosses for Bridles, the small gross. cont. 12 doz.

Bottles of Glass cover'd with Wicker, the doz.

Fire, or Tinder-boxes, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Sand-boxes, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Touch-boxes of Iron or other Metal, gilt, the doz. boxes.

Bridles, the doz.

Buckles for Girdles, the small gross, cont. 12 doz.

Bulrushes, the Load.

Butter, the barrel.

Buttons of Thred, the great gross, cont. 12 single gross.

Buttons of fine Damask work, the doz.

Canes of wood, the shock, cont. 60 Canes.

Caps for children, the doz.

Night-caps of Woollen, the doz.

Cases with wooden combs, garnished, the doz.

Cases

Cases for combs, single, the gross, cont.
12 doz.

Caviare, the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.

Cherries, the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.

Chefs-boards, the doz.

Daggs with Fire-locks or Snap-hances,
the piece.

Dornix with Thred, the piece, cont.
15 yards.

Dudgeon, the hund. ps. cont. five-score.

Dutties, the piece.

Earlings, the gross, cont. 12 doz.]

Brick-stones by the thousand.

Ebony wood, the hund. w. cont. 112 l.

Estridge or Ostridge Feathers undrest,
the pound.

Cole-fish, the hund. cont. 120.

Pimper Eels the barrel.

Newland Fish, mid. sort, the C. cont. 120.

Spruce, Moscovy, and all Flax undrest,
the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.

Flutes course, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Rough Garnets small, the pound.

Girdles of count. Gold and Silv. the doz.

Hour-glasses of *Fland.* making fine, the doz

Glass stone plates for Spectacles, rough,
the doz.

Glass-plates or sights for Looking-glas.
unfil'd of Crist. small, under *num.* 6. the doz.

Glew the hund. w. cont. 112 l.

Gloves of *Canary*, *Milan* or *Venice* unwrought, the dozen pair.

Gold and Silver Thred counterfeit, voc.
Cap Gold and Silver, the pound cont. 16
ounces Aver-du-pois.

Harness, voc. Corislets, compleat, the
piece.

Hats, voc. Dutch Felts, or Hats made of
wool, the piece.

Heath for Brushes, the 112 l.

Key-knops, the gross cont. 112 l.

Gold and Silver Lace, the ounce Troy.

Furle or Antlet Lace of Thred, the gross
cont. 12 doz.

Litmus, the 112 l.

Mull Madder, the 112 l.

Magnus, the 112 l.

Masts great, the Mast.

Mithridate, the pound.

Harness-Nails, the sum cont. 10000.

Oranges and Limons, the thousand.

Royal Paper, the Ream.

Perce-Bits, the gross cont. 12 doz.

Pullies of Wood, the gross cont. 12
dozen.

Rape-feed, the quarter.

Razors, the Dicker cont. 10.

Recorders, the Set or Case cont. 5 Re-
corders.

Polish Rugs, the piece.

Points

Points of Thred, the great gros, cont.
12 small gros.

Rings of Brass, Copper, or St. *Martins*
gilt, the gros cont. 12 dozen.

Saddles of Steel, the piece.

Bay or French Salt, the Wey cont. 40
Bushels.

Saltpetre, the 112 l.

Sea Holly roots, the 112 l.

Serge of *Florence*, the yard.

Sheers for Shearmen, new, the pair.

Spurs, small, the 120.

Spectacles without cases, the gros, cont.
12 dozen.

Sword-Blades, course, of *Flinders-ma*
king, the dozen.

Table-books fine, the dozen.

Carving-tools, the gros, cont. 12 doz.

Trays of Wood, the shock, cont. 60
Trays.

St. *Omers* narrow, or half Worsted, the
piece.

The Table, towards the left hand p. 142
serves for these following Goods Imported,
rated, &c. at 1 l. 4 s.

Vizards, the doz.

Whistles, Cocks, or Bellows, the gros.



The Table towards the left hand, p. 173. serves for these Goods, Imported, which are all rated in the *Book of Rates* at 11.5 s.

Pot-ashes, the Barrel, cont. 200 l. weight.

Bays of *Florence*, the yard.

Beaupers, the piece, cont. 24 or 25 yar.

Carpets of Cornix, the carpet, cont. 2 y.
long.

Dornix with Wool, the piece, cont. 15 yards.

Flanders Drinking-Glasses, the hund.

Stuffs of all sorts made of, or mixt with Wooll, the yard.

- Sweet-wood of *West-India*, the 112 l.

The Table, p. 174. serves for &c. Imported, Rated in the *Book of Rates*, at 1 l. 6 s. 8 d.

Cases with small Ivory Combs garnished, the dozen.

Cases for Spectacles, gilt, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Cawls of Silk, the doz.

Cruses of Stone with Covers, the hund. cont. 100.

Cuttle-bones, the thousand.

Daggers Blades, the dozen.

Stockfish, voc. Lub-fish, the hund. cont. 120.

Looking-glasses of steel, large, the doz. Gold

Gold and Silver Thred, counterfeit, voc.
Cullen Gold and Silver, the mast, cont. 2 l.
 and a half, at 12 ounces to the pound.

Ditto, *Lyons* Copper, Gold and Silver
 double gilt, the mark, cont. 8 oun. Av. du-p.
 Grindle stones the Chalder.

Hawks hoods, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Hoops of Iron for pipes or Hogsheds,
 the hund. cont. 112 l.

Ditto, for Coopers, the thousand.

Lute-strings, voc. Minikins, the gross,
 cont. 12 doz.

Oker, the Barrel.

Orsedew, the dozen pound.

Double white or black plates, the hund.
 plates.

Pots of Earth or Stone covered, the 100.
 cont. fivescore.

Rattles for Children, the gross, cont. 12
 doz.

Rice, the 112 pound.

White or *Spanish* Salt, the Wey, cont.
 40 Bushels.

Verditer, the 112 pound.

The Table towards the right hand,
 p. 173. serves for these following Goods
Imported, Rated &c. at 1 l. 10 s.

Tobacco-boxes, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Carpets of *Tonne* the ps. cont. 2 yards
 and half long. Carpets

Carpets of *Turkey* or *Venice*, short, the piece.

Caskets of Iron, small, the doz.

Chests of Spruce or Dansk, the Nest, cont. 3 Chests.

Claphoult, or Clapbord, the Ring, cont. 2 small hund.

Dornix with Caddas, the piece, cont. 15 yards.

Eels, voc. Shaft, Kine, or Dole-Eels, the Barrel.

New-land-fish, great, the hund. cont. 120.

White Normandy Glas for Windows, the case.

Looking-glasses of Chrystal, small, the doz. under num. 6.

Imperlings, blew or red, the doz.

Glovers Knives the bundle, cont. 6 Kn.

Pen-knives, the gros, cont. 12 doz.

Linnes blew or red, the dozen.

Budgets, or hanging-locks small, the gros, cont. 12 doz.

Crop Madder, and all other Bale Madder, the 112 pound.

Points of fine Silk, the small gros. cont. 12 doz.

Saffron, the pound.

Long steel, Wisp steel, and such like, the 112 l.

Sturgeon,

Sturgeon, the Firkin.

Sword-Blades of *Venice*, *Turkey*, or fine
Blades, the dozen.

Brizel Tikes, and counterfeit Brizel,
the Tike.

Turnal Tikes, the Tike.

Tikes of Stoad, the Tike.

The Table towards the left hand p. 130.
serves for these following Goods Imported
Rated, &c. at 1 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Barlings, the hund. cont. 120.

Bome-spars, the hund. cont. 120.

Cant-spars, the hund. cont. 120.

Gilt-Cases for Looking glasses of num.
9, and 10, and upwards.

Cork Tacks of steel, the thousand.

Tholose Wood, the 112 l.

Box wood for Combs, the thousand ps.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 129
serves for these following Goods Imported
rated at 2 l.

Allum the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.

Small Balks, the hund. cont. 120.

Tennis-Balls, the thousand.

Washing-Balls, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Soap-boxes, the Shock, cont. 60 Boxes.

Bustians, the single piece, not above 15
yards,

Buttons

Buttons of Silk, the great gross, cont.
12 single gross.

Cabinets or Counters small, the piece.

Cases with middle sort Ivory combs garnished, the doz.

Cases for combs double, the gross, cont.
12 doz.

Chests painted, the doz.

Cloaks of Felt, the piece.

Coffers covered with gilt Leather, the doz.

Dornix with Silk, the piece, cont. 15 yards.

Flanders-Tile to scowr with, the 1000.

Fans for Women and children, *French*-making, the doz.

Estridge or Ostridge Feathers drest, the pound.

Eeles the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Spruce Eels, the Barrel.

Salmon, the Barrel.

Flask covered with Velvet, the doz.

Flocks, the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.

Gauls the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.

Girdles of Silk, the doz.

Glass-plates, or sights for Looking-Glasses unfil'd of Chrystal, *num.* 6. the doz.

Gloves of Silk knit, the doz. pair.

French and *Paris* right Gold and Silver Thred, the Mark, cont. 11 ounce and half,
Venice weight. Hawks

s, cont.

piece.

bs gar-

s, cont.

er, the

nt. 15

1000.

rench-

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oz.

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lf,

ks

Hawks, voc. Lannarets, the Hawk.

Tassals of all sorts, the Hawk.

Hilts for Swords or Daggers, the doz.

Honey, the Barrel.

Ink for Printers, the 112 l.

Iron Bands for Kettles, the 112 l.

Lace, voc. Pomer-Lace, the gross, cont.
12 doz. yards.

Melting-Ladles, the hund. w. cont. 112 l.

Black Lattin, the 112 l.

Masks of Sattin, the doz.

Metheglin, the Hogthead.

Orchal, the 112 pound.

Penners the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Plaster of *Paris*, the Mount, cont. 3000
weight.Single white or black plate, the Barrel
cont. 300 plates.Points of *Capiton*, the great gross, cont.
12 small.

Pomegranates, the thousand.

Gallipots the hund. cont. fivescore.

Quilts of Callico, the piece.

Shubs of *Calabar*, the piece or Shub.

Pocket-Standishes the doz.

Wax, the 112 l.

Russels Worsted, or broad Worsted, the
piece-

Ebony Wood, the 112 l.

The

The Table towards the right hand,
p. 148. serves for these following Goods
Imported, Rated &c. at 2 l. 5 s.
Carpets of *Persia*, the yard square, the
yard.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 203
serves for these following Commodities
Imported, which are rated in the *Book*
of Rates at 2 l. 8 d.

Double turfed or cockared Caps, the
dozen.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 176.
serves for these Goods following **Imported**.
rated &c. at 2 l. 10 s.

Backrams of French-making, the doz.
pieces.

Burs for Millstones, the hund. contain-
ing fivescore.

Canes or Reeds, the thousand.

Great Cattel Imported from *Ireland*,
the piece.

Cushen Cloths course, the dozen.

Gloves of *Bridges*, or *French-making*,
the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Instruments for Barbers and Chirurge-
ons, voc. Trepan, the doz.

Packthred, voc. Bottom-thred, the hund.
pound. Phea-

Pheasants, Pouts, from Midsummer to Christmas, the doz.

Pins, the doz. thousand.

Pitch or	{	Small band, the Last, cont. 12
Tar,		Barrels.
	{	Great band, the Last cont. 12
		Barrels.

Pots of Earth or Stone uncovered, the hundred cast, cont. a gallon to every cast, whether in one Pot or more.

Twine of *Hamburg*, the 112 l.

The Table for the Subsidy, p. 80. serves for these following Commodities Imported which are all rated in the *Book of Rates*, at
2 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Aqua-vitæ, the Barrel.

Ounce-Ballances, the gross, cont. 12 doz. pair.

Buttons of Brass, Steel, Copper, or Lattin, the great gross, cont. 12 small gross, every gross 12 doz.

Feather-beds old or new, the piece.

Girdles of Crewel, the gross cont. 12 doz.

The

The Table for the Subsidy p 72. serves
for these following Goods Imported, Ra-
ted at

3 l.
Nest-boxes, the gross, cont. 12 doz. Nests.
Buffins, Mocadoes, and Lile Grograms
narrow, the single piece, not above 15 y.

Caddas, or Crewel Ribond, the doz. ps.
every piece cont 36 yards.

Night-caps of Sattin and Velvet, the
dozen.

Gentish carpets, the dozen.

Caskets of Iron, large, the doz.

Citterns, the doz.

Daggers black with Velvet sheaths, the
dozen.

Paving Tiles, the thousand.

Cut Garnets small or great, the pound.

Garters of Silk, *French-making*, the doz.
pair.

Looking-glasses of Crystal middle sort,
the doz. num. 6.

Hour-glasses of *Flanders-making* course,
the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Ditto, of *Venice-making*, the doz.

Globes, small, the pair.

Handkerchers, the doz.

Hats of silk, *French-making*, the doz.

Ditto, of *Venice*, the doz.

Ditto, of Wool or Worsted trimmed
the doz. Ink.

serves
 d, Ra-
 3 l.
 Nefts.
 grams
 e 15 y.
 oz. ps.
 t, the
 s, the
 and.
 doz.
 sort,
 urse,
 Inkorns, the grofs, cont. 12 doz.
 Carving knives the doz. 1.
 Hanging-locks large, the grofs. cont. 12.
 doz.
 Masks of Velvet, the doz.
 Meal of Wheat or Rye, the Last, cont:
 12 Barrels.
 Needles, the dozen thousand.
 Packthred in skeins, the hund. pound.
 Dripping-pans and Frying-pans, the 112
 pound.
 Warming-pans, the doz.
 Petticoats of Silk, the piece.
 Pots of Iron, *French* or *Flemish*-making,
 the dozen.
 Rape of Grapes, the Ton.
 Shruff, or old Brass, the 112 l.
 Sciffers, the grofs, cont. 12 doz.
Castile or *Venice* Sope the 112 l.
 Tinglafs, the 112 l.
 Tweezes of *France*, the doz.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 120.
 serves for these following Goods *Im-*
 ported. Rated, &c. at 3 l. 6 s. 8 d.
Venice, *Florence* or *Milan* right Gold and
 Silver Thred, the pound, cont. 12 ounces,
Venice weight.

Goshawks, the Hawk.
 Jerkins, the Hawk.
 Woollen or Bay-yarn, the 112 l.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 123.
serves for these following Goods *Imported*. Rated, &c. at 3 l. 10 s.

Candle-wick, the hund. weight, cont.
112 l.

The Table for the Subsidy p 73. serves
for these following Goods *Imported*, Ra-
ted at 4 l.

Aquavitæ, the Hoshhead.

Bankers of Verdure, the dozen pieces.

Blacking, or Lamp-black, the hund.
weight, cont. 112 l.

Books unbound, the Fat, cont. half a
Mauud.

Bow-staves, the hund. cont, 120 staves.

Buskins of Leather, the dozen pair.

Buttons for Hankerchers, the gross, cont.
12 dozen.

Cabinets, or Counters, large, the piece

Night-caps of Silk, knit, the dozen,

Cases with large Ivory Combs, garnish-
ed, the dozen.

Coffers covered with Velvet, the doz.

Comashes out of *Turkey*, the piece.

Daggers gilt, with Velvet sheaths, the
dozen.

Meabro-Deals, the hund. cont. 120.

Dogs of Earth, the gross cont. 12 doz.

Elephants

Elephants teeth, the hund. cont. 112.

Felts for Clokes, *French-making*, three
yards and half long, and one yard and half
broad, the Felt.

Girdles of Velvet, the doz.

Glass plates, or fights for Looking-
glasses, unfild, of Cristal, of num. 7, 8,
10. the dozen.

Gloves of *Canary*, *Milan*, *Venice*, or
French, wrought with Gold or Silver the
dozen pair.

Hawks, voc, Falcons, the Hawk.

Lanners, the Hawk.

Juice of Limons, the Pipe.

French Knives, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Stock-knives ungilt, the dozen Stocks.

Bone-lace of Thred, the dozen yards,

Lead-Ore, the Ton.

Limons pickled, the Pipe.

Maps printed, the Ream.

Mocado ends, the dozen pound.

Onion-feed, the 112 l.

Pheasants the doz. from Christmas to
Midsummer.

Double white or black Plates, the Bar-
rel cont. 300 plates.

Bridges or *Leyden* Rasches, the single ps,
cont. 15 yards.

Ribond of Silk of all sorts, the pound.

Sider, the Ton.

Flemish

Flemish Sope the Barrel.
 Flanders Treacle the Barrel.
 Wine-Lees, the Ton.

The Table toward the left hand, p. 149
 serves for these Goods Imported, Rated
 in the *Book of Rates* at 4 l. 10 s.

Bottles of Glasse with Vices, covered
 with Leather, the doz.

Buffins, Mocadoes, and Lile Grograms
 broad, the single piece, not above 15 yard

Cushen cloths of Tapistry the doz.

Glasses for Windows, voc. Rhenish, the
 Wey or Web, cont. 60 bunches.

Hawks, voc. Garfaulcons, the Hawk.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 178
 serves for these following Commodities
 Imported, which are all rated in the *Book*
of Rates at 5 l.

Middle Barks, the hund. cont. 120.

Chests of Iron, small or middle sort, the
 piece.

Norway Deals the hund, cont. 120.

White Herrings, full or shotten, the last
 cont. 12 barrels.

Gunpowder, voc. Serpentine, the hund.
 cont. 112 pound.

Hatbands, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Hats, voc. Spanish or Portugal Felts, the
 dozen. Iron

Iron Stoves, the piece.

Tenter-hooks, the thousand.

Pullies of Iron, the gross, cont. 12 doz.

Sheep Imported from *Ireland to England*,
the score.

Vinegar, the Ton.

Irish Yarn, the pack, cont. 400 weight,
at 120 l. to the hund.

The Table for the Subsidy, p. 83. serves
for these following Commodities Imported,
rated, &c. at 6 l.

Wood or Sope-Ashes, the Last, con. 12 Bar.

Beef or Pork of *Irel.* or *Scotl.* the Ton.

Boratoes or Bombasines narrow, the sin-
gle piece, not above 15 yards.

Playing-Cards the gross, cont. 12 dozen
pair.

Caskets of Steel, the doz.

Feathers for Beds, the 100. w. cont. 112 l.

Looking-Glasses of Cristal, small, *num.*
7, 8, 9, & 10. the doz.

Large Globes, the pair.

Incle Rows, the doz. pieces cont. 36 yar.
the piece.

Stock-knives gilt, the doz. stock.

Britain-Lace, the gross, cont. 12 dozen
yards.

Oars the hund. cont. six score.

Train

(252)
Train-Oyl of New-found-land, and
the like sort, the Ton.

Pork, the Ton.

Mill'd Says, the piece.

Hounscot Says, the piece cont. 24 yards.

The Table for the Subsidy, p. 84. serves
for these Goods Imported, &c. Rated
at 6 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Chests of Iron, large, the piece.

Stockfish, voc. Groplin, the Last, cont.
2 thousand.

The Table towards the right hand, pag.
205. serves for these following Goods Im-
ported, rated in the *Book of Rates* at 7 l.

Iron Amys, *Spanish*, *Spruce*, and *Swe-
dish*, the Ton. *Bridges* or *Leyden Rashes*,
the double piece, cont. two single pieces.

The Table p. 114. serves for &c. Im-
ported, Rated at 8 l.

Books unbound, the Basket or Maund,
cont. 8 Bales, or 2 Fats.

Boultel Rains, the Bale, cont. 20 ps,
Carpets of *Turkey* or *Venice*, long, cont.
4 yards and upwards.

Chests of Cyprus wood, the Nest, cont.
3 Chests.

Tiles call'd Pan-Tiles, the thousand.

Cod-fish,

Cod-fish the Last, cont. 12 Barrels.
Frizado the piece, cont. 24 yards.
Gunpowder, voc. Corn-powder the 12 l.
Inkle wrought, the doz. pound.
Collen-knives, the gross. cont. 12. doz.
Crewel Lace, the small gross, cont. 12 doz.
Lutes of *Cullen*-mak. with cases, the doz.
Head-Nails, the Barrel.
Small Nails, the half Barrel.
Train-Oyl of *Greenland*, the Ton.
Olives, the Hoghead.
Sack-cloth, the 120 Ells.
Tapistry with Gold or Silv. the *Flem.* Ell

The Table towards the right hand, pag.
178. serves for &c. Imported, Rated, 9 l.
Battery, Bashrones, or Kettles, the hund.
weight cont. 112 pound.
Double Says, or *Flanders Serges*, the ps.
cont. 15 yards.

The Table towards the left hand, p. 179.
serves for &c. Imported. rated, &c. 10 l.
Flanders Bands of Bone-Lace, the Band.
Hats of Beaver Wool or Hair, the Hat.
Hats of *Bridges*, the doz.
Cullen and Steel-Hemp, and all other
sorts of drest Hemp, the C. w. cont. 112 l.
Horses and Mares, the Horse or Mare.
Silk lace of all sorts (exc. silk Bone lace)
the l. cont. 16 ounces. n Gad-

Gad-steel, the half Barrel.
Millstones, the piece.
Wainscots, the 120.

The Table towards the right hand, *p. 146.*
serves for, &c. **Imported**, rated at 12 *l.*
Great Balks, the 100. cont. 120.
Gold and Silver Lace, the *l.* cont. 12
ounces Troy.

The uppermost half Page towards the
right hand, *p. 207.* serves for, &c. **Imported**
rated &c. at 13 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.*
Mellassoes of *Rameales*, the Ton.

The Table for the Subsidy, *p. 75.* serves
for, &c. **Imported**, rated, &c. at 15 *l.*
Spruce-Deals, the hund. cont. 120.
Hops, the hund. weight, cont. 112 *l.*
Islands or Green Wood, the Ton, cont.
2000 weight.

The undermost half page towards the
right hand, *p. 207.* serves for, &c. **Imported**
rated &c. at 18 *l.*
Cloth-Raches, the piece.

The Table, towards the right hand *p. 179*
serve for, &c, **Imported**. Rated at 20 *l.*
Cut-work Bands of *Flanders*, or any
other Countrey.
Eels, voc. Quick Eels, Ships Lading.
The

The Table towards the left hand pag.
180. serves for, &c. Imported, &c. Rated
at 30 l.

Glass-Plates, or Sights for Looking-
Glasses ungilt, of Chrystal, num. 11, 12.
he doz.

^t Red or Guinney-wood, the Ton.

The uppermost half page towards the
left hand, pag. 209. serves for, &c. Im-
ported, Rated, &c. at 50 l.

Whale-Fins of English Fishing, Impos-
ted by English in English Shipping, direct-
ly from the place, by the Ton.

All Toys for Children, (except Babies or
Puppets, and Babies Heads of Earth) pay
15 d. for every 20 s. value Imported.

Note, That all sorts of Fish English-taken,
and brought in English Ships, ought to pay no
Custom; as by the Stat. 5 Eliz. Reg.

All Hides in the Hair, or undrest (except
Buff-Hides, Cow-Hides of Barbary and Mus-
covia, Cow or Horse-Hides Tann'd, India-
Hides, Cow or Horse-Hides in the hair, Losh-
Hides) are to pay but half Custom.

All Merchants-Strangers, bringing in any sorts of Wines, are to pay 30 s. in the Ton over and above the Subsidy and Additional Duty which Natives pay; including 20 s. the Ton, formerly paid to His Majesty, by the Name of Southampton Duties, for Muskadels, Malmsies, and all other Wines of the growth of the Levant.

For which sorts of Wines the Stranger is also to pay to the Use of the Town of Southampton for every Butt or Pipe, the sum of 10 s.

Moreover, the Stranger is to pay the ancient Duty of Butlerage, which is 2 s. upon every Ton.

Note, That such Wines as shall be Landed in any the Out-ports, and Custom paid, and afterwards brought to the Port of London, by Certificate, shall pay so much more Custom, as they paid short of the Duty due in the Port of London.

These Goods following may be Imported free of Custom, as by the Book of Rates.

*Cotton-wool of the English Plantation.
Estrich wooll Imported in English built Ships.*

Irish Wool, comb'd or uncomb'd.

Lambs wool. Polonia wool. Spanish wool for Clothing. Spanish-Felt-wool. Red wool.

A N A P P E N D I X.

The Rates of Merchandize Outward or the Net Custom payable upon Merchandize Exported, and is the twentieth part of what they are rated at in the *Book of Rates* very exactly calculated.

Note, that for Goods Exported, the 5 per Cent. is not allowed out of the twentieth part of the Rates set in the *Book of Rates*.

	<i>s. d.</i>
Parcels of broad Cloth the 3 peice.	0 0 $\frac{1}{10}$
Hare skins the peice.	0 0 $\frac{3}{4}$
Dimity the yard.	0 0 $\frac{1}{2}$
Irish rugs the yard.	0 0 $\frac{1}{2}$
Flannel the yard.	0 0 $\frac{5}{4}$
Wadmol the yard.	0 0 $\frac{5}{4}$
Buttons of haire the gross.	
Freezes the yard.	
Loom-work the yard.	
Points of Leather the gross.	0 0 $\frac{3}{4}$
Shreds and pieces of broad Cloth the pound.	

Cobweb

An Appendix.

Cobweb Lawns the yard.
Shooing-horns the dozen.
Fox-skins the peice.

s. d.

} 0 0 3/4

Dornix of *Engl.* making the
yard.

} 0 0 7/8

Leather manufactures of any
fort, not perticularly rated
the pound.

All new Shoes, Boots, and
Slippers, the pound.

Tapistry or Dornix hangings
of what fort soever made
in *England*, whereof any
Part is wooll, the pound.

} 0 0 1/4

Apples voc. Pippins the Bush.

Otter skins raw the peice.

Badger skins the peice.

Tobacco-pipes the small gross
cont. 12 doz.

} 0 0 3/4

Coverlets of Caddas the peice.

Long Kersie Stockings the
paire.

} 0 0 1/4

Per-

An Appendix.

d.

s. d.

Perpetuanaes and ferges in }
regard of their courfnefs the }
pound weight. } o o $\frac{3}{4}$

Oysters the fmall barrel in
pickle

Otter skins tawed the peice.

All forts of Stuffs (except }
Perpetuana's and Serges) }
made of wool, or mixed }
with hair or threed, the }
pound weight. } o o $\frac{4}{5}$

$\frac{3}{4}$ d.

Cambodium the pound.

o o $\frac{1}{2}$

Bridles the doz.

Coverlets of wool and haire
the peice.

Figurettos with Silk or Cop-
per.

Fillezelos broad of Silk the
yard.

Lace of Velvet the pound.

o I

Statute lace the grofs con. 12
doz.

Silk Rashes broad or narrow the
yard.

$\frac{3}{4}$ d.

Ribbons.

Spanish fattins of Eng. making

n 4

Silk

er-

An Appendix.

Silk stockings.

Engl. taffities broad or narrow, or with threed the yard, and all silk manufactures made of silk only, or other of silk and worsted, or of silk and thred, or haire the pound weight.

Sprats the cade cont. a thousand.

Scabbards for swords the doz.

Woollen stockings for Children the doz.

Goose-quills the thousand.

English hard wax the pound.

Whale fins the gross cont. 12 doz.

Garters of worsted the gross cont. 12 doz.

Hawks hoods the doz.

Swan-skins the peice.

Dog-skins the doz.

Winter or Summer red shot-ten Herrings the cade cont. 500.

All saddels (except great saddels) the peice.

s. d.

0 1

0 1 3

0 1 1

0 1 4

Cornix

An Appendix.

s. d.

Dornix coverlets *Engl.* the
peice.

Emery stones 112 l.

Bricks and Tiles of all sorts,
the 1000.

All other sorts of Earthen
and stone ware made in
Engl. the 100 percels not
(not rated)

Glass broken the barrel.

Glasses to drink in, bottels,
and all other sorts of Glas-
ses the C,

0 2

Hake-fish the 120:

Sheep horns the 1000.

Irish mantels the mantel.

Oatmeal the bush.

Saddel trees the doz.

Sea-morse teeth the l.

Every hog or swine.

Shovels unshod the doz.

Engl. thrown silk the l. cont.
16 oz.

Child. Worsted stockings the
doz.

Hilling stones the thou.

Short Kersie stokings the doz.
paire.

0 2 1/4

Gloves

An Appendix.

s. d.

Gloves plain of sheep, kid or
lambs leather the doz.
pair.
Blowing horns small the doz.
Of Bucks the C.
Powder horns the doz.
Letharge of lead the 112 l.
Shovels shod the doz.
Grograin yarn the l.
Printed Books bound or un-
bound the 112 l.
Candles the doz. l.
Tow cards new the doz.
Playing cards the 112 l.
Hatbands of cruel the gr.
Maps and sea-cards of all sorts
the C. weight cont. 112 l.
Nailles of all sorts the 112 l.
Pictures of *Engl.* making the
C. weight printed or pain-
ted.
Ruffeting for painters the
112 l.
Great saddels the peice.
Irish stockings the doz.
Woollen stockings for men
the doz.
Cony haire or wool black or
white the l.

0 2 2

0 3

0 3

Belows

An Appendix.

s. d.

Bellows the doz.

Red herrings full, the cade
cont. 500.

Monmouth caps plain the doz.

Wolf skins tawed the peice.

Old wooll cardes the doz.

Ox bones the thou.

Cheefe the C. weight.

Oats the quarter.

Normich girdles the doz.

Gloves fringed and sticht
with silk the doz.

Furr'd with cony-wooll the
doz.

White winter herrings shot-
ten, packed the barrel.

White summer herring shotten
pack. the Bar.

Small Nuts the bar. cont. 3
bush.

Irish rugs for beds the rug.

Lambskins voc. More skins
tawed with the wooll the
120.

Lower ends of worsted stock-
ings the doz.

Caps button'd *Engl.* making
the doz.

Garterings of cruel the gr.

Anvils

An Appendix.

s. d.

Anvils the 112 l.

Bacon the flitch.

Baggs the doz.

Bandiliers the hundred collars.

Brushes *Engl.* of heath the
doz.

Caps of woll black the doz.

Woollcards new the doz.

Cordage tar'd or untar'd the
112.

Barly, beans, mault, pease,
rye, and Buckwheat the
quarter cont. 8 bush.

Girdles for chil. the gr.

Glas for windows the chest. 0 6

Felts and all other hats the
doz.

Holsters the doz. paire.

Iron wrought, *viz.* axes ad-
zes curricombs, hose, ar-
mour, bits, knives, locks,
fowling peices, muskets,
pistols, cissors, stirrops,
and all carpenters, and gra-
vers tools, jack-work klok-
work, and all Ironmongers
wares perfectly manufacted
the 112 l.

English canvas tufted the peice
cont. 30 yards:

canvas

An Appendix.

Canvas of *Shropshire* making
the C. ells cont. 5 score.

Sackcloth to make sacks, sowed
with threed.

Ticking *Engl.* making.

Tiffny made of thred and
all other sorts of cloth made
of hemp or Flax, fine or
course linnen of *Engl.* ma-
nufacture, the peice not
exceeding 40 ells.

Mustard-seed the 112 l.

Rape cakes the thou.

Cony skins voc. gray stag the
120.

Kid skins in the hair the C.
cont. 5 score.

Otters wombs the mantle.

Hard soap *Engl.* making the
112 l.

Sugars of all sorts formerly
brought into this Kingdom
and after refined and made
into loaves and exported by
way of merchandize, the
112 l

Velures *Engl.* the singel peice
of 7 yards.

Watches of all sorts the peice.

s. d.

o 6.

canvas

Woad

An Appendix.

	s.	d.
Woadners the C. cont. 5 } score.	0	6
Northern carpets the peice.	0	7
Monmouth caps trimm'd the doz.	0	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pastboards the gros cont. 12 } doz.		
Barnstable bays course of 20 l. weight and under, the bay.	0	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Worsted stockings for men the doz.	0	8
Grindle stones the chal.		
Haire cloth the peice.		
Winter herrings white full the bar.		
Hoops for barrels the thou.		
Lime the chal.	0	8
Parchment the roll.		
Cony skins grey tawed the 120.	0	9
Kid skins drest the C. cont. 5 score.		
Thrums the C. cont. 5 score pound.		
cloak bags the doz.	0	9
Figuretoes narrow the peice.		
Tips of horns the thou.		
Rabbit skins black the C.		

Slate

An Appendix.

Slate stones the thou.	}	s. d.
<i>Engl.</i> worsted narrow the peice.		
Catlings or <i>Engl.</i> Hatmakers strings the gross cont. 12 doz.	}	0 9 $\frac{3}{5}$
Brass and copper mannufac- tures of all forts the 112 l.		
Girdles of leth. for men the g. <i>Engl.</i> glew the 112 l.	}	0 10
Lamb-skins voc. more-skins untawed the 120.		
<i>Eng.</i> Allom the 112 l.	}	
Butter the bar.		
Beer eager the ton.	}	
<i>Manchester</i> or <i>Barnstable</i> fine bags, and all other single bags not exceeding 34 l. weight the peice.		
Card boards the small gr. of 12 doz.	}	1 0
<i>York-shire</i> cushions the doz.		
Wheat the quar.	}	
Flax the C. weight cont. 112 l.		
Buck leather gloves the doz.	}	
Ox guts the bar.		
Packthred, inkle, tape, fil- liting.	}	
Buttons of all forts.		

hooks

An Appendix.

s. d.

Hooks, and eyes.
Tobacco boxes.
Combs of wood, bone or
horn, or any other fort.
Dise.
Flasks of horn.
Inkhorns.
Black or brown thred.
Blew coventry thred.
Whale bone cut or wrought.
And all other Haberdashery
Engl. making, not particu-
larly rated, by the C.
weight cont. 112 l.
Every ox or steer, cow or hei-
fer. } 10
Coach harness the pair with
bridles.
Horns for lanthorns the
thou. leaves.
Rams horns the thou.
Oker yellow or red the 112 l.
Cony skins tawed and dyed
into coloures the 120 l.
Gray seasoned the 120.
Elk-skins raw the peice.
Hard soap *Engl.* making the
bar.
Starch the 112 l.

steel

An Appendix.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Steel voc. gad steel the 112 l.		
Voures the double peice cont. 15 yards.		
Virginals the pair.	1	0
<i>Engl.</i> worsted broad the peice.		
Wine lees the butt.		
Stock cards the doz.	1	2 $\frac{3}{4}$
Gambrey wood the 112 l.	1	2 $\frac{7}{8}$
Weld the 112 l.	1	3
Lamborns the thou:		
Lamb-skins white or black un- tawed the C. cont. 6 score.	1	4
Cat-skins the 100.		
Birdlime the 112 l.		
Fennel seed the 112 l.		
Figurrettoes broad the peice, Hops the 112 l.	1	6
Lifts of cloth the 1000 yards.		
Saffron the pound.		
Lamb-skins white or black tawed with the wooll the 100 cont. 120.		
Red-wood the 112 l.		
Harts haire the 112 l.	1	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hars horn the 112 l.		
Stags horn the 100.		
Ashes of <i>Engl.</i> wood the last cont. 12 bar.	1	8
Fitches the timber, cont. 40 skins		
		Lace.

An Appendix.

	<i>s. d.</i>
Lace of gold or silver the <i>l.</i>	1 9 ³
Alabaster the load.	
Apothecary and confectionary wares of all sorts.	
Aquavita the hogshead.	
Billets the thou.	
Double bags the peice in wei. from 34 <i>l.</i> to 60 <i>l.</i>	
Cottons, <i>Northern, Manches-</i> <i>ter, Taunton</i> and <i>Welch</i> cot- tons, the 100 goads.	
Glovers clippings, the fat or maund.	2 0
Gunpowder the 112 <i>l.</i>	
Ox or cow hair the 112 <i>l.</i>	
Beavers and Demy-castors of <i>Eng.</i> makidg the doz.	
Horse collars the 100 cont. 5 score.	
Iron Ordnance the 112 <i>l.</i>	
Linnen shreds the Maund or Fat.	
<i>Engl.</i> Tallow the 112 <i>l.</i>	
Wine vinegar the ton.	2 4
Calve skins the doz. of 36 <i>l.</i> weight drest or undrest	2 6
Exported by natives, no one skin in any doz. drest or undrest to exceed 4 <i>l.</i>	
	Candles

An Appendix.

s. d.

Candles the barrel cont 10 doz. <i>l.</i>	
Cottons called welch plains the 100 goads.	
Ox horns the thou.	
Horse-Litter and Sedans the peice.	2 6
Sheep and lamb skins drest without wool, the 100 cont. 6 score.	
Squirrils skins the thousand.	
Cony skins black with silver hairs or without the 120.	2 8
Beef the bar.	
Minkin bays, cont. in weight from 60 to 90 <i>l.</i> to pay as 2 single bays.	
Red winter or summr her-rings shotten the last cont. 20 cades or 10000.	3 0
Linseed and rapeseed the quarter cont. 8 bush.	
Sheep and Lambskins tawed with the wool the 120.	
Sheep and lambs pelts the 100 cont 5 score.	3 3
Bell-mettal the 112 <i>l.</i>	
Minikin bags con. about 90 <i>l.</i> in weight, and not above 112 <i>l.</i> to pay all duties as for	4 0

An Appendix.

	s. d.
for 4 single bays and no more	
White winter or summer her-	
rings shottcn packed the last	
cont. 12 barrels.	
Ditto unpacked or sea sticks	
the last cont. 18 barrels.	
Horse tails with haire the	4 0
100 weight cant. 5 score.	
Pork the barrel.	
Salt Peter the 112 l.	
Old shoes the 100 doz. paire.	
Boxwood the ton.	
Coaches and chariots of all	
forts the peice,	
Every horse mare or gelding	
transported by native or	
forreigner to any place in	5 0
amity with his majesty.	
Wrought tinn voc. pewter	
the 112 l.	
Horse hair the 112 l.	
Red winter herrings full the	
last cont. 20 cades or 10	6 0
thousand.	
Engl. wax the 112 l.	
Tinn unwrought the 112 l.	7 4
White winter herrings full	
packed the last cont. 12 bar.	8 0
Unpacked or sea sticks the last	
cont. 18 barrels.	Melasse.

An Appendix.

	s. d.
Melasses or ram ales rhe ton.	
Train oyl made in <i>Engl.</i> the ton.	10 0
<i>Engl.</i> wood the ton.	15 0
Iron the ton.	3 16 0
Old Iron the ton.	
Lead cast and uncast the fodder } cont. 2000 weight.	20 0
Pilchards the ton by strangers.	

These following Commodities may be
Exported Free of Custom, viz.

Bodies stitched with silk.

Ditto of whale bone.

Leather doublets.

Leather sleeves.

Leather stockings.

Waistcoats of *Wadswol* of cotton of
Kerseys, of Flannel, of worsted knit
and of wooll knit; together with
all other sorts of garments or wearing
apparel, ready made.

Dust of Cloves, of Ginger, of lignum
vitæ, of mace, of nutmeg, of pepper,
of all spices, and the like are to be Ex-
ported custom free, haveing paid at the
Importation.

Jewels precious stones and pearls free.

Spanish wool free.

Tonnage

An Appendix.

Tonnage.

For every Ton of Beer to be Exported
in shipping *Engl.* built in mony. 2 s.

For every Ton of Beer Exported in any
other shipping in mony. 6 s.

Goods either Imported or Exported, not
Rated, shall pay *ad valorem*.

Directions for the payment of the
Subsidy upon woollen cloths, or old Dra-
pery.

Every *English* man shall pay for every
short cloth containing in length not above
28 yards and in weight not above 64 l.
white or coloured by him to be shipped &
carried out of this Kingdom. 3 s. 4 d.

Being after the rate of two farthings
and half a farthing the Pound weight

And so after that rate for all sorts of
cloths of greater length and weight, al-
lowing not above 28 yards, and 64 l.
to a short cloth; that is to say for every
pound weight over and above 64 l. two
farthings and half a farthing, and for
all other sorts of lesser cloths to be allow-
ed to a short cloth, as is hereafter ex-
pressed.

Every stranger shall pay for every short
Cloth

An Appendix.

Cloth cont. in length not above 28 yards
and in weight not above 64*l.* white or
coloured by him to be shipped and car-
ried out of this Kingdom. 6*s.* 8*d.*

Besides the old. 1*s.* 2*d.*

And so after that rate for all other sorts
of cloth of greater length and weight,
and for all sorts of lesser cloths to be al-
lowed to a short cloth, as hereafter is
expressed.

What and how many sorts of the lesser
woollen cloths hereafter specified, shall
be allowed to a short cloth, and shall pay
after the rate of the short cloth before
rated, and for over weight two farthings
and half the pound.

7 *Dorset* and *Somerset* rudge dozens
walht, *Cardinals*, *Pin-whites*, *Straits*,
Statutes, *Stockbridges*, and *Laverstocks*.

5 *Tauntens*, *Bridgewaters* and *Dun-
sters*, the five not exceeding 64*l.* in
weight 5 *Devon* doz. cont. 12 or 13 yards
in weight, 13 pounds.

4 Ordinary *Penistones*, or *Forcet whites*,
cont. between 12 and 13 yards and in
weight 28 pound.

4 *Sorting penistones* containing 13 or 14
yards and in weight 35 pound unfried.

3 Narrow *Yorkshire* Kerfies whites and
Red, cont. not above 17 or 18 yards,
and in weight 22 pounds.

3 *Hamp-*

An Appendix.

3 Hampshire Ordinary Kersies.

3 Newberry Whites, and other Kersies of like making, cont. 24 yards, and in weight 28 pound.

3 Sorting Hampshire Kersies containig 28 yards, and in weight 32 pound.

2 Northern dozens single sorting penistones containing between 13 and 14 yards, and in weight 35 pound frized.

1 Northern dozen double.

The new sort of cloth called Spanish cloth, otherwise narrow list western broad cloth not exceeding 25 yards in length and 43 in weight to be accounted two thirds of the short cloth before rated.

And for every pound weight exceeding 43 pounds, two farthings and half the pound weight.

Cloth rashes *alias* cloth ferges containing 30 yards, weighing 40 pounds, to be accounted two thirds of the short cloth before rated.

And for every pound exceeding 40 pound weight two farthings and half the pound weight.

And for any other sort of woollen cloth of the old or new drapery, and not mentioned in this Book, to pay two farthings and half for the subsidy of every pound weight thereof.

The

The Explanation of the T A B L E S.

At the top of every table is set down the particulars of *Merchandize*, as they are mentioned and Rated in the *Book of Rates*. And whereas several sorts of *Linnens, Thred, &c.* Imported, pay alike *Subsidy*, those several sorts are gathered under one head at the top of each Table; so that one Table serves for them all. *Linnens, wrought Silks, Tobacco, of English plantations, and Wines* paying an *Additional Duty* besides the *Subsidy*; you find the Duties Calculated distinct; the word *Subsidy* being over the one, and *Additional Duty* over the other: so that if you have a parcel of *Linnens* to Enter Inwards, as suppose 500 Bolts of *Poledavies*, turn to Page 78. And amongst other particulars, there you find *Poledavies*, then find 500, (the number of your Bolts) in the first Column, and opposit to it you shall find l. 23---15---00. for the *Subsidy*, and l. 10---13---9. for the *Additional Duty*; both added together make l. 34--8--9. which you are to pay for your 500 Bolts of *Poledavie*, and so of all the rest. For those Commodities which pay only *Subsidy*, as *Thred, Drugs, Grocery, &c.*

O You

You find the Commodity you have to Enter, at the top of the Table and the Quantity in the first Column, and the *Subsidy* opposit to it. As thus, suppose you have 100 Dozen of *Bridges Thred* to Enter, you find *Bridges Thred*, Page 118. And opposit to 100 in the first Column you have *l. 10--13--9*. For the *Subsidy* which you must pay for your 100 Dozen of *Bridges Thred*.

The *Subsidy* is the 20th. Part of what your Commodity is Rated at in the top of the Table, so that whereas you find *Poledavies* rated at 1 *l. per Bolt* you are to take the 20th. Part of 20. *Sb.* which is 1. *Sb.* And out of this 20th. Part by the 17th. Article annexed to the *Book of Rates*, there is an allowance given of 5. *per Cent.* so that the *Net Subsidy*, paialbe for 1 Bolt of *Poledavie* is 11 *d.* By this Rule you may prove any of the Tables.

Note, that all *Drugs*, and all *Spices* except *Pepper*, Imported directly from the place of their growth in English-built shipping, are to be rated one Third part of what is charged in the *Book of Rates*, and no more; so that I have not set down what they are rated at in the *Book of Rates*, but the third part thereof, from

from which third part the 5 per Cent. being deducted, leaves the *Net Subsidy* payable

Interpretation of what must be understood by English-built shipping ; mentioned in the *Book of Rates*.

Where any case, abatement, or privilege is given in the *Book of Rates* to Goods or Commodities Imported or Exported, in English-built shipping, that is to say, shipping built in *England, Ireland, Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey* or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or in any the Lands, Islands, Dominions or Territories to his Majesty in *Africa, Asia, or America* belonging, or in his Possession. The Master and three fourths of the Mariners at least, must be *English* during the whole voyage, unless in case of Sickness, Death, or being taken prisoners in the voyage ; to be proved by the Oath of the Master, or other chief Officer of such Ship. *per Act of Nav. 12 Car. 2.*

Aliens are to pay double *Subsidy*, &c. for the Native manufactures of this Realm, of *Wool* or part *Wool*, *Woollen-Cloths*, *Lead*, and *Tinn* Exported, by the Act of *Tonnage and Poundage 12 Car. 2.* and by the 12th. Article annexed to the *Book of Rates*: But by the 25 *Car. 2*

cap. 6. All Clauses in any statute that concern any *Custom* or *Subsidy* upon the Native Commodities of this Realm (except Coals) or Manufactures made here, to be Exported, payable by Aliens made Denizens, or other Aliens, over and above is payable by natural born Subjects, are repealed, And such Merchants shall pay for all such Merchandizes Exported such *Customs* and *Subsidies*, only as the Kings natural born Subjects do by vertue of the Statute of the 12 *Car. 2. cap. 4.*

Every Merchant Denizen or Alien, shall pay for all sorts of Fish, caught by English men, and Exported in English shipping, and whereof the Master and three fourths of the Mariners shall be English, no greater *Customs* and *Subsidies* than Natives of this Realm pay.

*Abridgment of S T A T U T E S
relating to Goods that are prohibited
to be Imported or Exported;
with several restrictions relating to
Goods that may be Imported or Ex-
ported, carried on to this present
Year, 1683.*

None shall Export or Load on any carriage, or lay on board any vessel to Export

port out of England, Wales, Town of
Berwick, Jersey, Guernsey, Sarke, and
Alderney, or Ireland, into any places
 out of the places aforesaid, any *Sheep,*
Wool of the growth of the said places,
Wool-fels, Morlings, or Shorlings, Yarn
 made of *Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth,*
 or *Fullers-Clay*, on pain to forfeit the
 same, and 20 *Sh.* for every *Sheep*, and
 3 *Sh.* for every pound weight of the
 other Goods, and the owners of such
 Ships knowing such offence, to forfeit all
 their Interest in the said Ships, & Masters
 and Mariners assisting thereto, all their
 Goods, and to suffer 3 months Imprisonment.
 The one Moyety of which
 forfeitures, to the King, the other to the
 Informer suing in any Court of Record,
 or before the Justices of Assize, or General
 Quarter Sessions.

They that shall transport or cause to be
 transported, any of the Goods aforesaid,
 and be thereof convicted, are disabled to
 require any Debt belonging to them.

Offences against this Act; may be
 determined in the County where com-
 mitted, or where such Offenders are
 apprehended.

The Offenders not to be Impeached
 unless within a year after the offence
 committed.

committed. Any may feize to their own use and the Kings any of the Goods aforesaid laid on Board, or packed, or loaded on any carriage, or laid near any water to be conveyed into *Scotland*, but such persons shall not give evidence against any that shall be questioned by vertue of this Act.

All vessels whereof any Alien or natural born Subject, not Inhabiting in *England*, shall be owner or part-owner, wherein any of the Goods aforesaid, shall be shipt contrary to this Act, shall be forfeited to the King.

Lamb-skins ready drest are excepted, and necessities for the Ship & Persons therein.

None of the Goods aforesaid shall be transported out of *England*, *Wales*, *Town of Berwick*, or *Ireland*, into *Fersey*, *Guernsey*, *Sark*, or *Alderney*, only *Wool*, from the port of *Southampton*, for the use of the Inhabitants of those Isles, and they that ship such *Wool*, shall beforehand deliver to the Customer, Comptroller, Surveyor, or Searcher of the said port, a writing under the Seal of the respective Governors of the said Isles, or their Deputies, purporting that such party is authorized to export so many number of *Tods*, and hath entred into sufficient Bond, to his Majesty's use, for landing them in that Isle, The *Wool* so exported

not to exceed those Quantities, viz. Unto Jersey 2000 *Tods* of unkembed Wool, to Guerneſy 1000, to Alderny 200. to Sark 100.

The Customer of the Port of Southampton shall keep an account of the Wools so permitted to be loaden, on pain to forfeit 100 *l.* to him that will sue for the same, & to lose his place. And if any of the Governors aforesaid, or their Deputies make licence, to export more they shall forfeit 20 *l.* for every *Tod* licenced above the proportion aforesaid, 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 32.

No more than 12 *d.* shall be taken for writing such Licence and entring a remembrance of it, on pain of 5 *s.* for every penny taken over, to the party greived. Confirmed 13 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 14.

If any Persons export out of England, Wales, or Town of Berwick, or Ireland, any Sheep, or Wool of the growth of the said places, or any Wool-fels, Shorlings or Morlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay, or shall pack or load upon any carriage, or lay on board in any Vessel any such Sheep, Wooll, &c. to export the same, every such offence shall be adjudged Felony.

Owners of such Vessels, and of Horses, Carts, or Carriages, upon which any Sheep,

or other the Goods aforesaid, shall be exported, or carried to such intent, knowing thereof, and consenting thereunto, and also *Masters* and *Mariners* of such vessels, wherein any *Sheep* or other the said Goods, shall be exported or laid on Board to any such intent, and all other Persons whatsoever, knowing thereof, and consenting thereunto, shall be Adjudged Fellons.

Offences against this Act shall be tried and determined in the County where such *Sheep*, and other the said Goods shall be so packed or laid on Board, or where such Offender shall be apprehended.

Peers of the Realm indicted for any offence made Felony by this Act, shall be tried by their Peers.

None shall be impeached for any offence made Felony by this Act unless within a year after such offence committed,

None shall press together with any Skrews, Presses, or other Engines, into any Sack, Bag, &c. Nor shall put, or press any *Wool* or *Tarn* made of *Wool*, into any Cask or Vessel, nor shall lay or cause to be laid near the shore, or coasts of the Sea, or any Navigable River, or into any House or place adjoining there-
unto

unto any such *Wool, Wool-flocks* or *Tarn* made of *Wool*, to export the same, on pain to forfeit it, or the value.

No *Tobacco-pipe Clay* shall be exported out of *England, Town of Berwick, Wales, or Ireland*, under the Penalty of 3 s. for every pound exported contrary to this Act.

No Packs, Bags or Cask of *Wool, Wool-fels, Morlings, Shorlings, Tarn* made of *Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay* or *Tobacco-pipe clay*, shall be laid on any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, or conveyed, to or from any place in *England, Town of Berwick, Wales or Ireland*, but at seasonable hours, viz. From the 1st. of *March* to the 29th. of *September* yearly between the hours of 4. in the Morning and 8. in the Evening, and from the 29th. of *September* to the 1st. of *March* yearly, between 7. in the Morning and 5. in the Evening, on pain to lose all such Goods, or the value thereof; that one moyety of all which forfeitures, mentioned in the Act to be to the use of the King, the other to the Prosecutor.

Owners of any Vessel, or any Masters, or Mariners knowing of such Transportations, that within 3 Months after

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such

such knowledg, or after their return into *England, or Ireland, or Town of Berwick, or Wales,* shall give the first information thereof, before any of the Barons of the Exchequer, of *England, or Ireland,* or the head Officer of any Port where they shall first arrive, upon Oath of the number and Quantity of the Goods so transported, and by whom, where, and in what Vessel, and afterwards shall be ready to prove the same, shall not be punished for Felony, but shall be subject to all other penalties contained in this Act; and all such transportation, or conveying of the Goods aforesaid is declared to be a common Nuisance.

Justices of Assize, Justices of Gaol delivery, and Justices of the Peace in their General Quarter Sessions, may determine the premises. And all Mayors and other head Officers of Cities, Boroughs and Towns, not having Jurisdiction to try Felony, shall enquire of every offence within this Act not made Felony. 13 and 14 *Car. 2. cap. 18.*

This Act doth not make void any Penalties or Clauses in the Statute of the 12 *Car. 2. cap. 32.*

No sort of Wines (other than *Renish*)
no sort of Spicery, Grocery, *Tobacco,*
Pot-

Pot-Ashes, Pitch, Tar, Salt, Rozen, Deal-Boards, Fir, Timber, or Olive Oyl, shall be imported into *England, Wales, or Berwick,* from the *Netherlands or Germany,* upon any pretence whatsoever, in any sort of Ship or Vessels whatsoever, upon Penalty of the loss of all the said Goods, as also the Ships and Furniture. *vide Act for preventing Frauds, 14 Car. Cap. 24.*

But by his Majesty's Proclamations 20 Dec. 1662. And 26 August 1663. All Persons whatsoever may Import from any place beyond Sea, in *English Ships, Mace, Nutmegs, Cinamon, and Cloves,* into *England, Wales, Guernsey, Jersey, Berwick, &c.* Paying the *Customs* thereof, according to the *Book of Rates,* untill the *East India Company* can serve this our Kingdom, and the parts thereof with the same Commodities from *India,* or that our pleasure be published to the contrary.

No Merchant, or other person whatsoever, shall have any benefit of this Proclamation, but such as shall before lading of any the said Spices, in any Ports beyond the Seas, give notice of their intention of Loading the same, unto the Commissioners or Farmers of the Customs at the

the Custom-house in *London*, for the time being, with a particular invoice of the several Spices intended by them to be laden, with their Quantity, Quality, and the Name of the Ship; and Master or Commander of the Ship on which they intend to lade them, and that place into which they intend to import the same, and shall have a Licence under the hands of the said Commissioners or Farmers for the time being, or any three of them; which Licence is to be granted without any Fee, Gratuity, or other charge whatsoever, to the Person demanding the same.

No Commodity of the Growth production, or Manufacture of *Europe*, shall be Imported into any Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or place, to his Majesty belonging or which shall hereafter belong unto or be in the possession of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in *Asia*, *Affrica*, or *America*, (*Tanger* only excepted) but what shall be, *Bona fide*, and without Fraud, Laden and shipped in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, & in *English-built shipping*, or which were *Bona fide* bought before the 1st. of *October* 1662. and had such Certificate thereof, as is directed in the Act, for preventing frauds,
&c.

&c. And whereof the Master and three fourths of the Mariners at least are *English*, and which shall be carryed directly thence, to the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories, or places, and from no other place or places whatsoever, under penalty of the loss of all such Commodities as shall be Imported into any of them from any other place whatsoever, by Land or Water ; and if by Water, of the ship in which they were Imported, with all her furniture, One third to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, one third to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, &c. into which such Goods are Imported, if the said Ship, Vessel or Goods be there seized or informed against, and sued for ; or otherwise that third part also to his Majesty ; and the third part to him or them who shall seize, Inform, or sue for the same, in any of his Majesty's Courts in such of the said Lands where the offence was committed, or in any Court of Record in *England*, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoyn, Protection or Wager in Law, shall be allowed 15 *Car. 2. cap. 6.*

No *Sugar, Tobacco, Cotton, Wool, Indicoes, Ginger, Fustick, or other Dying Wood*

Wood of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any *English Plantations*, in *America*, *Asia*, or *Africa*, shall be transported from any of the said *English Plantations*, to any Land, Island, Territory, Dominion, Port or Place whatsoever, other than to such other *English Plantations*, as do belong to his Majesty his Heirs and Successors, or to the Kingdom of *England*, *Ireland*, Principality of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, there to be laid on shore, under the Penalty of the forfeiture of the said Goods, or the full value thereof, as also of the ship with all her Furniture; one moyety to the King; the other to him or them that shall seize, inform, or sue for the same.

And for every vessel that shall set sail from *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, for any *English Plantations*, in *America*, *Asia*, or *Africa*, sufficient bond shall be given, with one Surety to the Chief Officer of the Custome House of such Port, from whence the said ship shall sail, to the value of 1000*l*. If the said Ship be of less burthen than 100 *Tuns*, and 2000 *l*. if she be greater; That in case the said ship shall load any of the said Commodities at the said *English Plantations*,

ons, the same shall be brought by the said Ship into *England, Ireland, Wales, or Berwick*, & shall there unload the same, the danger of the Saes only excepted: And for all Ships coming from any other Port to any of the aforesaid Plantations, who are by this Act permitted to Trade there; before the said vessel be permitted to take on Board any of the said Commodities, bond (in manner & to the value aforesaid) shall be given to the Governor of such *English Plantations*; that all the foresaid; Goods that shall be laid on Board shall be carried to some other of his Majesty's *English Plantations*, or to *England, Ireland, Wales, or Berwick*, and such Vessel as shall take on Board any of the aforesaid Goods, before such Bond be given to the Governour, or Certificate produced from the Officers of any Custome House of *England, Ireland, Wales, or Berwick*, that such Bond hath been there duly given, shall be forfeited, with all her Guns &c. to be imployed and recovered in manner aforesaid. And the said Governor shall twice in every year, after the 1st. of *January* 1660. return true Copies of all such Bond by him so taken, to the chief Officer of the Custome in *London*,
12 Car. 2. cap. 18 and 19,

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The word Ireland shall be left out of all Bonds taken in pursuance of the statute of 12 Car. 2. Cap. 18.

Every Vessel that shall take on Board any of the Commodities there mentioned, at any the said *English plantations*, untill such bond given, or certificate produced from the Officers of some Custom-House in *England, Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, that such Bond hath been there given, or which shall carry the said Goods to any place, contrary to the tenour of such Bond, shall be forfeited, with all her Guns, Ammunition, Furniture and Lading, one moyety to the King, the other to him that will seize or sue for the same in any of the said Plantations in the Court of any high Admiral of *England* or any Vice-Admiral, or any Court of Record in *England*.

The Governors of his Majesty's Plantations in *America*, shall once a year at least return to the said Officers of the Custom House in the said Port of *London* or such as the King shall appoint to receive the same, a List of such vessels as shall load any of the said Commodities in such Plantations, and of such Bonds taken: and if any Ship belonging to any of the said Plantations, having on Board any
Sugars

Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton, Wool, Indicoes, Ginger, Fustick, or other dying wood, shall unload in any other place of *Europe*, than *England, Wales, or Town of Berwick*, such Vessel shall be forfeited with her Ammunition, Furniture, and Lading, to be recovered and divided as aforesaid.

Any Person may Prosecute such Ship in any Court of Admiralty in *England*.

Tangier not taken to be a Plantation within the meaning of this Act or the 15 Car. 2. Cap. 7. or the 12 Car. 2. Cap. 18.

This Act to continue for 9 years, and to the end of the session of Parliament then next ensuing, 22 and 23 Car. 2. Cap. 26.

Any Merchant Denizen or Stranger, shall export any Spanish or Foreign *Wool*, provided that such Spanish or Foreign *Wools* whatsoever be not exported in any other ship or Vessel whatsoever, with intent to be arrived beyond the Seas, out of the Kingdom of *England*, and Dominion of *Wales*, then only in *English* shipping upon pain of confiscation; vide 5th. Article annexed to the *Book of Rates*.

No Foreign *Wool-Cards, Card-Wire or*

Iron.

Iron wire for *Wool-cards* shall be imported; nor *Card wire* taken out of old *Cards*, put into new leather, and new *card* boards, nor *wool-cards* made thereof, be put to sale, on pain to forfeit all the said wares, or the value, if not seized: half to the King, and half to them that will sue in any Court of Record at *Westminster* or within the County City, or Town Corporate, where the offence shall be committed.

Owners of *wool-cards*, may amend them for their own use, or transport or sell, (for transportation only) old overworn *wool-cards*, 13 and 14 *Car. 2. cap. 19,*

It shall and may be lawful, to ship and lade in English-built shipping, whereof Master and three fourths of the Mariners are *English* in any part of Europe, *Salt* for the Fisheries of *New England*, and *New-found-Land*, and to ship or lade in the Maderaes *Wines* of the growth thereof, and to ship or load in the western Islands or *Azores Wines* of the growth of the said Islands; and to ship and take in Servants or Horses in *Scotland* or *Ireland*, and to ship or lade in *Scotland*, or *Ireland* all sorts of victuals of the growth or production of *Scotland*, or *Ireland*, & to transport
the

the same into any Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, which doth or shall appertain to his Majesty, or Heirs, in *Asia, Africa* or *America*.

From the 25th. of *March* 1664, it shall and may be lawful out of any Port of *England*, or *Wales*, or out of the Town of *Berwick*, to ship and load Sea Coals, for any part of the Plantations, paying for the Chalder *New Castle* measure, 1 s. 8 d. and for the Chalder *London* measure 1 s. and no more, in full of all Custom and Poundage for the same, any Law, Statute, or Prohibition to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided that such Sea Coals be shipped in such shipping, and so navigated as above-said, & that Good security be given to the Officers of the Customs in such Port in which they are shipped, for the Landing them in the said Plantations and nowhere else.

From the first of *August* 1663. it may be lawfull for any Persons whatsoever to export out of any Port of *England*, or *wales*, (in which there is a Custom-er, or Collector,) or Town of *Berwick*, upon *Tweed*, all sorts of Foreign Coyn or Bullian, Gold or Silver, first making Entry thereof in the Custom-House belonging

longing, to any of the said Ports, without paying any Duty, Custome, Poundage or Fee, for the same; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding, 15 *Car. 2. cap. 7.*

Skins or Hides Tanned or untanned of any *Ox, Stear, Bull, Cow or Calf* may not be transported out of *England* into *Scotland, Ireland* or any the Isles belonging to this Kingdom, on pain of forfeiture for every such offence double the value.

Such Skins or Hides aforesaid may be transported out of *Ireland* into *England*.

Any Person or Persons, Transporting any Leather or Raw Hides of any the Beasts aforesaid (excepting such Calves skins, and Sheep skins dressed without the *wool*, as by Law may be transported) shall be disabled to trade in Leather for the future, and for every offence forfeit 500*l.*

Any thing in this Act not to extend to the prohibiting the Transportation of any Leather made into Boots, Shoes, or Slippers.

The Master and Wardens of the *Cordwainers, Sadlers, Girdlers, and Curriers*, of *London* and their Deputies and all
Customers.

Customers, Comptrollers, Farmers of Customs, Supervisors, Searchers and other Officers belonging to the *Customes*, all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, and chief Officers of Corporations, in *England, Wales, or Berwick*, may from time to time by Land or Water, Search for and seize any Leather, or Raw Hides, wrought or unwrought, cut or uncut, packed, or unpacked, intended to be transported into any parts beyond Sea; or into *Scotland*, other then *Calves skins* and *Sheep skins*, as aforesaid.

Tanners who shave, cut and rake their upper Leather Hides all over, and the necks of their Backs and Buts, forfeit all the said Leather, or the value thereof; the Searchers and Sealers of Leather, may seize the same.

All the forementioned Penalties and Forfeitures, shall be recovered by action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any Court at *Westminster* or in any Court of Record in the City, Town, County, or Place where the offence was committed: Half the forfeitures to the King and his Heirs, and half to the Informer that shall sue for the same.

All such Exportation of any Hides
or

or leather adjudged and declared to be a common Nufance.

This doth not prohibit the carrying of any such Hides or Leather as shall be necessary for the ships use in her voyage, nor the selling of 6 Raw Hides and 3 Tanned in any Foreign, place, 14 Car. 2.

Altered, and all sorts of Leather, *Sheep-skins*, or *Calf-skins*, Tanned, Tawed or Drest, may be Exported, paying for each Hundred Weight the Sum of 12 d. and no more, whether Exported by Native or Foreigner, to continue from the 25 March 1668. to the 25 March 1675, And thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament 20 Car. 2. Cap. 5. Expired.

It shall be Lawful to Transport *Iron*, *Armour*, *Bandealeers*, *Bridle-bits*, *Halbert-heads*, and *Sharps*, *Holsters*, *Muskets*, *Carbines*, *Fowling-pieces*, *Pistols*, *Pike-heads*, *Sword or Razier blades*, *Saddles*, *Snaffles*, *Stirrups*, *Calves-skins* drest or undrest; *Geldings*, *Oxen*, *Sheep-skins*, drest without the wool, and all Manufactures made of Leather; *Gun-powder* when it doth not exceed the price of 5 l. per Barrel; *Wheat*, *Rye*, *Pease*, *Beans*, *Barly*, *Malt* and *Oats*, *Beef*, *Pork*, *Bacon*, *Butter*, *Cheese* and *Candles*, when they do not exceed

ceed at the Port from whence they are laden, these prizes, viz. *Wheat* the quarter 40 s. *Rye*, *Bean*,, and *Pease*, 24 s. *Barly*, and *Malt*, the quarter 20 s. *Oats*, 16 s. *Beef*, 5 l. the *Barrel*. *Pork*, 6 l. 10 s. *Bacon*, the pound 6 d. *Butter*, the *Barrel* 4 l. 10 s. *Cheese*,* the Hundred 1 l. 10 s. *Candels*, the dozen pound 5 s. paying the *Rates* appointed by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and no more, 12 Car. 2. Cap. 4.

The King by Proclamation may prohibit the Transportation of *Gunn-powder*, or any Ammunition. Confirmed 13 Car. 2. Cap. 7.

When the price of Corn and Grain, *Winchester* measure, exceed not those Rates at the Places where they shall be shipt, viz. The quarter of *Wheat* 48 s. of *Barly* or *Malt* 28 s. of *Buck-wheat* 28 s. of *Oats* 13 s. 4 d. of *Rye*, 32 s. of *Pease*, and *Beans* 32 s. they may be transported; and when they exceed not the said rates, at the place where they shall be imported, there shall be paid for Custome of every quarter of *Wheat* 5 s. 4 d. of *Rye*, 4 s. of *Barly*, or *Mault* 2 s. 8 d. of *Buck-Wheat*, 2 s. of *Oats*, 1 s. 4 d. of *Pease*, and *Beans* 4 s. And when they exceed not the said prices at the markets or Places where they

they shall be bought, all Persons not fore-
stalling nor selling theirs in the same
Market within 3 Months after buying
them, may buy and lay them up to sell
again without incurring any penalty
15 *Car. 2. Cap. 7.*

Altered by the Act of Tillage 22 *Car.*
2. *Cap. 13.* And all Persons may trans-
port all sorts of Corn and Grain though
the price thereof exceed the rate set down
in the act of 15 *Car. 2. Cap. 7.* paying
such rates as are to be paid when the
same might have been transported by 12
Car. 2. Cap. 4.

When the price of Corn and Grain at
times and places, when and where they
shall be imported, exceeds not the rates
following, there shall be paid for the
Custom or Pondage thereof as followeth
viz. 16 *s.* for a quarter of *Wheat*, not
exceeding the price of 53 *s.* and 4 *d.* and
8 *s.* when it doth exceed that price, and is
not above 4 *l.* the quarter, and 16 *s.* for
a quarter of *Rye*, not exceeding the price
of 40 *s.* and 16 *s.* for a quarter of *Barly* or
Malt, not exceeding the price of 32 *s.*
and 16 *s.* for a quarter of *Buck-Wheat*, not
exceeding the price of 32 *s.* and 5 *s.* 4 *d.*
for a quarter of *Oats*, not exceeding the
price of 16 *s.* and 16 *s.* for a quarter of
Pease

Pease or *Beans*, not exceeding the Price of 40 s. each quarter to contain 8 Bushels, and each Bushel 8 Gallons.

When the prices exceed these rates, there shall be answered the Duties payable before this Act.

There shall be paid for the Custome of an hundred weight of *French* or *Pearl-Barly*, 5 s.

But by the *Book of Rates* the 112 l. valued at 20 s. is to pay but 1 s. Corn of the growth of *Scotland*, Imported from thence in *Scotch* built-ships, not lyable to pay Aliens duty.

Stat. 29 and 30 *Car. 2. cap. 1.* for raising money by a Poll and otherwise, to enable his Majesty to enter into an Actual War against the *French King*.

After the 20th. of *March* 1677. No *French Wine*, *Vinegar*, *Brandy*, *Linnen-Cloth*, *Silk*, *Salt*, *Paper*, or any manufactures made of, or mixt with *Silk*, *Thred*, *Wool*, *Hair*, *Gold*, or *Silver*, or *Leather*, being of the product or manufacture of any the Dominions of the *French King*, shall, during the term of 3 years, or before the end of the first Session of Parliament next after the expiration of the said 3 years, be Imported into *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, *Fersey*,
P *Guernsey*

Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Isle of Man mixt or unmixt with any Commodity of the product of any other Country ; such Importation and vending the said Commodities contrary to this Act, declared a common Nuisance : and such Goods so Imported may be seized, and the vessels in which they be or were imported, may be stayed by any persons whatsoever, till search can be made, and the Goods carried into his Majesty's ware-house, and an information thereof shall the next Term or sooner be exhibited in the Kings Bench or Exchequer, and no Writ of delivery or restitution granted till the cause be finally determined, and the quality or value of the Goods adjudged by verdict of a Jury, upon taste or view of the said Commodities, or proof before them made; and in case the said Jury return their verdicts that the said Commodities or any of them were of the product or manufacture of the *French King*, Judgment shall be passed, that all such *Wines* and *Brandies* shall be stayed and split : and the other Commodities publicly burnt and destroyed, and the Importers shall forfeit the value of such Goods : and they in whose custody the same shall be found at the time of such seizure or stay,

or

or shall sell them contrary to this Act, shall for the first offence forfeit the value, thereof; and for the second offence shall forfeit the value, and be incapable to exercise any trade, or execute any employment about any part of the Kings revenue: one moyety of which forfeitures to the poor of the Parish where the said Goods shall be first landed or seized, the other to the Informer.

If any of the Commodities aforesaid shall be brought into any Ports, Havens or Creeks of *England, Wales*, Town of *Berwick*, or of the Islands aforesaid, as reprisal or rescue, the same shall not be landed, or sold under the penalties and forfeitures aforesaid, to be recovered and disposed of as aforesaid; but being adjudged good prize, shall be exported again in the same Vessel, and if any of the Commodities aforesaid, whensoever Imported, shall during the said term of 3 years, and after the first of *May* 1679. be found vended, they may be seized by any persons whatsoever, and the like Information, Judgment, and Execution shall be had, as if they had been Imported contrary to this Act, and they, in whose custody they shall be found, or that shall utter the same after the said 1st of *May*, shall

shall incur the forfeitures and penalties
aforesaid, to be recovered and disposed
as aforesaid; the proof shall be incumbent
upon the *Importer, Claimer, Owner, Seller,*
&c. and not only Informer.

If any Informer shall by fraud or collu-
sion delay the prosecution of the condem-
nation of the said Commodities after
seizure or stay thereof, he shall forfeit
500 *l.* to be recovered as aforesaid: one
moyety to the Poor of the Parish where
such informer was residing, the other
to him that shall Inform against him. All
Officers of the Customs, *Sheriffs, May-*
ers, Bailiffs, Constables, and other Offi-
cers are enjoined to be aiding and assist-
ing in the due execution of this Act, and
no Officers relating to the Customs, shall
sign, or allow any order for delivery of
the said goods to any person, or into any
place, other then one of his Majesty's
Ware houses, nor shall any surveyor of
the Land-Waiters or other officers what-
soever relating to the customs, take up
or deliver the said Goods, or suffer them
to be carried to any other place: and
such Goods brought into any of his Majesty's
Ware-houses, with the time when they
were brought in and delivered out, shall
by

by direction of the chief Officers of the Customs be registred in a book, to be kept for that purpose, and to be produced at any time concerning the same nor shall such Goods be Delivered out of the said Ware-houses, till Judgment given touching the same.

Persons not being Shop-keepers, that shall after the said first of *May* 1679. sell or expose any of the said Commodities, shall over and above the penalties aforesaid, be imprisoned twelve Months.

14 *Car.* 2. 13. None shall sell or offer to sale, export or Import Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroydery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle Work of Thred or Silk, on pain to forfeit for selling or offering to sale as aforesaid 50 *l.* and the Goods themselves, and for importing 100 *l.* and the Goods imported, one moiety to the King, the other to him that will sue in any court of Record.

Justices of Peace upon information given may Issue warrants to Constables to search for such manufactures in shops being open, Ware-houses & Dwelling-houses, and to seize them.

Informations and Suites upon this Law must be commenced within 12 Months after discovery.

From the first of *May* 1673 it may be Lawfull for any Person Native or Foreigner freely to trade into and from *Sweden*, *Denmark*, and *Norway*, any thing in the Charter to the Fellowship of East-land Merchants, or any other Charter, Grant Act or any thing else heretofore made or done, or hereafter to be done to the contrary, in any wise notwithstanding. Whatsoever Subjects of this Realm shall desire to be admitted into the said fellowship of Merchants of Eastland may be admitted paying 40 *s.* for his admittance, and no more, 25 *Car.* 2.

If any *Ling*, *Herring*, *Cod*, or *Pilcherd*, fresh or salted, dried or bloated, or any *Salmon*, *Eels*, or *Congers*, taken by any Alien shall be Imported, or exposed to sale in this Kingdom, 'tis Lawfull for any person to seize the same; one half to the Poor, the other to himself.

— No fresh *Herring*, fresh *Cod*, or *Haddock*, *Coal-fish*, or *Gul-fish*, shall be Imported into *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, but in English-built ships, or ships *Bona fide* belonging to *England*, *Wales*, or *Ireland*, having certificate thereof, upon forfeiture of all such *Herring*, &c. and the ship in which it was imported, half to the King and half to the Informer.

Cattle

Cattle of the breed of the Isle of *Man*, may be Imported not exceeding 600 in one year, and Corn of the growth of that Island; so the Cattel be landed at *Chester*, *Liverpool*, or *Wire-water*, 15 *Car.* 2. 7.

His Majesty's Subjects of this Realm at their will and pleasure may convey and transport out of this Realm, in ships and and other vessels of any the Subjects of this Realm, all and every kind of *Herrings* and other Sea-fish to be taken on the Sea, by any his Majesty's Subjects, from or out of any Port or Harbour of this Realm to any place out of his Majesty's Dominions, without paying any *Custom*, *Subsidy*, or *Poundage* Money for the same, 12 *Car.* 2. 6.

It is Lawful for any Person to export out of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, where there is a Customer or Collector, all sorts of Forreign Coyn or Bullion of Gold and Silver, first making entry thereof in such Custom-house, without paying any Duty, Custom, Poundage or Fee for the same 15 *Car.* 2. 7.

Every Head of great Cattle (except such as are of the breed of *Scotland*) that shall be brought into *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, after the 1st. *July*, and before

the 20th. *December* in any year, and for every head of great Cattle of the breed of *Scotland*, brought into *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, after the 24th. *August*, and before 24th. *December* in any year, there shall be paid to his Majesty his Heirs and Successors 20 s. and 10 s. to him or them that shall inform and seize the same, and 10 s. to the Poor of the Parish where such seizure shall be made. And for every Sheep Imported into *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, after the 1st. *August* and before the 20th *December* in any year, 10 s. to continue no longer then the end of the first Sessions of the next Parliament 15 Car. 2. 13.

Importation of Cattle dead or alive declared to be a common Nuisance, and if any great Cattle Sheep, or Swine, or any Beef, Pork, or Bacon, shall be brought from beyond Sea, except for the necessary provision of the Vessel in which it shall be brought, not exposing it to sale, any Constable, Tithing-man Headborough Church-Wardens, or Overseers of the Poor may seize and keep the same 48 hours, within which time if it be made appear to some Justice of Peace of the County by oath of 2 Witnesses, that it was not Imported contrary to this Act, it shall be

bedelivered him upon such Justices Warrant, else shall be forfeited, half to the Poor of the Parish where seized, and half to the Seizer.

Cattel may be Imported from the Isle of *Man*, not exceeding 600 head yearly, Provided they be of the breed of that Island, and landed at the port of *Chester*, or members thereof.

This Act to continue for 7 years and from thence to the end of the next Sessions of Parliament, 18 *Car.* 2. 2.

Every Inhabitant in the Parishes, and Places where Importation of Cattel, Beef, Pork, &c, contrary to the 18 *Car.* 2. 2. shall be, may seize and deliver the same to the *Constable*, *Tithing-man*, *Headborough*, *Church-Wardens*, or *Overseers* of the poor, to be disposed as is directed in the said Act.

Every Liberty, Parish, or Place and Inhabitants thereof, neglecting to make such seizure shall forfeit 100 *l.* for every default for the use of the house of Correction within the County or Liberty, &c. where such monies and other forfeitures accruing to the poor by this and the former Act, shall be accounted for, to such persons, and in such manner, as the *Overseers* of the Poor are appointed to account by the 43 *Eliz.* cap. 2.

Every Vessel in which any Cattel, Swine, Sheep, Beef, Pork, or Bacon shall be Imported, shall be forfeited, and any person within a year after such importation may seize and sell her, half for the Poor, and half for the Seizer: And any Justice of Peace of the County, or chief Officer of the Port in or near the place where such Importation shall be, or where any of the said Cattle shall be driven or brought, by warrant under hand and seal, may cause the Master and Mariners of the Vessel, and others employed in landing, driving or taking care of the same, to be apprehended and committed to Gaol for 6 Months.

When through any fraudulent agreement or connivance of any *Constable* &c. or otherwise, any such Cattle, after the first seizure, shall be found in any other Parish, the *Constable*, &c. of such Parish may seize and dispose them as aforesaid.

The like *Proviso* for Importation of Cattle from the Isle of *Man*, as in the former Act.

Persons that wilfully agree together to evade the seizures or forfeitures, being prosecuted within a year, incur the penalties of 16 *Rich 2. of Praemunire*, 20 *Car. 2. 7.*

By

By the 32 *Car.* 2. the Act made 18 *Car.* 2. against Importing Cattel from *Ireland*, and other parts beyond Seas, and Fish taken by Foreigners, is revived, and power given not only to *Constables*, but to every person in any Place whatsoever, to take and seize the Cattle and Goods Imported, contrary to the said Act; and such seizer shall have the benefit given by this Act.

The Seizer within 6 days after conviction and Forfeiture, must cause the Cattle to be killed, and the Hides and Tallow, shall be to the seizer, and the remainder of the Cattle to be distributed amongst the poor of the Parish.

Proviso, not to hinder the Importation of Stockfish, or Live Eels.

Mutton, Lamb, Butter, or Cheese from *Ireland* Imported, are liable to the like seizures.

English Cattle driven with *Irish*, subject to like forfeitures.

Because by the 12 Article annexed to the *Book of Rates* particular mention is made of certain Duties payable by *Charta Mercatoria*, besides the *Subsidy*, (which Duty is called *Parva Custuma*, and is a Duty payable by Merchants strangers, and begun in the time of King
Edward

Edward the first, when they granted him and his Heirs 3 *d.* in the pound for all Merchandize Exported, and Imported by them,) I thought fit to insert the same here in Latine as it was faithfully transcribed out of the Roll in the Tower, as also in English for information and better ascertaining the duties that are payable thereby, being also for the advantage of his Majesty's Revenue, and is left out of the *Book of Rates* commonly sold.

After the 1st. May 1671. any person that shall build, &c. in any of his Majesty's Dominions a Ship with three Decks, a Fore-castle, and 5 foot between each Deck, 30 Peices of Ordnance at the least and proportionable Ammunition, shall for the first two voyages, from his Majesty's Dominions to any Foreign parts, receive to his own use one tenth of the Customs.

And for Ships of two Decks, above 300 Tons, and 30 Guns, one Twentieth part of the Customes of all Goods Exported and Imported, and the Officers of the Customes are required to pay the same to the Owners of the said Ships accordingly. 22 and 23 *Car.* 2.

The penalty for bringing into the Realm corrupt or Mixt Hopps, forfeits the same 1 Jac. 18. continued 3 *Car.* 14. and 17 *Car.* 14. Sic

Sic incipit Rotulus *The Roll thus begins.*

Charters in the

Carta de anno Regni 31st. year of the
Regis Edvardi Filii Reign of King Ed-
Regis Henrici Tri- ward Son of King
cessimo primo. Henry.

Num. 44 intus.

Num. 44 within the
said Roll.

Pro Mercatoribus For Merchants-
alienigenis de Liber- Strangers liberties
tatibus eis concessis. granted to them.

REX, Archiepis. **T**HE King to
 &c. Salutem. &c. his Arch-Bishops
 Circa bonum Statum Concerning the good
 omnium Mercato- condition of all the
 rum Subscriptorum Merchants of the
 Regnorum, Terra- Kingdoms, Lands and
 rum, & Provincia- Provinces under writ-
 rum, videlicet, A- ten: That is to say,
 lemann, Francia, Germany, France,
 Hispania, Portugalia, Spain, Portugal,
 Navarr, Lombardi- Navarr, Lombardy,
 ca, Tuscia, Provincia, Tuscany, Provence,
 Cathalonia, Ducatus Catalonia, our Duke-
 Nostri Aquitann. Tho- doms of Aquitain,
 losan, Tatureini, Tholouse, Turin,
 Flandr. Brabant, Flanders, Brabant,
 &

& Omnium aliarum *and all other Lands,*
 terrarum, & loco- *and foreign places by*
 rum extraneorum *what name soever*
 quocunque nomine *called, coming into our*
 censeanter, venien- *kingdom of England,*
 tium in Regnum *and there remain-*
 nostrum Angliæ, & *ing.*
 ibidem conversan-
 tium.

Nos precipua cura *We being very so-*
 Sollicitat. *qualiter sub* *licitons out of our espe-*
 nostro dominio tran- *cial care, that under*
 quilitatis, & plenæ *our dominions a free-*
 securitatis immuni- *dom of tranquility,*
 tas eisdem Mercato- *and full security for*
 ribus futuris tempo- *the said Merchants*
 ribus præparetur : *may be provided for*
 ut itaque vota ipso- *the future, so as they*
 rum reddantur ad *may the more readily*
 nostra, & Regni no- *apply themselves to the*
 stri Servicia promp- *service of us, and of*
 tiora ; ipsorum Pe- *our Kingdom, we gra-*
 titionibus favorabi- *ciously answering their*
 liter annuentes, & *Petitions, and ordai-*
 pro statu eorundem *ning more amply for*
 plenius asscurando, *securing their condi-*
 in forma quæ sequi- *tion in form following*
 ter ordinantes sub- *underwritten, are*
 scripta, dictis Mer- *pleased to grant to the*
 catoribus pro nobis, *said Merchants for us*
 &

& Heredibus nostris and our Heires for
in perpetuum duxi- ever.

mus concedenda. Imprimis, That is

Imprimis, vide- to say, that all Mer-
llcet, quod omnes chants of the said
Mercatores, dicto- Kingdoms and Lands
rum Regnorum & may come from any
terarum salvo & se- other place, safe and
cure sub tuitione secure under our tuiti-
& protectione no- on and protection into
stra in dictum Reg- our said Kingdom of
num nostrum Angliæ, England and every
& ubique infra po- where within our do-
testatem nostram minions with their
alibi veniant cum merchandizes of what
Merchandis suis sort soever, and be
quibuscunque, de unmolested, and qui-
Muragio, Pontagio, et concern-
& Pavagio, liberi & ing (a) mu- (a) Repa-
quieti: quodque in- rage (b) ring of
fra idem Regnum & Pontage; publick
Potestatem nostram, and (c) Pa- Walls (b)
in Civitatibus, Bur- vage, and Bridges,
gis & villis, Mer- that with- (c) Pave-
catoriis possint mer- in our said Kingdom
cari, duntaxat in and dominion they may
grosso, tam cum traffick in the Cities,
Boroughs, and market
Towns, only in gross,
as well with Natives
Indigenis,

Indigenis, seu Incolis ejusdem Regni, & potestatis nostræ predictæ, quam cum

(a) In Recordo Ali-enigenis extraneis vel priva-

tis. Ita tamen quod merces quæ vulgari-ter Merceriæ vocan-tur ac species, Mina-ciatim vendi pos-sint, prout antea, fieri consuevit : & quod omnes predicti Mercatores Mer-chandisas suas quas ipsos ad prædictum Regnum & potesta-tem nostram emere, vel alias adquirere contigerit ; possint quo voluerint, tam infra Regnum & po-estatem nostram predictam, quam extra ducere, seu portari facere, præ-terquam ad terras

or Inhabitants of this our Kingdom and Dominion aforesaid, as with Strangers, Foreign, and Dome-stick; but so, as their Warres Vulgarly called Mercery or the Spe-cies thereof, they may sell by retail, as formerly hath been accustomed. And that all the said Merchants may carry, or cause to be carried whither they please, their Merchandize which they have brought into our said Kingdom and Dominion, or other-wise acquired; except to the Lands, ma-

manifestorum . & of the manifest and
 notiorum hostium notorious Enemies of
 Regni nostri, sol-our Kingdom, paying
 vendo consuetudines the Customs which shall
 quas debebunt, Vi-be due, Wines only
 nis duntaxat excep- excepted, which shall
 tis, quæ de eodem not be exported out of
 Regno, seu potesta- our said Kingdom or
 te nostra, postquam Dominion, after they
 infra idem Reg- have been Imported
 num, seu potesta- into our said Kingdom
 tem nostrum ducta or Dominion, without
 fuerint, sine volun- Pleasure and special
 tate nostra & licen- Licence, by any way
 tia speciali, non or means whatsoever.
 liceat eis educere
 quoquo modo.

Item, quod Prædi- Item, That the said
 cti Mercatores, in Merchants may Lodge
 Civitatibus, Burgis in the Cities, Bo-
 prædictis pro volun- roughs, and Towns
 tate sua hospitari aforesaid, at their
 valeant & morari own Pleasure, and
 villis ac cum bonis there stay with their
 suis, ad gratum ip- Goods to the content of
 forum quorum fue- them who entertain
 rint hospitia sive them.
 domus.

Item quod quilibet Item, That every
 Contractus per ip- Contract made by the
 so

fos Mercatores cum *said Merchants* with
 quibuscunque perso- *what persons* soever,
 nis, undecumque *and from what Places*
 fuerint, super quo- *soever, for what kind*
 cumque genere Mer- *of Merchandizes* so-
 chandisæ, intus, fir- *ever, shall be firm and*
 mus sit & stabilis, ita *and stable, so that*
 quod neuter Merca- *neither of the Mer-*
 torum ab illo Con- *chants shall depart*
 tracto possit discede- *from, or go back from*
 re, vel resilere, post- *his bargain, after a*
 quam denarius Dei *Gods penny is given*
 inter principales *and received, between*
 personas contrahen- *the principal persons*
 tes, datus fuerit & *contracting; and if*
 receptus. Et si for- *it happen that a con-*
 san super contractu *tention arise on the said*
 huiusmodi contencio *contract, there shall be*
 oriatur, fiat inde *a Tryal, or Inquisition*
 probacio aut Inqui- *according to the usa-*
 ficio secundum usus, *ges and Customs of the*
 & consuetudines fe- *Fairs, and Towns*
 riarum, & villarum *where such Contract*
 ubi dictum con- *shall be made or be-*
 tractum fieri conti- *gun.*
 gerit, & iniri.

Item, Promitti- *Item, We promise to*
 mus præfatis Mer- *the aforesaid Mer-*
 catoribus pro nobis, *chants, and for us,*
 & heredibus no- *and our Heirs for*
 stris,

nostris, in perpetu- ever grant, that we
 um concedentes, by no means whatsoe-
 quod nullam prisam ver will make, nor
 vel arestacionem, suffer to be made any
 seu dilacionem occa- (a)Prise or
 sione prisæ de arrest or (a)things
 cæterodei mercimo- detention taken by
 niis, Merchandis, by occasion the Kings
 seu aliis bonis suis of (b) purvey-
 per nos, vel alium, seu Prize for ors from
 alios, pro aliqua ne- the future his sub-
 cessitate vel casu, upon their jects.
 contra voluntatem said wares, (b) Vide
 ipsorum Mercato Merchan- inter-
 rum aliquatenus fa- dizes, or pre-
 ciemus, aut fieri pa- other their goods, ter by Dr.
 tiemur; nisi statim by us or by any other, John Cow-
 soluto precio pro or others in any ell.
 quo ipsi Mercatores case, and necessary
 aliis hujusmodi mer- whatsoever, against
 cimoniam vendere po- the will of the said
 ssint, vel eis alias Merchants, without
 satisfactio ita quod the price presently
 reputent se conten- paid for which the
 tos, & quod super said Merchants might
 mercimonia, mer- sell to others, wares
 chandisas, seu bona of the like sort, for,
 ipsorum per nos, or otherwise to satisf-
 vel ministros nostros sic them, so as they
 nulla

nulla appreciatio, aut shall repute themselves
 estimacio imponetur. contented. And that
 no Appraisement, or
 value shall be put upon the said Merchants
 VVares, Merchandises or Goods, by us or our
 Ministers.

Item, Volumus Item, We will that
 quod omnes Ballivi, all Bailiffs and Offi-
 & ministri feriarum cers of Fairs, Cities,
 Civitatum, Burgo- Burroughs and Mar-
 rum, & villarum ket Towns, shall do
 Mercatoriarium , speedy Justice to the
 Mercatoribus ante said Merchants com-
 dictis conquerenti- plaining to them from
 bus eis, celerem jus- day to day, without de-
 ticiam faciant de die lay, according to the
 in diem sine dilaci- Merchants Law, con-
 one, secundum Le- cerning all and every
 gem mercatoriam, de thing which by the said
 universis & singulis Law may be determin-
 quæ per eandem Le- ed. And if any de-
 gem poterunt termi- fect shall happen to be
 nari. Et si forte inve- found in any of our
 niatur defectus in Bailiffs or Ministers
 aliquo Balivorum vel aforesaid, whereby the
 ministrorum præ- said Merchants or any
 dictorum unde iidem of their Factors shall
 Mercatores, vel eo- suffer loss, altho' the
 rum aliquis dilectus Merchant recover his
 Losses

incommoda sustinu- *Losses against the par-*
erint, vel sustinuerit, *ty in the whole, yet ne-*
licet Mercator versus *vertheless the Bailiffs*
partem in principali *or other Ministers of*
recuperaverit dam- *ours, as the fault re-*
na sua, nihilominus *quires, shall be punish-*
Ballivus, vel Mini- *ed; and we grant th-*
ster alius versus nos, *said punishment in fae*
prout delictum eri- *vour of the Merchant-*
git, puniatur, & pu- *afore said, for com-s*
nitionem istam con- *pleating their right.*
cedemus in favorem
mercatorum præ-
dictorum, pro eorum
justitia maturanda.

Item, Quod in *Item, That in all*
omnibus generibus *kind of pleas, saving in*
placitorum, salvo *the case of crime, for*
casu criminis pro *which the pain of death*
quo infligenda fit pæ- *is liable to be inflicted*
namortis, ubi merca- *where the Merchant*
tor implacitatus fu- *shall be impleaded; or*
erit, vel alium impla- *he implead ano-*
citaverit, cujuscun- *ther, of whatsoever*
que conditionis i- *condition he that is*
demimplacitatus ex- *impleaded be of, whe-*
titerit, extraneus vel *ther a Foreigner or*
privatus, in Nundi- *a Domestick, in the*
nis, Civitatibus, si- *said Fairs, Cities or*
ve Burgis ubi fuerit *Burroughs, wherethere*

sufficiens copia Mer- is a sufficient plenty of
 catorum prædicta- Merchants, of the
 rum terrarum, & In- Lands aforesaid, and
 quisitio fieri debeat, inquisition there ought
 sit medietas Inquisi- to be made ; half of
 tionis de eisdem mer- the inquisition shall be
 catoribus, & medie- of the said Foreign
 tas altera de alijs Merchants, and the
 probis & legalibus other half of honest &
 hominibus loci illius Lawful men, where the
 ubi placitum illud Plea happens to be :
 esse contigerit : Et And if a sufficient
 si de Mercatoribus number of the Mer-
 dictarum Terrarum chants of the said Lands
 numerus non inveni- shall not be found, let
 atur sufficiens, ponatur those be put in the in-
 tur in Inquisitione illi quisation who shall be
 qui idonei invenien- found fit in that place,
 tur ibidem, & residui and let the residue be of
 sint de alijs bonis ho- other good and fit men,
 minibus, & idoneis, in the places in which
 de locis in quibus that Plea shall be.
 placitum illud erit.

Item, Volumus, Item, We will, or-
 Ordinamus & statui- dain and appoint, that
 mus, Quod in quali- in every Market Town
 bet villa Mercatoria, and Fair of our said
 & feria Regni nostri Kingdom & elsewhere
 prædicti, & alibi within our Dominion,
 infra Potestatem our weight is to be put
 nostram

noſtram, Pondus no- in a certain place, and
 ſtrum in certo loco before weighing there-
 ponatur & ante pon- of, the Scale to be
 derationem Statera empty in the preſence
 in præſentia Empto- of buyer and Seller,
 riſ & Venditoriſ va- and the arms thereof
 cua videatur, & to be equal, and when
 quod Brachia ſint he hath ſet the ſcale
 Equalia & ex tunc equal, he is forthwith
 Ponderator ponde- to take off his hands,
 ret in æquali, & ſo that it may remain
 cum ſtateram poſu- Equal; and that
 erit in æquali, ſta- throughout our whole
 tim amoveat manus Kingdom and Domi-
 ſuas ita quod rema- nion, there to be one
 neat in æquali, weight and mea-
 quodque per totum ſure, both of them ſeal-
 Regnum, & pote- ed with the ſign of
 ſtatem noſtram u- our Standard, and
 num ſit pondus & that every one may
 una menſura, & ſig- have a Seal of one
 no Standardi noſtri Quarteroni and un-
 ſignetur, & quod der, where contrary to
 quilibet poſſit habe- the Governour of the
 re ſtateram unius ſaid place or Liberty
 Quarteroni & infra, by us, or our Anceſtors
 ubi contra Dominum was not granted, or con-
 loci, aut liberta- trary to the Cuſtom of
 tem per nos, ſeu the Villages and Fairs
 Antecſſores noſtros hitherto obſerved.

con-

concessam illud non fuerit , sive contra villarium aut feriarum consuetudinem hætenus observatam.

Item volumus & concedimus , quod *Item, We will and grant, That some certain faithful and discreet Person residing in London, may be appointed a Justice in behalf of the forementioned Merchants, before whom they may plead specially, & more speedily recover their Debts, if the Sheriffs and Mayors distribute not to them day by day, compleat and speedy Justice; that then a Commission be granted to the foresaid Merchants, besides this present Charter, concerning those Goods which are to be conveyed between Merchants and Merchants, according to the Merchants Law.*

Item;

Item, ordinamus, Item, we ordain
& statuimus, & Or- and appoint, and our
dinacionem illam *will and pleasure is,*
Statutumque pro no- for us and our Heires
bis & Hæredibus that this Ordinance
nostris in perpetu- and Statute be firmly
um Voluimus firmi- kept for ever, nor-
ter observari, quod withstanding any Li-
pro quacunq; liber- berty what so ever which
tate quam nos vel hæ- We or Our Heirs
redes nostri de cæte- for the future shall
ro concedimus, præ- grant, the said Mer-
fati Mercatores fu- chants ought not to
pra-scriptas Liber- lose their above writ-
tates, vel earum a- ten Liberties, or any of
liquam non amit- them: & for & in con-
tant. Pro supradi- sideration of their ob-
ctis, autem libertati- taining the said Liber-
bus & liberis con- ties and free Usages,
fuetudinibus obti- and our Prises to be
nendis, & prisis no- remitted to them, all
stris remittendis and singular the said
eisdem sæpe dicti Merchants for them-
Mercatores universi selves, and all others
& singuli pro se & on their part, have
omnibus aliis de heartily & unanimous-
partibus suis, nobis ly granted to us that
concorditer & una- for every Hogshead
nimiter concess-
erunt quod de quoli-

Q

tet

bet Dolio Vini quod of Wine which they
 adducent, vel ad-shall bring in, or
 duci facient infra cause to be brought in
 Regnum, & pote-within our Kingdom or
 statem nostram, & Dominion thereof;
 unde Marinariis and from whence they
 frettum solvere te-are obliged to pay
 nebuntur, solvent Freight to the Mari-
 nobis & Hæridibus ners, to pay to us and
 nostris nomine Cuf-to our Heirs, by the
 tumæ, duos solidos name of Custom, two
 ultra antiquas Cuf-Shillings over and a-
 tumas debitas & in bove the ancient Cuf-
 Denariis solvi con-toms due, and accusto-
 fuetas, nobis aut med to be paid in pence
 aut aliis infra qua-within forty dayes
 draginta dies post-after the said Wines
 quam extra Naves are put on Shore out of
 ad Terram posita fu-the Ships.
 erint dicta vina.

Item, de quolibet Item, for every Sack
 Sacco Lanæ quam of Wool, which the
 dicti Mercatores, said Mercrants or
 aut alii nomine ip-others in their names
 forum ement, & de do buy, and out of this
 Regno nostro edu-Kingdom transport,
 cent, aut emi, & or put to transport,
 educi facient, fol-shall pay Forty pence
 vent quadragintade-over and above the
 narios de incremen-

to, ultra Custumam *antient Custom of hal-*
 antiquam dimidiæ *a Mark, which for-*
 Marcæ quæ prius fu- *merly was paid. And*
 erat persoluta: Et *for a Last of Hides*
 pro Lasto coriorum *carried out of this our*
 extra Regnum & *Kingdom and Domi-*
 Potestatem Nostram *nion thereof, to be*
 vehendorum dimi- *sold half a Mark over*
 diam Marcam, in- *and above that which*
 pra id quod ex anti- *according to ancient*
 qua Custuma antea *Custom was formerly*
 solvebatur; & simi- *Paid; and likewise*
 liter de trecentis *for three hundred*
 pellibus Lanutis, ex- *sels to be carryed out*
 tra Regnum & po- *of this Kingdom, forty*
 testatem nostram, *Pence, besides that*
 deducendis, quadra- *certain Sum which*
 ginta denarios ultra *acording to ancient Cu-*
 certum illud quod *stom was formerly*
 de antiqua Custuma *given.*
 fuerat prius datum.

Item, Duos soli- *Item, Two Shil-*
 dos de qualibet *lings for every Scarlet*
 Scarleta, & panno *and Cloth dyed in*
 tincto in grano. *grain.*

Item, Decem & Item, Eighteen pence
 octo Denarios de *for every Cloth in*
 quolibet panno in *which part of a grain*
 quo pars grani fue- *is intermixt.*
 rit intermixta.

Q 2

Item

Item, Duodecem Denarios de quolibet panno alio sine grano. *Item, Twelve pence for every Cloth without grain.*

Item, duodecim denarios de quolibet Wax. *Item, Twelve pence for every Quintal of Wax.*

Ceræ quintallo. *And whereas some*

Cumq; de prefatis Mercatoribus nonnulli eorum alias exerceant Merchandas, ut de Averno ponderis, & de aliis rebus subtilibus sicut de Pannis Tarsen, Silk, de Serico, de Cindatis, de Seta, & aliis diversis mercibus, & de equis etiam, ac aliis animalibus, Blado, & aliis rebus, & merchandis, quæ ad certam Custumam facile po-

xi non poterunt ii-dem Mercatores con- *of the said Merchants deal in other Commodities, as Goods weighed with Avoirdupois weights, and in other fine Goods as Cloth of Tarsen, of Silk, of (a) Cindatis, of Hair, and divers other Merchandizes, in Horses, also, and other Animals, Corn and other Wares and Merchandises of different sorts, which cannot easily be put to a certain rate of Custom; the said Merch-*

(a) It is supposed it should be Sindonibus of Lawne, Cambrick or other fine Linen.

cesserunt

cesserunt dare nobis, *chants have ocsented*
 & Heredibus nostris *to give to us and our*
 de qualibet libri ar- *Heirs for every t wen-*
 genti estimacionis *ty Shillings estimation*
 seu valoris rerum, *and value of those*
 & Merchandisarum *Wares and Merchan-*
 hujusmodi quocun- *dizes by whatsoever*
 que nomine cense- *name they be called*
 antur, tres denari- *Three pence in the*
 os de Libra introi- *Pon. upon the entrance*
 tu rerum, & Mer- *of their Wares and*
 chandisarum ipsa- *Merchandizes into*
 rum in Regnum & *our Kingdom and Do-*
 potestatem nostram *minion aforesaid,*
 predictam infra vi- *within twenty days af-*
 ginti dies, postquam *ter such Wares and*
 hujusmodi Res & *Merchandizes shall be*
 Merchandisæ in Reg- *brought into our*
 num & potestatem *Kingdom and Domini-*
 nostram adductæ, & *on aforesaid, and*
 etiam ibidem exone- *there shall be unladen*
 ratæ, sive venditæ *or sold. And likewise*
 fuerint; & similiter *Three pence for every*
 tres denarios de *Twenty Shillings, at*
 qualibet libra argen- *the Exporting of what*
 ti in eductione qua- *kindsoever of Wares,*
 rumcunque rerum, *or Merchandises bougl :*
 & merchandisarum *in our Kingdom, and*
 hujusmodi empta-
 rum in Regno &

Potestate nostra *dominion afore said, be-*
 prædictis , ultra *sides the ancient Cus-*
 Custumas antiquas *toms formerly given to*
 nobis, aut aliis ante- *us or to others. And o-*
 datas. Et super va- *ver and above the va-*
 lore & estimacione *lue and estimation*
 rerum & Merchandi- *of the said wares and*
 tarum hujusmodi , *Merchandises for*
 de quibus tres de- *which Three pence for*
 narii de qualibet *every Twenty Shillings*
 libra argenti sicut *as afore said are to be*
 prædicitur sunt sol- *paid, they are to have*
 vendi ; credatur eis *credit by Letters, by*
 per literas quas de *them to be produced*
 Dominis aut sociis *from their Principals*
 suis ostendere pote- *or Partners, and if*
 runt , & si literas *they have none, let*
 non habeant, ste- *it be determined in*
 tur in hac parte *this case, by the Oaths*
 ipsorum Mercato- *of the said Merchants,*
 rum si præsentis fue- *or in their absence, of*
 rint, vel valletorum *their Servants.*
 suorum in eorundem
 Mercatorum absen-
 tia Juramentis.

Liceat insuper *Moreover it may*
 sociis de societate *be lawful for the So-*
 Mercatorum præ- *ciety of the Mer-*
 dictorum infra Reg- *chants afore said, to*
 num, & Potestatem

nostram

nostram prædictam *sell Wool to the Fel-*
 Lanis vendere aliis *lows of the said Socie*
 lociis suis, & simi- *ty, and likewise to buy*
 liter emere ab eis- *the same one of ano-*
 dem, absque Custu- *ther within our King-*
 ma solvenda; itata- *dom and Dominion*
 men quod dictæ la- *without payment of*
 næ ad tales manus *Custom, provided that*
 non deveniant, quod *the said Wool came*
 Custuma nobis debi- *not to such hands*
 ta defraudemur. *whereby we may be de-*
 frauded of our Customs.

Et præterea est *And furthermore*
 sciendum, quod post- *be it known, That af-*
 quam sæpèdicti Mer- *ter the said Mer-*
 catores semel in uno *chants have once in*
 loco infra Regnum & *any one place within*
 Potestatem nostram *our Kingdom and Do-*
 Custumam nobis *minion paid our Cuf-*
 concessam superius, *toms granted, as afore-*
 pro Merchandis *said, to us for their*
 suis in forma solve- *Merchandizes in form*
 rint supradicta & *aforesaid, and there-*
 suam habeant inde *upon they have their*
 Warrantum, erunt *Warrant, they shall*
 liberi & quieti in *be free, and unmo-*
 omnibus aliis locis *lested in all other pla-*
 infra Regnum & Pote- *ces within our King-*
 statem nostram præ- *dom, and Dominion,*
 dictam, de solutio- *from payment of*
 Q 4 *ne*

ne Customæ hujus of the said Custom for
 modi ; pro eisdem the same Commodities
 Merchandis seu or Merchandizes by
 merimoniis per i- the said Warrant whe-
 dem Warrantum, ther such Merchandi-
 five hujusmodi mer- zes remain within
 chandisæ infra Reg- our Kingdom and Do-
 num, & Potestatem minion, or are carry-
 nostram remaneant, ed out, except Wines,
 five exterius defe- which without our
 rantur, exceptis vi- Leave or Licence, as
 nis, que de Regno aforesaid, are by no
 & potestate nostra means to be Exported
 prædictis, sine vo- out of our Kingdom.
 luntate & licentia
 nostra sicut prædi-
 ctum est, nullatenus
 educantur.

Volumus autem, We will also, and
 ac pro nobis & He- for us and our Heirs
 redibus nostris con- grant, that no Ex-
 cedimus, quod nulla action, Prise, or Loan,
 exactio, aut aliquod or any other Bur-
 aliud onus saper den shall be imposed
 personas Mercato- in any part or measure
 rum prædictorum, on the Persons of the
 Merchandisas, seu said Merchants, their
 bona eorundem ali- Merchandises, or goods
 quatenus impona- contrary to the Term
 tur, contra formam

expressam superius before expressed and
& concessam. granted.

Hlis testibus ve- Witnesses hereunto
neralibus Patribus The Reverend Fathers
Roberto Cantuariensi Robert Arch-Bishop of
Archiepisc. totius Ang- Canterbury, Primate
liæ Primatæ, Wal- of England, Walter,
tero Coventr. & Bishop of Coventry
Litchf. Episcopo, and Litchfeild, Henry
Henry de Lacy Co- de Lacy, Earl of Lin-
mite Lincoln. Hum- coln, Humphry de
frido de Bohun Co- Bohun Earl of Here-
mite Herford. & ford and Essex, and
Essex, ac Constabu- Constable of England,
lar. Angl. Adomaro Adomarus of Valentia,
de Valentia, Gal- Galfrid of Geynvil,
frido de Geynvill, Hugh le de Spencer,
Hugone le de Spen- Walter de bello Cam-
cer, Waltero de bel- po, Chamberlain of
lo Campo senef- Our house, Robert of
callo Hospicii nostri, Bures and others.
Roberto de Bures & Given by our hand at
aliis. Dat. per ma- Westminster the first
num nostram apud day of Feburary.
Westm. primo die
Febr.

Note, that although the Merchant stranger by this Charter hath Twenty days allowed for the payment of the Customs, after the landing of his Wines, &c. yet by the Act for Tonnage and Poudage, 12 Car. 2. The Customs of all Goods are to be Paid, tendered, or agreed for, before the Landing thereof, upon the penalty of the forfeiture of the same.

An Abridgment of the Statutes relating to the Customes carried on to this Present Year 1683.

Granted to the King for His Life one Subsidy called Tonnage, viz. of every Ton of Wine of the growth of any the Dominions of the French King brought by way of Merchandize into the Port of London by natural born Subjects, 4--10--0. by strangers and Aliens 6*l.* of every Tun of the like Wine brought by way of Merchandize into other places of this Kingdom by natural born subjects 3*l.* by Aliens 4*l.* 10*s.* of every Pipe of sweet Wines brought into the Port of London by natural born subjects, 2*l.* 5*s.*
By

By strangers and aliens 3 *l.* of every Pipe of the like Wine brought into any other places of the Kingdom by natural born subjects 30 *s.* by strangers and aliens 45 *s.* and of every Awme of *Rhenish Wine* or *Wine* of the growth of *Germany*, brought into this Realm and the Dominions thereof, by natural born subjects 20 *s.* by aliens 25 *s.*

Granted also Poundage, *viz.* of all Merchandize to be carryed out of this Realm or any the Kings Dominions, or to be brought into the same, of the value of every 20 *s.* 12 *d.* and of every 20 *s.* value of the native Commodities of this Realm, or manufactures wrought of them, to be carryed out by Aliens 12 *d.* more. Except out of this Grant *Woollen Cloths* made in *England*, commonly called old Draperies, and *Wines* paying Tonnage. Fish *English* taken, and brought in by *English Bottoms*, and all fresh Fish and Bestial that shall come into this Realm, and all Goods mentioned in the *Book of Rates* to be Custom-free,

Granted likewise for every short *Woollen Cloth*, called broad *Cloth*, not exceeding 28 yards in length, and 64 pounds in weight, and of every other short cloth of old Drapery of lesser length and weight

weight, accounting so many Peices to a short *Cloth*, as is limited by the *Book of Rates*, to exported by Natural born subjects 3 s. 4 d. by Aliens 6 s. 8 d. and so proportionably.

Goods put into any Boat or Vessel to be carried beyond sea, or brought from beyond the sea, and unshipped to be laid on land, the duties aforesaid not being paid or tendered to the Collector, or his Deputy, with consent of the Comptroler or Surveyer, nor agreed for in the Custom-house, shall be forfeit, half to the King and half to him that will sue for them.

If a Denizens goods be taken at sea, or perish, whereof the Duties aforesaid shall be paid, and that proved before the Lord Treasurer of *England*, Commissioners of the Treasury, or chief Baron of the Exchequer by examination of the Merchant or his Executors, or 2 witnesses at least sworn, or other reasonable witnesses and Proof sworn, the Merchant, his Executors, &c. may ship in the same Port so much other Merchandize as the Goods lost shall amount to in Custom, without paying any thing: so as the proof be recorded and allowed in the Exchequer, and Certified to the Collectors of the Customs.

Denizens

Denizens that ship in Carracks or Gallies shall pay as Aliens.

Herring and other Sea-fish may be transported in vessels of the subjects of this Realm, without paying any Custom.

Customers and Collectors to take no other Fees than were taken 4 *Jac.* where the Goods Exported or Imported amount to 5 *l.* value, or more.

Over and above the Rates above mentioned there shall be paid for every Ton of Wine of the growth of *France, Germany, Portugal, Madera*, 3 *l.* and for every Ton of other Wines 4 *l.* within nine months after Importation, for which security shall be given. And if any of the said Wines be Exported within 12 Months after their Importation, the Duty shall be returned, or security discharged for so much. The Importer shall be allowed after the rate of 10 *per Cent.* if he pay ready Mony.

Wines Imported shall be free from Excize, 12 *Car.* 2.

Prize Wines shall not be charged with any payment by the aforesaid Act; Confirmed 13 *Car.* 2. 7.

All Linnen shall pay one full Moyety over and above what is rated in the *Book of Rates*, for which Additionall Duty the Importer giving security at the Custom-

Custom house, shall have 12 Months time for payment of the same, from the time of its Importation; or in case such Importer shall pay ready money, he shall have 10 *per Cent* abated: And in case of Exportation within 12 Months, this Duty shall be wholly repaid, or the security vacated as to what shall be so Exported. *vide. Book of Rates. Page 59.*

All Foreign Silks wrought, exported within one year from the Importation, shall have two thirds of the Rates mentioned in the *Book of Rates*, repaid at the Custom-house.

All Silks Wrought, shall pay one full Moyety over and above what they stand rated at in the *Book of Rates*, for which Additional Duty, the Importer giving security at the Custom-house, shall have 12 Months time for payment of the same from the time of Importation: or in case the Importer shall pay ready Money 10 *per Cent.* shall be abated. And if any of the said Silk be exported within 12 Months, this Duty shall be wholly returned, or the security vacated, as to what shall be so exported; *vide Book of Rates, P. 68.*

All Tobacco of the *English* Plantations shall pay over and above the Rate mentioned in the *Book of Rates* 1 *d.* per pound at 9 Months after Importation and give

security for the same. But if such Tobacco be Exported within 12 Months, this Duty shall be repaid, if any desire to pay this Duty in ready Money he shall have after the rate of 10 *per Cent. per Annum*; *vide Book of Rates*, Page 71 and 72. All ships belonging to the French Kings subjects, which shall lade or unlade any Goods in this Kingdom, or set on shore, to take in any Passenger, shall pay for every Ton of which the said ship is of Burthen 5 *s.* the Ton: This was an *Oliver* for a *Rowland*, the French King having done us the like kindness, by imposing the value of 50 *sols per Ton* on every *English* ship; this Complement lasts but 3 weeks longer then the French King's; his removed ours drops, 12 *Car. 2.*

Any ship or Vessel upon which the abovesaid imposition of 5 *s. per Ton* is due and payable, which shall either put on shore, or put over into any Boat any Goods or Passengers, without payment of Custom and Imposition of Tonnage, at any time returning into any Harbour, Port or Creek of *England* or *Ireland*, shall not only pay the duties formerly due, but forfeit 10 *l.* and whatsoever Pilot, Water-man or Boat-man which shall from any Harbour, Port or Creek, go out and

and bring any Goods from on board such Vessel shall not only be liable to pay the Duty of Tonnage which the said Vessel should have paid, but forfeit 40 *l.* the 14 *Car. 2.*

The Stat. 20 *Car. 2. cap. 1.* Entituled an Act for raising 310000 *l.* by an Imposition on Wines and other Liquors. Expired.

The Stat 22 *Car. 2. cap 3.* Entituled an Act for granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines and Vinegar betwixt the 24th. *June* 1670. and the 24th. *June* 1678. was received by an Act made the 30 *Car. 2. cap. 6.* by which latter Act all Wines and Vinegar Imported after the 1st. of *August* 1678. and before the 1st. *August* 1681. were to pay to the King *viz.* for *Spanish* Wines 12 *l.* and for *French* Wines and vinegar 8 *l. per Ton*, which Act is also Expired.

By the 18 *Car. 2. cap. 5.* (Entituled an Act for the Encourageing of Coynage) there was Imposed on *Wines, Vinegar, Syder, and Beer*, Imported into *London* or any other Port, Creek or Place in *England, Berwick, or Scotland*, 10 *s. per Ton*; and on Brandy and strong waters 20 *s. per Ton*, over and above all other Duties payable on the said Commodities

Commodities ; to be paid at the Custom house to the Collectors and other Officers, to be by them kept apart from all other Monies, and paid quarterly into the Exchequer without Salery or Fee: The Goods forfeitable for Non-payment of this Duty ; and the same to be repaid if the Goods are transported within one year.

This Act was continued by the 25 *Car.* 2. and to remain in force for 7 years commencing from and after the determination of that present Session of Parliament, and from thence until the End of the first Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer.

Any sort of *Ling*, *Stock-fish*, *Pilcherd*, or any other kind of dried or salted fish usually fished for and caught by the People of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, or any sort of *Cod-fish*, or *Herring*, or any *Oyl Blubber*, or made or that shall be made of any kind of fish whatsoever, or any *Whale-fins*, or *Whale-bones*, which shall be Imported into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, not having been caught in Vessels truly and properly belonging thereunto as Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and the said fish cured saved or dried, and the *Oyl* and *Blubber*,
afore-

aforesaid (which shall be accounted, and pay as *Oyl*) not made by the People thereof, and shall be Imported as aforesaid, shall pay double Aliens Custom, 12 *Car. 2. cap. 5.*

Altered by the 25 *Car. 2.* and all *Train Oyl* or *Blubber Oyl*, of *Green-land* and parts adjacent, and those seas, or of *New-found-land*, or of any other his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, made of fish or any other Creature living in the seas, and *Whale-fines*, caught in any ships, or Vessels truly & properly belonging to *England, Wales, or Berwick*, & Imported in such ships, no Custom or other Duty to be paid for the same, whether Imported by *English* or Aliens during the residence of the said Aliens in *England*, provided the Ship was victualled in *England, Ireland, Wales, or Berwick*, and did thence proceed on her voyage for *Green-land*, or any the forementioned places,

And for every Ton of such *Oyl* taken by any shipping belonging to any of his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations and Imported in such shipping, there shall be paid 6 *s.* and for every Ton of *Whale fins* taken and Imposed in such shipping 50 *s.* and for every Ton of such *Oyl* taken by the said shipping but Imported
in

in shipping belonging to *England, Wales,*
or *Berwick*, 3 s. and for every Ton of
Whale fins taken and Imported in such
shipping 25 s. and for the ton of all such Oyl
and Blubber of Foreign fishing 9 l. and
and for every Ton of Whale fins of Fo-
reign Fishing 18 l. and no more.

By the 15 *Car. 2. cap. 6.* The follow-
ing sorts or kinds of salted or dried fish
Imported into *England, Wales,* or *Ber-*
wick, in any other Ship or Vessell, then
what is *English*-built, or belonging to
England, Wales, or *Berwick*, shall pay by
way of Custom and Impost as followeth,
viz.

	<i>l. s. d.</i>
Cod-fish the Barrel	0--5--0
The Last containing 12 Barrels	3--0--0
The Hundred containing 120	0--10--0
Cole fish each 120	0--5--0
Ling, each 120	1--0--0
White Herring the Last	1--16--0
Haddock the Barrel	0--2--0
Gull fish the Barrel	0--2--0

From the the 26th. *June* 1671 for six
years, and from thence to the end of
the next Sessions of Parliament, strong
Beer, strong Ale or Mum, may be expor-
ted by any Person in any Vessel English
or Foreign, paying for every Ton one
Shilling, and no more, 22 and 23 *Car. 2.*
Butter

Butter may be Exported (though it exceed the Rate in the Act of Tonnage and Poundage) by Native or Foreigner paying, *viz.*

	<i>l. s. d.</i>
For every Barrel of Butter	0--1--0
For every 100 weight of Cheefe	0--0--4
For every Ox or Steer	0--1--0
For every Cow or Heifer	0--1--0
For every Hog or Swine	0--0--2
For every Horse, Mare or Gelding transported by Native or Foreigner into any parts beyond the Seas in amity with his Majesty	0--5--0

These Duties are payable by the 22 *Car. 2.*

If any Ship or Vessel which by Law may Trade to any of the Plantations shall come to any of them to ship and take on Board any of the Commodities under mentioned, and Bond be not first given withd one sufficient surety to bring the same to *England, Wales, or Berwick*, and to no other place, and there to unload and put the same on shore (the danger of the Seas only excepted) there shall be paid for so much of the said commodities as shall be put on board such ship, these following Rates and Duties, *viz.*

For

	<i>l. s. d.</i>
For White Sugar the 100	0--5--0
Brown Sugar and Muscovades	0--1--6
Tobacco the pound	0--0--1
Cotton-Wool the pound	0--0-- $\frac{1}{2}$
Indico the pound	0--0--2
Ginger the 100	0--1--0
Logwood 100	5--0--0
Fustick and all other dying Wood	0--0--8
Cocao-Nuts the pound	0--0--1

To be levied, Collected and paid at such places and to such Collectors, and other Officers as shall be appointed in the respective Plantations, to collect, levy and receive the same before the Lading thereof, and under such Penalties both to the Officers, and upon the Goods as for Non-payment of, or defrauding his Majesty of his Customs in *England*. This whole business to be ordered and Managed, and the several duties hereby imposed, shall be caused to be levied by the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*, for the time being, by and under the Authority and directions of the Lord Treasurer of *England*, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being.

In case any person shall not have monies wherewith to answer and pay the same, then the Officers appointed to collect

Let the same, shall accept instead of such Monies, such a proportion of the Commodities to be shipped, as shall amount to the value thereof, according to the currant rate of the said Commodities in such Plantation respectively, 25 Car. 2.


Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Cyder and Cyder eager, shall pay 4*l.* 10*s.* per Ton, Imported by *English*, and 6*l.* Imported by strangers, to be levyed as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage. And in case of Exportation there shall be allowed to the *English* Exporter 3 *l.* 10 *s.* and to the Alien 4 *l.* 15 *s.* per Ton, according to the *Book of Rates*.

Logwood may be Imported and used in Dying, notwithstanding any former Statute, Paying for every Ton Imported 5 *l.* in such manner and under such penalties, as are provided in the act of Tonnage and Poundage 4 *l.* per Ton shall be repaid to the Exporter.

Persons exporting Goods out of any Port capable of a Vessel of 200 Ton, to any Place of the Mediterranean sea beyond *Malaga*, or importing Goods from those places, in a vessel not having two Decks and carrying less than 16 peices of Ordnance, with two men for each Gun, and other Ammunition proportionable, shall pay

pay for the wares so exported or Imported
 1 per Cent. besides Tonnage and Poundage,
 except where one Moyety of the lading
 exported is Fish only, in which case
 any wares may be imported for that voy-
 age, paying the duties heretofore accu-
 stomed.

Salt brought out of *Scotland* shall pay
 to the King $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per Gallon *Winchester*
 measure, at the landing thereof, 13 and
 14 Car. 2.

 Note, that all Goods Imported
 lyable to pay Aliens Duty, by vertue of
 the Act of Navigation, and Charta Mer-
 catoria, are not to have any abatement
 of 5 per Cent, out of the petty Customs.

And in all cases where petty Custom
 inwards is payable, it is to be understood
 of the fourth part of the full *Subsidy* ac-
 cording to the Rates and value in the *Book*
of Rates before the 5 per Cent is deduct-
 ed.

Because by the 27th. Article annexed to the
Book of Rates, it is declared that Prizage
 of Wines, the Duty called *Butlerage*,
 and the Duty of 12 d. upon every Chal-
 der of sea Coals exported from *Newcastle*
 upon *Tyne* to any other Port or Ports
 of this Realm shall be continued and paid
 over and above the Duties appointed to
 be

be paid by the Act of Tonnage and Pannage: I shall give you the Notes of a worthy Author.

Prizage is a certain taking or purveyance for Wine to the Kings use; the same is an Ancient Duty which the Kings of *England* have time out of mind had and received; the manner hath been by taking of every ship or vessel that should come into this Realm, if ten Ton, to have for Prizage one Ton: and if it contain 20 Ton, or more, to have two Ton (*viz*) *unum ante dolium*, and the other *deorsum*, paying 20 s. for each Ton. This Ancient Immunity they have enjoyed as a Flower of the Crown, and by some has been conceived grantable away without Act of Parliament.

Prizage is not due till the unlading, or that which is commonly called breaking of Bulk; for the words are, *De qualibet navi important Vina, & disonerant inde*. King *Edward* the 3 by his Charter dated 6 *Martii, Anno Regni primo*, granted his Royal Charter of discharge to the Mayor and Commonalty, and the Citizens of *London* in hæc verba, (*viz*) *Quod de vinis Civium Nulla prisæ fiat, sed perpetue inde essent quieti, &c.* which was afterwards allowed in the Exchequer.

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It is not every Citizen that is capable of this privilege, but only those that are resident within the City : And so it was Rul'd in the case of one *Knowls*, who being a Citizen and free Grocer of *London*, removed his household *cumpanis*, and did dwell at *Bristoll*, but yet kept his Shop in *London* ; and a Ship of his arriving with Wines at *London*, and being unladen, the Prizage was demanded, he claimed the benefit of discharge. It was adjudged he was not capable of the same : for he that will claim the benefit of this discharge, ought to be *Civis incola commorans*.

By the 24 *H. 6.* (a Private Act of Parliament) complaint was made, that the Lord Mayor of *London* would make strangers Citizens ; it was there declared that this benefit to be discharged from payment of prisage, did not extend to such Citizens as were *Dotati*, made free, but unto those Citizens only which are commorant, incolant and resident into the City.

If a Foreigner brings a Ship laden with Wines into the Port of *London*, and then makes a Citizens his Excecutor and dies, he shall not have the benefit of this Immunity from payment of Prisage for

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these Wines, for that they are not *bona Civium*.

If a Foreigner arrives with a Ship laden with Wines at a Port with an intent to unlade, and before the Goods are entred, or bulk is broken, he sells them to a Citizen, Prizage shall be paid notwithstanding, for it was never the Kings grant to discharge a Citizen in such a manner.

If the King does discharge such a ship of *R. P.* being at Sea, particularly naming the same, from Prizage, and he dyes before the Ship arrives, no Duty can be demanded.

But it has been held, if a particular Person has a grant to him to be discharged of his Goods, and he dyes before the the arrival, the Duty shall be paid. *Hangers case. Hill. 13 Jac.*

Quo Warranto's were brought against 3 Arch-bishops of *York*, to shew cause why they demanded to have Prizage for Wines brought into the Port of *Hull*: The two first pleaded to have only the first tast, and a *pre-emption* after prizage paid; but the 3^d. pleaded a Charter of the 15 *Ed. 2.* by force of which he claimed the same, and Rul'd, not good: For though the Charter might be good, yet

it was held in the case, a Disclaimer by the Predecessor should bind the Successor.

✎ Note, at this day the Duke of Ormond in Ireland hath an Inheritance in the Prizage of Wines by the Kings Charter.

Butlerage is a Custom due from Merchant strangers of 2 s. upon every Ton of Wine brought into this Realm by them ; but *English* men pay it not.

King John granted to the Merchants of *Aquitain* Trading for Wines thence into *England* divers Liberties, amongst others, *Libertatibus concessis Mercatoribus Vinetariis de Ducatu Aquitanie reddendo Regi & Hæredibus suis 2 s. de quolibet dolio vini ducti per eosdem infra Regnum Anglia velpotestatem Regis.*

All Merchants strangers in consideration of the Grant to them by the King, of divers Liberties and Freedoms, *Concesserunt de quolibet dolio vini quod adducent vel adduci facerent infra Regnum, &c. solvent nobis & Hæredibus nostris nomine Custume duos solidos, &c.* See the Charter at large P.

It is called *Butlerage* because the Kings chief Butler doth receive it. And the double value of these Duties is made penal. If any person Customs Goods in a-

another mans name, whereby to defraud the King of Prifage and *Butlerage*, 1 *H. 5.* and 2 *Ed. 6.* 22.

Breaking of Bulk is that which entitles the King to the Duty: for if a Merchant Imports Wines to the Number of 20 Tons, yet if he unlades but part as 9 or 4 Tons, yet the King shall have the entire prifage, and though the Custom seems to declare, that the taking must be as well before as after the Mast, yet, is not the Officer tyed to that strictness, but may take where he pleases; for 2 Tons are the Kings due: for otherwise he might be Cozened, the Freighter perhaps lading other Commodities on board after the Mast.

If there be but one Ton taken out, yet the Duty must be paid: The reason is, for that otherwise the Officer should be obliged to travel perhaps all over the Kingdom.

The King granted to a *Venetian* Merchant that he should be quit *de Omnibus Custumis, Subsidiis, & Impositionibus, & omnibus aliis denariorum summis debitis & solubilibus pro quibuscunque Merchandis importandis*; and that he should be as free as the Citizens of London. In that case it was adjudged in the Exchequer, that

that by that Grant the King did not discharge him of Prifage, because the Prifage was not especially mentioned in the Grant, although that the City of *London* were by a special Charter freed of Prifage.

The *Cinque* Ports are likewise discharged of Prifage, yet if a Citizen of *Salisbury* should configne Wines to be delivered and unladed at *Dover*, the bare discharge of the Goods at the Port will not acquit the Importer from the Duty; for it is not the Parties Importation, but his domicile that qualifies him for the benefit of this Immunity.

Fees and allowances due and payable to the officers of his Majesties Customs and subsidies in the Port of *London*, and the members and creeks thereunto belonging; that is to say, to the Officers of the Petty Customs Outwards, Subsidy Outwards, Petty Customs Inwards, subsidies Inwards, Great Customs, Clerks Fees Inwards and Outwards, the Kings Waiters being in number 18, the Register of the Kings Warrants, the Usher of the Custom-house, Gaugers of French

Vessels, chief Searcher, and his Majesty's 5 under Searchers in the Port of *London* and the 2 Searchers at *Gravesend*, were all set and entered in a Table, by the Commons House of Parliament, and signed by *Sr. Edward Turner* Speaker; for which Table I refer you to the *Book of Rates*; at which time the Question being put, that for all Goods not paying 20s. Custom in or out, there shall be but half Fees taken for all Coquets, Warrants, Debentures, Transires or Certificates, it was resolved in the Affirmative.

Societies or Companies trading in a joynt Stock, and making but one single Entry, the adventures being many, the Table of Fees does not hinder; but the Officers and Waiters may receive such gratuity as the Company shall voluntarily give.

All Goods under the value of 5 *l.* in the *Book of Rates* paying *Subsidy* the Sum of 5 *s.* or less, shall pass without payment of Fees.

English Merchants that shall land out of one Ship at one time (although the receipt of the *Subsidy* be distributed into several Offices) shall not pay any more then for a single Entry.

The Goods of Partnership to pass as if
the

the propriety were in one single Person.

Fish by *English* in *English* Shipping or Vessels Inwards or Outwards all along the coast, to pay no Fee,

Post Entries Inwards to pass without Fee under 5 s. if above 5 s., and under 40 s. then 6 d. but if the Custom to be paid exceed 40 s. then full Fees.

The Merchant shall pay for all Goods opening that shall be short entred above 10 s. Custom.

The Merchant shall pay for Weighing of all Goods that shall be short entred above 20 s. Custom.

The Merchant is not to be at any Charge if duly entred.

There is likewise to be allowed to the Merchant a certain abatement called *Tare*, for Goods and Merchandize, the which is reduced into a Table, and cannot be deviated from in any case within the Port of *London*, without special direction of the Commissioners or Farmers; or in their absence of the consent of the general Surveyors or Surveyor of the Ware-house, or of two of them at least, whereof the Surveyor of the Ware-house to be one, and in the out-ports to without the consent and advice of the

Collector and Surveyors: or where there is no Surveyor, by the Collector himself giving speedy notice to the Commissioners or Farmers, of the reason of so doing.

Besides the Customs payable to the King, there is an ancient Toll or Custom (called Scavage) exacted by Mayors, Sheriffs, &c. of Merchant strangers for Wares shewed or offered to sale within their Precincts, which is prohibited by the Statute of 19 H. 7. cap. 8. in a Charter of King Henry the second to Canterbury, it is written *Schewings*.

The City of *London* still retains the Custom, of which an Old Printed Book of the Customs of *London* is there mentioned, and how to be disposed ; of which Custom, halfe del apperteyneth to the Sheriffs, and the other halfe del to the Hostys, in whose house the Merchants been lodged : And it is to wet that Scavage is the shew, because that Merchants shewn unto the Sheriffs Merchandizes of the which Customs ought to be taken ore that any there be sold, &c.

22 H. 8. cap. 1. The Scavage that is taken consists of two parts, that which is pay able by Denizens, and that which is required of Aliens: And that all Persons

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sons subject to such Duties, might not be imposed upon, there are Tables mentioning the particular duties set up and approved by the Lords, Chancellor, Treasurer, President, Privy-Seal, Steward, and two Justices of the Kings-Bench, and Common-Pleas: and by them subscribed, or any four of them at least: the which Dutys are on Goods Inwards and Outwards. For the Tables, I refer you to the *Book of Rates*.

Note, That all Private Baulks 8 Inches square and upwards, are by the 23 Article annexed to the *Book of Rates*, reputed Timber, and valued at 3 *d.* the foot; 50 foot making one Load, the value of which is 12 *s.* 6 *d.* and the Subsidy for one Load $\frac{1}{2}$ of one penny, or one half peany and half one farthing, out of the which 5 *per Cent* is to be deducted.

There is likewise another Duty called Package, the which is likewise set and rated in a Table in the *Book of Rates*, and is taken of all the several Commodities therein mentioned.

All Goods not mentioned in that Table are to pay for Package Duties, after the rate of one penny in the pound, according as they are exprest or valued in his Majesty's *Book of Rates*, and all others

not expressed therein, shall pay the same rate according to their true value.

For every entry in the Packers Book for writing Bills to each entry Outwards, as usually they have done, 12 d.

Strangers are to pay labouring Porters for making up their Goods, at their own charge, as alwaies they have done.

Strangers are likewise to pay the Water-side Porters belonging to the Package Office, such Fees and Duties for landing and shipping their Goods, as they usually have done within these Ten years.

The Packers Water-side Porters have Tables of Duties (which Table is in the *Book of Rates* for landing of Strangers Goods, and for the shipping out their Goods; and Goods not mentioned in that Table are to pay portage Duties as other goods do of the like bulk or condition therein expressed.

There is an ancient Duty called Water-bailage, which the City of *London* have received time out of mind, viz. for all Goods and Merchandize imported as well from any port within the Realm to the Port of *London*, as from any part out of the Realm, to the same, and so the

the like Duties (with some variances) for all such Goods as shall be exported from the Port of *London* to any other Port within the Realm, so likewise without : of this duty all the Citizens and Free-men of *London* are exempt ; and though the same is very ancient, and was once but small in regard, within Memory, it was looked upon as an Honour for a Merchant to be a Citizen of *London*, and so consequently freed ; but now, especially since the late wars, abundance of persons eminent both for Honours and Estates, being unwilling to entangle themselves in the publick affairs of the City, do refuse absolutely to accept of the Freedom of the same, since which, there have been great contests with those Traders ; and though the coasts-Duties have been agreed to, yet the Foreign now arising to some considerable Value, is highly disputed. And though Charters, Acts of Parliament, Common Councils, continued tracts and footsteps of ancient Evidences and Records, are yet extant to evince and make out the most apparent Title that may be, the same nevertheless labours under the greatest difficulty amidst the divisions of its Proprietors.

Brief

Breif Directions giving the Young Merchants Light into the method for entring of Goods Inwards or Outwards at the Custom-house, how to get Bills of Lading signed (with the Copy of a Bill of Lading) what meant by Freight, Avarage, Bottommery, Insurance, (with the Copy of a polisy of Insurance) Commissions and Discompt.



Suppose you have 15 Bails of Cloth to ship off for *Turky*; your Cloth being ready packt, take the true contents thereof, which carry to the Custome-house between the hours of 9 and 11 in the Morning, & give in the same to the Clerks appointed, where you shall find such care taken of Merchants, that from man to man the Clerks dispatch you without any undue preference; and having found out the first, he directs you to the second, and then he to third, and so forwards, untill you have the Commissioners (or Farmers) hands, and the Office seal; and this with such order that it is not immaginable for any man, for any reason what-ever, to
be

be put besides his Turn, but every man served in due order as his business comes to hand. And no Clerk will demand more then his just Dues; if he doth, there is good Justice against him immediately, by complaining to the Commissioners (or Farmers) for the time being.

Having thus gotten your Coquet (which is a small peice of Parchment testifying the Payment of the Customs and all Duties for your 15 Bails of Cloth) you fetch your Cloth from the Packers, and having put on your Mark and Numbers, then you set the same Mark and Numbers, on the back of your Coquet: mentioning the true contents of each Baile; then go with your Goods to the Water-side, when you come there, you must deliver your Coquet to the Searcher, with his Fee, what he demands; and pay the wharfage and portage of your Goods, and so ship them in Boat, or Lighter, or Ship, as you are directed by your Master; if you send them by Boat or Lighter on board the ship, you must order him that carries them, to bring you (before you pay him) a Receipt from the Master, his Mate, or Purser, of receiving the said Goods on board the Ship which Receipt is commonly in these Words or to this effect.



Received

*Received the 19th. August 1683 on board
the Good Ship Asia, 15 Bailes marked and
numbred as underneath. per me I. R. Purser.*

 No. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.
 12. 13. 14. 15.

This Note justifies the Water-mans delivering the Goods on board the Ship; and as soon as you have it, you must find out the Master of the Ship, and cause him sign you three Bills of Lading. Bill of Lading is an acknowledgment from the Master of the Ship for your Goods, with a promise to deliver them at the place he is bound for. A Copy of which here follows.

Shipped by the Grace of God, in good order and well conditioned by me *I. P.* in and upon the Good Ship called the *Asia*, whereof is Master under God for this present Voyage *R. M.* and now riding at Anchor in in the River of *Ib. mes*, and by Gods Grace bound for *Constantinople*, To say, 15 Bails of Cloth, being Marked and Numbred as in the Margin: and are to be delivered in like good order, and

 No. well conditioned, at the
 15. 1 to the aforesaid Port of *Constantinople* (the dangers of the Sea

Sea only excepted) unto Mr *I. K.* or to his Assignes, he or they paying Freight for the said Goods, Two Lyon Dollars *per* Bail, with Primage and Avarage accustomed. *In witness* whereof, the Master or Purser of the said Ship hath affirmed to three Bills of Lading, all of this Tenour and Date; the one of which three Bills being accomplished, the other two to stand void. And so God send the Good Ship to her desired port in safety, *Amen.* Dated in *London* the 20th. *August* 1683. Inside Contents not known, *per me R. M.*

The Master having signed you three Bills of Lading, keeps one of them himself, and leaves the other two with you, one of which you send away inclosed in a Letter to your Correspondent, to whom the 15 Bailes of Cloth are consigned; the other you keep with you for a testimony against the Master, if occasion shall so happen by losses, or otherwise, whereby he may be forced to make satisfaction. Also the Bill of Lading which remains in your hand is of great concernment; for if in case the goods are injured, and come to damage, or are lost, the Insurer will be forced by vertue of the same, to
make

make you satisfaction for the said loss; for by the said Bill it will appear, that such and such Goods were shipped in such or such a Ship, by such or such a one, and consigned to such or such a place, to such or such a one. This for Goods Outwards.

But now for Goods that come into the Nation you must, as near as you can, by your Letters and Factories, guess at what quantity of Goods you have, and then go to the Custom-house, and carry Money, and when you have the first Clerk, he will as before, send you from man to man, until you have accomplished your business; and having paid your Money in the morning, if you go to the Ship in the afternoon, you will find there a warrant for the delivering your Goods unto you.

Of Freight, Primage, and Averidge.

Freight is governed generally by the contract, and varies according to the Agreement, reduced generally into a writing commonly called a Charter-Party, executed between the Owners and Merchant, or the Master in the behalf of himself and Owners, or himself and the Merchant, or between them all.

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The Merchant is bound by the said Charter party, to the Master, him or to pay for the Freight of the goods laden, by him so much *per Ton*, Last, Pack or the like, more or less, as is agreed upon according to the length, or dangerousness of the voyage; and in most Countries it is paid when the goods are landed: but here in *England* (for all our Foreign Plantations) it is paid in *London* before the goods go away, because there is no species of Monies in the said Plantations. The Merchant doth likewise contract with the said Master, to pay Pilotage, if in case a Pilot is used for the bringing the said Ship into the Port or Harbour, which it was consigned unto. Also he doth covenant to pay the said Master Primage, and Petilodmanidge, for the use of his Cables, to discharge the Goods, and to the Mariners to charge and discharge them; which said charges is not above 12 *d. per Ton* lading.

Petty Averidge is another little small Duty which Merchants pay to the Master when they only take Tunnage over and above the Freight, the which is a small recompence or gratuity for the Masters care over the lading; and in the Bills of lading is exprest after the Freight, together with Primage and Averidge accustomed.

ships

Ships being Freightcd, and at sea, are often subject to storms and other accidents, in which by the Ancient Laws and Customs of the Sea, in extream necessity, the Goods, Wares, Guns, or whatsoever else shall be thought fit, may in such extremity be flung over-board ; but then the Master ought to consult with his Mariners, who if they consent not, and yet the storm and danger continues, the Master may command notwithstanding, the casting over-board what he shall judge most fitting for the common safety of the rest. So likewise Goods coming from infected Towns or places, may be cast over-board if there be a *Super Cargoe*, request ought to be made to him to begin first ; but if he refuses, the Mariners may proceed. If after the goods are thrown over-board the Ship out-weather the storm, and arrives at her Port of discharge, the Master and most of his Crew must swear that the Goods were cast over for no other cause but purely for the safety of the Ship and Lading. The Master ought to be careful that only those things of the least value and greatest weight be flung overboard.

- The Goods which are lost are to be valued not according to what might been

got

got by them, but according to the Intrinsic damage by the loss of the same; and the Goods saved are to be estimated, which being known, proportionable value is to be contributed by the Goods saved, towards reparation of the Goods ejected, or cast over-board.

Of Bottomery, or Fœnus Nauticum.

The distinction is great between Monies lent to be used in commerce at land and that which is advanced to sea. In the first, the Laws of the Realm have set Marks to govern the same, whereby the avaritious mind of the lender is limited to a reasonable profit, the reason of that is, because not the lender but the Borrower runs all the hazard whatever that Money brings forth. But Money lent to sea, is advanced on the hazard of the Lender, to carry (as is supposed) over sea, so that if the ship perishes, or a spoliation of all happens, the lender shares in the loss without any hopes of ever receiving his Monies; hence this way of advancing Monies is called *Usura Marina*, as well as *Bottomery*; the advantage accruing to the Lender of such Monies, arising not from the Loan, but from the hazard.

hazard which the lender runs ; the which is commonly reduced to a certain time, or one or more voyages, according to their severall and respective agreements.

This way of lending Mony, or *Bottomery* is much used now a days ; it hath its name derived from the bottom of the ship or Keel, and is practised in this manner, a Master of a ship going to the *Indies*, *Straights*, *Denmark* or any other part of the world, wants one Hundred Pounds to carry out in any commodity he thinks he can make a profit by ; you lend him 100*l.* and agree with him to have for this Hundred pound, One Hundred and Thirty or One Hundred and Forty, or One Hundred and Fifty, (or what you can agree for) at the ships return : But if the ship happens to be sunk, burnt, taken, or any manner of damage happen that the ship comes not home, then you cannot recover one penny of the mony that you lent, of the man that borrowed it, nor arrest his Body ; for he is to pay you at the return of the ship, and not at the return of his Person.

The general way now is to lend 100*l.* at 30 or 40 *per Cent.* and then you go and find out one that will assure the ship, Outwards and Inwards, for a small matter,
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it may be 4. 5. 6. *per Cent.* (as you can agree) the longest voyage: and if the ship be lost, you recover both principle and advance of the Insurer; (deducting only what the Insurance comes to) and thus you are upon certain grounds; for he that lends his Money at *Bottomary*, and Insures it, generally (whether the ship be lost, or comes home) gains at least 22 or 23 *per Cent.* if his Money were lent at no more than 30 *per Cent.* And men now adayes are so cunning, that they will not only have part of the ship mortgaged unto them, (for their Money) but will have some Merchant, or sufficient Person that shall be engaged for it, and so have the Borrower's bond, as well as the ship, and his body bound as well as the voyage; which thing is seldom condescended to, but where the Borrowers necessity is great.

This way of taking up Monies, is likewise much used amongst Masters of ships, that by any bad weather, or other strait or emergency whatsoever, do put into any Port in any Kingdom, and there repair their ship, and buy what's necessary for them; and wanting money to do the same with, they repair to some Merchant; and he having the ships name, and the Masters, and of what place she is,
and

and her Owners names, will advance this Mony at *Bottomery*; and if the ship comes safe to her intended Port, the said Merchant hath his Mony; if not, and the ship be lost, he hath nothing; nor can he recover any thing against the Master or Owners, but only against the ship. Indeed this causes many cheats, many men have brought their ships safe to Rivers Mouth, and there have sunk them, on purpose to avoid the payment of the Monies they owed at *Bottomery*.

There is likewise another way of advancing of Monies, called *Usura Marina*, joyning the advance Monies and the danger of the sea together; and this is obliging sometimes upon the Borrowers ship, Goods and Person: the product of which by agreement will advance sometimes 20, 30, or 40 *per Cent*. As for instance, a private Gentleman hath 300 *l.* ready mony lying by him, and he has notice of an Ingenious Merchant that hath good credit beyond sea, and understands his business fully, applies himself to him, and offers him this 300 *l.* to be laid out in such Commodities as the Merchant shall think convenient for that Port or Country the Borrower designs for, and that he will bear the adventure of that Mony during
all

all that voyage (which he knows may be accomplished within a year) hereupon the contract is agreed upon, *6 per Cent.* is accounted for the Interest, and *12 per Cent.* for the adventure Outwards, and *12 per Cent.* more for the Goods homeward ; so that upon the return the lender receives *30 per Cent.* which amounts to *390 l.* The Lender in this case has doubtless a good bargain, and the Gain to the Borrower may be clear *10, 15 or 20 per Cent.* or more according as the voyage is: besides the Borrower hereby prevents his taking up the like sum at Interest, which comes to *6 per Cent.* and Brocage, which through the generosity of Merchants, and covetousness of Scriveners, is now adays, advanced to *1 or 2 per Cent.* more, and then the same is let out for *6 Months*; at the expiration of which, the Scrivener inevitably sends his Note, that his friend expects the Money to be paid in ; so that to stop that gap, there must be a continuation, which is at least, *1 per Cent.* more, besides the obliging of friends in securities. Likewise the Assurance is prevented, which perhaps may come to between *5, 10 or 15 per Cent.* according as times are: it prevents also the borrowers running the risque and danger of the seas, enemies,

mies, or any other fatal loss, and hath been a means to introduce many a mans credit in short time at lesser charge, if not to put him in a condition not to be beholden to such a fair, though chargeable means.

There is also another way, both honest and honourable, called *Usufruit*, that is, a stock in a Company or Society, which is perpetual; such a stock or portion may be purchased, that is, the advantage or benefit arising by the improvement of the same. As for instance, The East India Company hath a stock lodged in their hands by divers persons, which they in the most prudent manner as they see fit, imploy to such places as they judge most proper; if a return is made, the advantage of that is distributed to each person that is any way entituled in that Stock: which advantage is called a Dividend, & perhaps may afford some 20 or 30 *per Cent*. But on t'other hand, if that proportion of the stock which goes out, happens to miscarry, the abatement is proportionable and so the stock may be lessened, unless that they will stay the Dividend, to keep up the stock; the which they may do; For it is a trust reposed of so many mens monies in their hands, to yield them such advantage as they shall upon a just account set out; so that if a man hath 1500*l*. stock,

he cannot take the same out of the great Stock whereby to lessen the same, but he may transfer that Usufruit by the Customary way which they have, to any other person, for a valueable consideration infinitum. An Hundred pound stock in the *East India Company*, in time of war, might have been purchased for 80 *l. Nett*, but now in time of peace, is scarce got under 160, or 170 *l.* the Dividends running high.

Of Assurance.

Assurance is, when you are in any manner of fear of the Ship your Goods are in, or the danger of the voyage, or of Pirates, &c. you then are willing to give another man a certain sum of Money to put himself in your place; and if any danger arises, to pay you for the same Goods the value that you have assured. It is a thing hath been long in Custom and use amongst Traders, and was established by a Law under *Claudius Caesar*, before the birth of our Saviour *Christ*; it hath been much practised in all Trading Nations, and is a cause of great increase of Trade, because that hazard is born by four or five with mutuall consent; which otherwise must fall upon one person.

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son. The Nature of it is thus ; Suppose you ship 300 *l.* of Goods for *Jamaica*, you being unwilling to run so great a hazard your self; you go to the Assurance-Office, behind the *Royal Exchange* in *London*, and there acquaint the Clerk you would ensure 200 *l.* 250. or if you will the whole 300 *l.* (for you may ensure the whole, or any part) upon such a ship for so much Goods you have on board. The Clerk presently speaks to other men that are Merchants, that make it their trade to ensure, and you agree with them at a price so much in the Hundred, and this is called *Primo*: In consideration of this *Primo*, the man that is your Insurer, runs all the hazard that can be imagined, until your Goods arrive safe at *Jamaica*. Before you pay the *Primo*, you have a Policy of Insurance sign'd by the man or men you agree withal ; for you may deal with 2, 3 or 4, to underwrite for you several sums : This policy of Insurance ought to be Copied in the Office of Assurance, in a Book kept there for that purpose, and for which you pay a certain sum unto the Clerk or Clerks, sitting at that time. In the Policy is express the name of the Person that causeth himself to be ensured, the place he ensures for, the ship, the Masters name,

name, the sum of Mony, the dangers you are ensured from, and how long that lasteth, with the name of the Partie or Parties, that ensure or underwrite the Policy for you. As suppose you would ensure 200 *l.* of the above mentioned 300 *l.* for *Jamaica* on the *Triston* Frigat. *Ayry Saunders* Master, the ship being yet in the River of *Thames*, or under sail, such Assurance is drawn up as followeth.

The Copy of a Policy of Assurance.

In the Name of God, Amen. I, *E. H.* of *London*, Merchant, as well in his own name, as for and in the name and names of all and every other Person and Persons to whom the same doth, may, or shall appertain in part, or in all, doth make assurance, and causeth himself, and them, and every of them to be insured lost or not lost, from the Port of *London* to the Port of *Port Royal* in *Jamaica*, upon any kind of Goods and Merchandize whatsoever, laden or to be laden aboard the good ship, called the *Tristor* Frigat of *London*, burthen of five hundred Tons, or thereabouts, whereof is Master under God for this present voyage *A. S.* or whosoever else shall go for Master in

the said ship, or by whatsoever other name or names, the same ship, or the Master is, or shall be named or called, beginning the Adventure upon the said Goods and Merchandize, from, and immediately following the loading thereof aboard the said ship at the Port of *London*, and so shall continue, and endure, until the said ship with the said Goods and Merchandize whatsoever shall be arrived at *Port-Royal* aforesaid, and the same there safely landed: And it shall be Lawful for the said ship in this voyage to stop and stay at any ports or places between *London* and *Port Royall*, with out prejudice to this insurance; the said Goods or Merchandizes by agreement is, and shall be valued at Three Hundred pounds Sterling, without further account to be given for the same. Touching the adventures and perils which we the Assurers are contented to bear, and do take upon us in this voyage, are of the seas, men of War, Fire, Enemies, Pirates, Rovers, Theives, Jettezones, Letters of Mart & Counter Mart, Surprisals, Takings at sea, Restraints and Detainments of all Kings, Princes, and People, of what Nation, Condition or Quality soever, Arrests, Barratry of the Master, and Mariners,

and

and of all other perils, Losses, and Misfortunes that have, or shall come to the hurt, damage or detriment of the said Goods and Merchandize or any part thereof. And in case of any loss or Misfortune, it shall be lawful to the assured, his, or other Factors and servants, and assignes, to sue, labour and travel for, in, and about the defence, recovery, and safeguard of the said Goods and Merchandizes, or any part thereof, without prejudice to this Insurance; to the Charges whereof we the Assurers will contribute each one, according to the rate and quantity of his sum herein assured. And it is agreed by us the Insurers, that this Writing and Assurance shall be of as much force and Effect, as the surest Policy, or writing of Assurance heretofore made in *Lumbard Street*, or now within the *Royall Exchange, London*. And so we the Assurers are contented, and do hereby promise, and bind our selves each one for his own part, our Heirs, Executors, and Goods, to the assured, his Executors Administrators and Assignes, for the true performance of the premises, acknowledging our selves paid the consideration due unto us for this assurance by *E. H.* at the rate of Three pounds *per* Hundred


S 3 pound

Pound Sterling. In witness whereof, we the Assurers, have subscribed our names, and sums; Assured in *London*.

I *R. O.* am content with this assurance, for the sum of one Hundred pounds, *London*, this 30th. *August*, 1683.

I, *M. P.* am content with this Assurance for the sum of one Hundred pounds. *London* this 30th. 1683.

This is the Copy of an Insurance for Goods Outwards; but suppose you receive advice this last post, that you have 200 Hogsheads of *Jamaica* Sugar shipped for your accompt on board the Freinds-ship, Captain *Francis Bartholomew* Commander from *Jamaica*: If you have a mind to insure it, you must go to the Office, and agree with the Insurers what you shall give them for Insurance, and then get your Policy made, and signed by them, & pay them the primo, & cause your Policy to be entered, & the work is the same as for Goods outwards, only you alter the ships and masters name, and mention that it comes home, instead of going out.

 And here it is to be *Noted*, that if a Master of a ship takes in your Goods, and cannot come up with his ship to the Wharf or Key to unload, and an accident, as wet, &c. happen to your Goods, the

Assurers

Assurers are to make good the same until the Goods be landed. And all Assurances are made according to the Tenour of the Policy, some for Goods that go out, and come home ; some for Goods that go out, and are sold, and the provision, or the Nete procede comes home. Other Assurances are made upon the ship it self, with its Tackle and all that belongs unto it ; and the Assurers are bound to make good all that is worn or torn for a voyage at a price that is agreed upon.

Other Assurances are made upon Goods that are sent by Wagon, or Cart, &c. by land, from all Robbers, or Theives, &c. Other assurances are made upon the lives of men and women, at a rate that is moderate. For by this means if you buy any Place or Office that is worth 1000*l.* or more, or less, and you have not mony enough to purchase it, you borrow 4 or 500*l.* Now if you die, and are not in a condition to pay this Mony, it is lost : But if you Ensure your Life, then your Friend that you did borrow it of, will have his Mony honestly paid him.

Some assurances are likewise made on the Heads of men ; as if a man going for the Streights, and perhaps is in some

fear that he may be taken by Moors, or Turkish Pirates, and so made a slave, for the redemption of whom a ransom must be paid, he may (ere he goes on ship-board) go to the Insurance-Office, and advance a Premio accordingly upon a Policy of Assurance ; And if he be taken into slavery in the voyage, the Assurer or Assurers must answer the ransom that is secured to be paid on the policy.

Those Assurances are most dangerous when they are thitherwards inserted lost or not lost ; which is commonly done when a ship hath been long missing, and no tidings can be had, the Premio (especially in time of war) will run very high, sometimes 30 or 40 *per Cent.* and though it happens at the time that the subscription is made the ship, is cast away, yet the Assurers must answer the loss to the Insured.

But if the party that caused the Assurance to be made, saw the ship wreckt, or had certain intelligence, such subscription will not oblige the same, being accounted meer fraud.

So likewise, if the Assured having a rotten Vessel, shall assure upon the same more than she is worth, and afterwards give order that going out of the Port, she should

should be sunk or wreckt; this will be fraudulent, and not oblige the Assurers to answer.

So soon as you hear of a certain that a loss is happened, you must inquire at the Office for the Assurers (if you know them not) and acquaint them of the Loss, and how you come to know it, and desire them to inform themselves of the truth of it if they please, and are not satisfied with your report. When they are satisfied there is a real loss, there is generally an abatement of 10 *per Cent.* for prompt payment; for if they are punctual men, and value their reputations, they will presently pay you, if not they will shuffle you off, and endeavour to find out flaws, and raise Scruples for a larger abatement than ordinary; and sometimes will keep you a year or two out of your Money, and many times never pay; but generally get, in case of loss 15 or 20 *per Cent.* abated, I have known 40 *per Cent.* abated, upon very small pretensions; which makes a common Proverb about such Ensurers, What is it worth to ensure the Assurers? be careful therefore to deal with honest men; that value their Reputation when you have any thing to be Ensured.

Of Factors and Commissions.

A Factor is a servant, created by a Merchants Letters to buy & sell Goods for anothers man's accompt, and receives a certain Sallery (called Factorage or Commission) for his pains, but is not to run any manner of risque, or hazzard, if the Goods be lost, or burnt, or any accident happen, he is not to bear it; and for the bad debts (if there happen any) the Factor is not to bear it, unless he goes contrary to his order that doth employ him; then in such cases the Factor is to bear the loss, and not the Proprietor. As suppose you have advice of a Parcel of Spices coming on board such a vessel for you to dispose of, for the account of a Merchant at *Amsterdam*, and the goods do not come to your hands, but perish at sea, that is nothing to you: but if they come to your hands, and you have a true order from him for the entring of the same, and paying the Custom, should of your own head, or by any accident or mistake, enter the Goods false, and the same should be seized, the loss would lye at your door: or if he orders you not to sell these Goods but for ready Mony, and you sell them for one Month or for any Time, and the debt

debt become bad, it will be at your door. And so in the buying any manner of Goods, if the Goods be not according to order, the man may refuse them when he hath received them, and the dammage shall fall upon you.

And as fidelity, diligence, and honesty are expected from the Factor, so the Law requires the like from the Principal; judging the act of one to be the act of the other: therefore if a Merchant shall remit counterfeit Jewels to his Factor, who sells and disposes them for valuable considerations, as if they were right, if the Factor receives any Loss, or prejudice thereby, by imprisonment or other punishment, the Principal shall not only make good the dammage to the Factor, but also render satisfaction to the party damnified; and so it was adjudged, where one *How* was posselt of three counterfeit Jewels, and having Factors in *Barbary*, and knowing one *Southern*; a Merchant, was resident on the place, consignes those Jewels to his Factor, who receiving them, intreated *Southern* to sell those Jewels for him, telling him that they were good Jewels; whereupon *Southern*, not knowing they were counterfeit, sold them to the King of *Barbary*,
for

for 800 *l.* (they being worth really but 100 *l.*) and delivered the Mony to the Factor, who remitted the same to *How*: The King of *Barbary* not long after finding himself cozened, committed *Southern* to prison till he had repaid the 800 *l.* whereupon *Southern* coming for *England*, brought his action against *How*, and had Judgment to recover his dammage.

The satisfaction that Factors have for their pains in buying and selling, is called Commission or Factorage, which is done at several prices in several places, according to the Custom of the Country; in some Countries they take 8 & 10 per Cent. as at *Barbadoes*, *Jamaica*, *Virginia*, and most of those Western Parts: in others 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 per Cent. as generally throughout all *Italy*. 2 per Cent. as in *France*, *Spain*, *Portugal*, &c. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. as in *Holland*, and other places: but the generality only take throughout Europe 2 per Cent.

Of Discompt.

Discompt is when you sell a parcel of Goods, at three months time, and a day or two after, the Buyer comes and tells you he is willing to pay you the mony presently

presently, if you will allow him the Discompt, which is generally after the rate of 6, 8, or 10. *per Cent. per Annum*, as you can agree with him; and to be sure the buyer will look to your necessity of Mony in compounding for the rate of discompt, and take the advantage thereof for a greater abatement than ordinary: so that I have known some, who having sold a parcel of Goods amounting to 400 *l.* at three Months time, and the Buyer perceiving the Sellers necessities of Mony to be great, have brought him to Discompt 6 Months at the rate of 10 *per Cent. per Annum*, so that for the 400 *l.* which would have been paid at the end of 3 Months, there was paid but 380 *l.* down. But for my part I either think such sellers case near desperate (that compound at so large a rate of Discompt) or else that he hath over-reacht his Chapman in the Goods sold him.

But though this be often found amongst some Inferior Merchants, or whole-sale men (to abate so largely for discompt) yet it is not the general course of Discompt practised amongst Merchants that value their reputations; who projecting to transact all affairs that
some

some profit may result, did with very good reason, condescend to a competent abatement for prompt payment of Monies: (that some profit might redound to the party paying) which abatement is properly called Discompt, and is thus understood and calculated between Merchant and Merchant. Suppose *A.* is to receive of *B.* 200 *l.* six Months hence, *B.* offers to pay *A.* presently, if he will Discompt at 6 *per Cent. per Annum*, *A.* condescends, & they agree: Now to know what *A.* must allow *B.* for Discompt, doe thus; First reduce your 200 *l.* into pence; the product will be 48000 pence, then Multiply those pence by 6. the number of Months to be Discompted for, the product will be 288000, which divide by 200. and the quantity of time that is to be allowed, both which make 206. for your Divisor, the Quotient will be 1398 $\frac{6}{100}$ pence, which reduct into shillings is 116 *s.* 6 *d.* $\frac{6}{100}$ parts of a penny, this reduct into pounds, makes 5-16-6 $\frac{6}{100}$. and so much must be abated out of the 200-*l.* for the 6 Months Discompt, & no more, according to the true method received amongst Merchants. And the reason of it is this; because if you allow 6 *l.* then you allow the

the full interest of 200 *l.* for 6 months ; but you do not receive 200 *l.* and where fore then should you allow the interest for 200 *l.* ? you must only allow the Interest of what you do receive, which is 196 *l.*

The afore said Rule is not only true for any even sum, to be discompted, but for any odd broken sum, alwaies remembering to add the number of Months to be discompted for, to 200. and let that be your Divisor.

Of Merchants and the several Companies thereof, as they are now Incorporated, with the several Commodities, which they Export or Import.

It is Foreign Trade that is the main Sheet-Anchor of us Islanders, without which the Genius of all our useful Studies which renders men famous and renowned, would make them useles and insignificant to the publick : When man has fathomed the bottom of all knowledge, what is it, if not reduct to practice, other than empty notion ? if the inhabitants of this Island were learned in all the Languages
between

the rising and setting of the Sun, did know and understand the situation of all places, ports, and Countries, and the Nature of all Merchandize and Commodities, were acquainted with the order and motion of all the Stars, knew how to take the Latitude and Longitude, and were perfectly read in the *Art of Navigation*, to what purpose would all be, if there were no Foreign Trade? we should have no ships to navigate to those Countries, nor occasion to make use of those Languages, nor to make use of those Commodities; what would this Island be without Foreign Trade, but a place of confinement to the Inhabitants? it's Foreign Trade that renders us rich, honourable and great, that gives us a name and esteem in the world, that makes us Masters of the Treasures of other Nations and Countries, and begets and maintains our Ships and Sea-men, the walls and Bulwarks of our Country; and were it not for Foreign Trade, what would become of the Revenue (as one hath ingeniously observed) from 6 to 800000 pounds *per Annum* for Custom.

To give you therefore a breif survey of the Traffick of this Land (or rather of the City of *London*) take a view thereof
as

as it is mannaged by these several Companies of Merchants now incorporate in the City of *London*; Which (together with the Goods by them Exported or Imported) are as followeth.

The antientest of these Companies is that of the *Merchants Adventurers of England*, who were in the reign of K. *Ed.* the first anno 1296. They obtained priviledges of *John* the Second Duke of *Brabant*, to establish themselves and their Trade, under Government in the City of *Antwerp* for those Countries. And King *Edward* the third, finding them so settled, and observing the great trade in *Flanders*, by the endrapping of the *English* Wools there, did (when he joyned in league with the *Flemins* against the King of *France*) encourage the *English* Merchants in those parts, to deal with Clothiers of that Nation, to come over into *England*, and here to erect their Looms and Manufactures, which accordingly was performed, and took such effect, that the said King by the advice of his Parliament, first prohibited the exportation of Wool, next by Priviledges, and Act of Parliament, invited Cloth-makers and Workers, over into *England*, and at last so prevailed, that he prohibited all
Foreign

Foreign Cloth to be Imported into this Realm.

Afterwards King *Henry* the fourth, anno 1406. taking notice of the services of this Company in the rise and increase of of the manufactures of Clothing, and the benefit of the Government of the said Company, did establish the same by Grant under the great Seal, which said Grant hath been confirmed, and enlarged by all his Successors, except *Edward* the fifth. And *Queen Eliz.* in the sixth year of her Reign, being fallen in breach with *Philip* the second, King of *Spain*, Lord of the *Netherlands*, did for the issuing & vent of the Clothing of this Land, which daily encreased, add under her Great Seal all the parts of *Germany* unto those of the *Netherlands*, and authorized the said Fellowship, to treat with the Princes, Potentates, States and Cities of *Germany*, for a Staple or Residence, and Priviledges as they enjoyed in the *Netherlands*, which so happily succeeded as that the Clothing found ample vent ; First in *Embsden*, then in *Hamburgh*; afterwards in *Stade*, and then again in *Hamburgh*, where it continues ; & now the said Fellowship have two Marts, the one in *Dordreck* for the *Netherlands*; and the other in *Hamburgh* for

or all *Germany*, which last is the head and chief Court of all the said fellowship, residing both in *England*, and beyond the Seas, and through their Integrity, fair dealings, and excellent Laws and Customs observed and preserved amongst them, they are of no little splendor in the eyes of men; which said Company is now much enlarged, all new Draperies being therein comprized.

The Commodities which this Company exporteth are Cloths drest and dyed, of *Devonshire, Gloucester, Somerset, Kent, &c.* in great quantities, also Lead, Tin, Oyls, Silk, Worsted, Woollen Stockings, Hats, Silks, Fruits, Spanish Wines, &c. for which to the great enriching of the Nation, they Import Linnen-Cloth, as Cambricks, Hollands, Lawns, Diapers, &c. in great quantities, also Tapestries, Rhenish-Wines, Mather, Hops, Latten, Blades, Soap, Wire, Plates, Copper, Brass, Steel, Iron, Quicksilver, Armes, Gunpowder, Flax, Hemp, Allom, Wax, Minerall-Salt, &c.

The next is the Fellowship of the *English* Merchants, for discovery of new Trades, commonly called the *Muscovy Company*. Who were first incorporated
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in the beginning of the reign of King *Philip*, and Queen *Mary*, upon the discovery of Isles, Lands, Territories, and Signiories by seas lying Northwards, North-eastwards, and North-westward from *England*: and was afterwards confirmed by an Act of Parlaiment, in the 8th. of Queen *Eliz.* and have by their Charter several Immunities and Priviledges granted them; as to raise Arms for the subduing of Countries, in the limits aforesaid, and to enter thereon, and set up *English* Standards.

The Commodities they export, are Woollen Cloths of all sorts both dyed and drest, Kerfies, Cottons, Bays, Perpetuances, Fustians and Norwich Stuffs, proportionably dyed and drest; Lead, Tinn, Pewter, wrought Allom, and Copper, Thred, and Lace, also much defective Wines, and Fruit, not fit to be spent in this Nation, together with most sorts of *English* Commodities, for which they Import Pot-ashes, Tarr, Cordage, Cable-yarn, Tallow, Wax, Red-hides, Buff-hides, Cow-hides in the Hair: Goat-skins undrest, Cordevants, Tann'd-hides, Hoggs-bristles, Raw-silks, Corn, Linseed, Ilinglass, Slood, Beaver-wool, and Wombs, several sorts of
rich

rich Furs, Seal-skins, Rubarbe, Castor-um, Agaric, with several other Druggs, Train-oyle: Flax, Hemps, course and fine, Linnen, Caviare, and Salmon, Stock-fish, Cod-fish, Bacon, Pork, Beef, with other Provisions.

The next is the *Levant* or *Turkey Company* of Merchants, which by their discovery, made the first Trade into the Signorie of *Venice*, and then into the Dominions of the Grand Signiour, and including the Trade of the *East Indies*, which as then was undiscovered to us by sea, (but the *Portugals* knew it) their Goods being brought upon *Camels*, *Aff-negoes* or the like, to *Aleppo*, and other parts of *Turkey*: but since, through our knowledge in Maritime affaires, the *East-Indies* are found out by sea, there being a great, Rich, and eminent Company Incorporated, called the *East-India Company*, which doth somewhat eclips the Trade of this noble Company, so that in stead of having the Indian Commodities in *Turkey*, we furnish them with the same, better cheap then they can have them, being brought by land, nevertheless this worthy fellowship of Merchants, doth maintain a great Trade, exporting at least 30000 Broad Cloths yearly, they were first incorporated in

the Reign of Queen *Eliz.* and since confirmed by her successors. Their Factories are kept at *Smyrna*, *Aleppo*, *Constantinople*, &c.

The Commodities that are exported from hence by them, are Cloths, both dyed and drest, Kersies, Lead, Tinn, Iron, Steel, Wire, Pewter, Furr, Peices of Eight, Sugars, Hides, Elephants-Teeth, Brazile, also several *Indian* Commodities, as Spices, Callicoes, Log-wood, Indico, Couchanile, red and white Lead, &c.

For which they import the Raw Silks of *Persia*, *Damascus*, and *Tripoli*, also Chamlets, Grograins, Grograin-yarn, Mohairs of *Angor*, Wools, Cottons, Cotton yarn of *Smyrna*, and *Cyprus*, Galls of *Mosolo*, and *Toccat*; The Currants and Oyls of *Zant*, *Zefalonia*, *Morea*, &c. the Druggs of *Egypt*, and *Arabia*, also Turkish Carpets, Cordevants, Box-wood, Rubarb, Wormseed, Sena, Comin-feed, together with several rich Commodities which we receive in return of ours.

The next is the *East-India Company*, which was first incorporated in the Reign of Queen *Eliz.* and hath since been confirmed

med ; as also several other Priviledges, and Immunities added to their Charter, by all the succeeding Kings, so that now they have as ample Priviledges as any Corporation or Company of Merchants whatsoever. This Company are found very beneficial to this Nation by the great Trade they drive, in the Exporting and Importing so many and great quantities of rich Commodities, having the Trade of *India, Persia, and Arabia,*

The Commodities which are exported from hence by them are, Peices of Eight, Dollars, Broad-Cloths, Perpetuances, Powder, Elephants-teeth, Lead, Amber, Looking glasses, Sizars, Knives, Beads, Bracelets, Feathers, Corral, Quick-silver, Vermillion, Allom, Brimstone, &c. for which they Import all sorts of spices, also Cotton, Yarn, Callicoes, Pintadoes, of divers sorts, among which, some are excellent Tamerinds, Sanders, Spicknard, Bezoar-stone, Alloes, Mirrhe, Rubarb, Opium, Frankincense, Cassia, Borax, Calamus, Mirabolans, Green-ginger, Sugars, Sugar-Candy, Camphir, Sandalwood, Benjamin, Musk, Sivet, Ambergreece, Rice, Indico, Silks, both raw and wrought, into several Fabricks, Salt-peter, several sorts of precious stones

stones, Pearls, Mother of Pearl, Gold, Silver, Chrystal, Cornelian-rings, Agats, Lacque, Furrs, and skins of wild Beasts, Porcelaine, Copper, China-roots, Tea, Sanguis Draconis, China-wares of divers sorts, together with several other Commodities and Druggs, too tedious to set down.

The next is the *East-land Company*, which was first Incorporated in the 21 of Queen *Eliz. Anno 1579.* and since confirmed by his present Majesty, and enjoying by their Charter ample Priviledges and Immunities, and as large a scope to Traffick in, including the Trade of the Kingdoms, Dominions, Dukedoms, Countries, Cities, and Towns of *Norway, Swedeland, Poland,* and the Territories of the same Kingdoms, as also in *Lettow, and Liffland,* under the dominion of the King of *Pole, Prusen,* also *Pomerland,* from the river *Odera* Eastward, and likewise in the Isles of *Finland, Eoland,* and *Berutholine,* within the *Sound.*

The Commodities which they Export from hence are Woollen Cloths, Perpetuances, Kerfies, Serges, *Normich* Stuffs, Lead, Tinn, Cottons, Pewter, Stockings, Hats, Gloves, together with some Spices of
India,

India, and several southern Commodities, as Sattins, Silks, &c.

For which they Import Deals, Masts, Timber, Oars, Clapboard, Balkes, Bomspares, Cantspars; Pipestaves, Wainfcot, and quarters, also Flax, Hemp, Linnen Cloth, Fustians, Cordage, Cable-yarn, Pitch, Tarr, Tallow, Hides, Potashes, Wheat, Rye, Iron, Lattin, Copper, Steel, Wire, Quicksilver, Rich Furrs, Buckskins, Train Oyle, Sturgeon, Stock-fish, Mather, with several other good Commodities.

The next is the Royal Company, which by their Charter granted to them by our Sovereign Lord, King *Charles* the Second, bearing date the 20 of *January* in the 14 year of his Majesties Reign, they are entituled, the Company of *Royal Adventurers of England*; trading into *Affrica*, or the *Guinia Company*: the Limits of their Trade is, from *Sally* in *South Barbary*, inclusive, to *Cape de bona Esperanza*, within which said limits all *English* ships are prohibited to trade, except such as are authorized by the said Company.

The Commodities, that this noble Company exporteth from *England* to the parts of *Affrica* aforesaid, are Iron
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Copper,

Copper, Slefias, Sheets, Sayes, Perpetuances, Cowries; Welch-plains, Manillos, Poyfades, Chints, Rombergers, Coral, Callicoes, Niccanies, Clouts, Amber, Powder, Muskets, Batteries of all sorts, Turkey Carpets, Brandy, Strong-waters, Spirits, Gingham, Taffeties, Beads of all sorts, Buckshawes, Knives & Sheaths, Swords, Tallow, &c. for which they Import from thence to *England*, Gold, Elephants-teeth, Hides, Malegutta, or Guiny-pepper, Red-wood, Ambergreece, with several other good Commodities, besides great quantities of Negroes, for the supply of his Majesties *American* plantations, to the great advantage of the Inhabitants, as well as to the said Company, and besides the supply of 3000 Negroes yearly to the *Spaniards*, for the supply of their *West-India* Trade. And for the better negotiation of their affairs, they have already settled several Factories, as at *Gambo, Rio, Nuno, Rio Grande, Sierra, Liona, Serbro, Cestos, Achin, Anta, Comenda, Cape, Corso, Acara, Cormentine, Ardra, Benin, Old and New Callabar.*

Besides these Societies or Fellowships of Merchants incorporated, there are others, though not incorporated, yet main-

maintain a very considerable Trade, and much to the benefit of this Kingdom, as those called the *Canary, Spanish, French, Italian, and Dutch* Merchants. The Trade to which places, though not prohibited (but every one that will may freely trade Trade to any one or all of them, which none durst do to any the forementioned places, to which the Companies incorporate Trade, unless they'l run the hazard of Loss of the Ship and Goods, if found by any of the Companies Ships) yet is chiefly managed and negotiated by peculiar Merchants, which use the said trade; of which a word or two.

The *Canary* Merchants, trading to all the 7 Islands antiently called the fortunate Isles, and now known by the name of the *Canary Islands*, viz. *Grand Canaria, Tenerif, Palma, Gomera, Iterro, Lanzarote, and Fuerta-Ventura*. The Commodities Exported thither are chiefly all sorts of *English* woollen manufactures, as Bays, Kerseys, Serges, Perpetuances, , Says, *Norwich* Stuffs, and Fustians, also Hats, Stockings, all manner of *Haberdashers-wares*, Iron, and Tinn, wrought; Likewise store of Poor Jack, Pilchards, Herrings, Beef, Pork, Wheat and other Grains, also many sorts of
Linnea

Linnen Cloth, both of *Germany*, *France*, *Flanders*, and *Holland*; likewise Pipe-staves and Hoopes, with several other Commodities, for which they Import great quantities of Canary wines, also divers sorts of *West-India* Commodities; as Varina's Tobacco, Hides, Logwood, Couchanile, Campechiana, Sylvester, Indico, and what else the said *Indies* affords.

The *Spanish* Merchant, or Merchants trading into *Spain*, *Portugal*, &c. are found very beneficial to this Nation, Importing several good Commodities, as the Wines of *Zeres*, *Malaga*, *Bastard*, *Candado*, and *Alicant*, also Oyles, Olives, Sugars, Ginger, Fruits, White-Marble, Plate, Allom, Aniseeds, Liquors, Soda-barilla, Soaps, Rosin, &c. for which they export, Bays, Says, Serges, Perpetuances, Cloths drest and dyed, and all *English* manufactures, Lead, Shot, Iron, Tinn, Calve-skins, Herrings, Pilchards, Salmon, Poor-John, or Baccalaow, Silk-stockings, &c.

The *French* Merchant, or Merchants trading into *France*, are found to Import several good Commodities, as Wines, Oyls, Almonds, Paper, which is used by us for printing, Oade, course and fine Linnen, Tabby, and other Silks, Canvas, Dowlas, Buckrams, Salt, Cards, Glass

Glass, &c. for which they export *English* Cloths, Bayes, Kerseys, Cottons, or Frizes, Pilchers, Herrings, New-land Fish, Lead, Tinn, Galls, Cotton-Wooll, &c.

The *Italian* Merchant, or Merchants trading into the parts of *Italy*, as *Leghorne*, *Venice*, *Naples*, *Genoa*, *Sicily*, &c. are very beneficial to this Nation, Importing divers rich Commodities, as Oyles, Rich Wines, Silk raw, and wrought into several Fabricks, as Tassetties, Sattins, Sarfnets, Velvets, Plushes, Damask, &c. also Cloth of Gold and Silver, Grograins, Fustians, Alome, Aniseed, Rice, Almonds, Saffron, Brimstone, Venice Gold, and Silver, Venicetreacle, Quicksilver, Argall, Looking and Drinking Glasses, Anchoves, Marble, &c. and the Commodities which are exported by them are *English* Cloths, Bays, Says, Serges, Perpetuances, Kerseys, Lead, Tinn, Pewter, red and white Herrings, Pilchers, Pickled Salmon, New-land-fish, Calve-skins, Russia Hides, Tallow, Tobacco, &c. together with the Druggs, and Spices of *India*, *Persia*, and *Arabia*.

The *Dutch* Merchant, or Merchants trading into the Low Countries, *Hol-*
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land

Iland, Flanders, &c. are likewise found to Export several good commodities, as butter, cheese, tapestries, excellent pictures, tape, salt-peter, quick-silver, Rhenish-wines, furs, corn, with several other Merchandizes, which are the product of other countries, which by reason of the great trade which the *Dutch* drive to all the known parts of the world, are there found, and had at cheap rates; and the commodities they export are woollen-cloths, lead, tinn, sheep, and cony-skins, with all other *English* commodities, or manufactures.

Likewise, besides these Merchants, there are others that drive a considerable trade & much to the good & benefit of the Nation, & such are those who drive a Trade to the *English* plantations, as *Barbadoes, New-England, Virginia, Jamaica, Neves, &c.* in their exporting not only of all *English* commodities and manufactures, but also those of other Nations, which for the most part they are here provided with, and that in great quantities, by reason of the Kings prohibiting (as his subjects) these commerce with other Nations.

The commodities exported to these plantations, are, all sorts of stuffs, all fabricks of silk, cloth, hats, stockings, shoes, linnen both fine and course, and indeed all sorts of apparel, likewise all sorts, of

household-stuff, and utensils of iron, &c. as well for their plantations, as otherwise, also provision, as flower, bisket, salted beef, &c. also coppers, leather, all sorts of armes & ammunitions, horses, &c. And in a word, all commodities that are necessary and useful either for the back or belly, are here vendable: and it is observed that the better the commodities are of any sort (especially at *Barbadoes*) the better they are vended.

And for these, and the like commodities they import from the said plantations, sugars from *Nevis* and *Barbadoes*; sugars, indico, cotton-wooll and ginger, from *Jamaica*; bever and deer-skins, &c. from *New-England*; and Tobacco, from *Virginia*; and of these commodities they import such plenty, (being more then this Kingdom can spend) that they are again transported to other Nations, to our great enrichment.

Abridgment of the Statutes relating to the Post Office with directions as to the day's of the Posts going out and coming, into London from all parts of England, or beyond Sea.

12 Car. 2. cap. 35. There shall be one generall Letter Office in *London*, the

Master to be appointed by the Kings Letters patents ; None but he and his Agents and their Servants shall have the receiving and sending and delivering of all Letters and Pacquets, except Letters sent by Coaches , Carriers , Letters of Merchants and Masters , by Masters of any vessel of Merchandize or others employed by them, and Letters sent by Friends and Messengers are sent on purpose ; and except Messengers carrying proceedings out of any Court, or Affidavits.

None but such Post-Master-General, &c. shall provide Horses for thorough Posts and Persons riding Post in Post Roads that are or shall be in *England, Scotland, or Ireland.*

The Rates shall be as followeth, *viz.* for the port of a Letter not exceeding one sheet to or from any place not above 80 miles distant 2 *d.* not exceeding two sheets 4 *d.* for pacquets of letters proportionably : for other pacquets 8 *d.* *per ounce* ; for a Letter not exceeding one sheet above 80 miles, 3 *d.* not exceeding two sheets 6 *d.* Pacquets of Letters proportionably : other pacquets 12 *d.* *per ounce*; for a Letter

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ter not exceeding one sheet from *London*, to *Berwick*, or back 3 *d.* not exceeding two sheets, 6 *d.* Pacquets of letters proportionably, other pacquets 1 *s.* 6 *d.* per ounce; for a letter from *Berwick* within 40 miles distance, 2 *d.* not exceeding two sheets 4 *d.* pacquets of Letters proportionably: other pacquets 8 *d.* per ounce; for a letter not exceeding one sheet for a further distance, 4 *d.* not exceeding two sheets 8 *d.* pacquets of letters proportionably: other pacquets, 1 *s.* per ounce; for a letter not exceeding one sheet from *England* to *Dublin*, or back 6 *d.* not exceeding two sheets, 1 *s.* pacquets of letters proportionably: other pacquets 2 *s.* per ounce; for a letter not exceeding one sheet to or from any place within 40 miles of *Dublin*, 2 *d.* not exceeding two sheets, 4 *d.* pacquets of letters proportionably: other Pacquets 8 *d.* per ounce; for a letter not exceeding one sheet further than 40 miles, 4 *d.* not exceeding two sheets 8 *d.* pacquets of letters proportionably, other pacquets 1 *s.* per ounce.

For Letters and Pacquets conveyed to or from parts beyond the Seas, as followeth.

s. d.

Morlaix, St. Maloes, } Single. 0--6
Caen, Newhaven and places } Double. 1--0
of like distance, Port paid to } Treble. 1--6
Roan is, for. } Ounce. 1--6

Hamburgh, Colen, Frank- } Single. 0--8
ford, Port paid to Antwerp, } Double. 1--4
is. } Treble. 2--0
 Ounce. 2--0

Venice, Geneva, Leghorne, } Single. 0--9
Rome, Naples, Messina, and } Double. 1--6
other parts of Italy by way of } Treble. 2--3
Venice, Frank pro Mantoue, } Ounce. 2--8

Marcelia, Smyrna, Constan- } Single. 1--0
tinople, Aleppo, and all parts } Double. 2--0
of Turkey, Port paid to Mar- } $\frac{3}{4}$ Ounce. 2--9
celia, is. } Ounce. 3--9

And for Letters brought from } Single. 0--8
the said places into England. } Double. 1--4
 Treble. 2--0
 Ounce. 2--0

For Letters brought into Eng- } Single. 0--4
land from Calais, Diepe, Bo- } Double. 0--8
loin, Abbeville, St. Omers, } Treble. 1--0
Arriens, Montreuil. } Ounce. 1--0

Rover.

Roven,

Single. 0--6
Double. 1--0
Treble. 1--6
Ounce. 1--6

*Genoua, Leghorn, Rome, and
other places of Italy, by way
of Lyons, Frank pro Lyons,*

Single. 1--0
Double. 2--0
Ounce. 2--9
Ounce. 3--9

And of Letters sent outwards

*To Burdeaux, Rochel, Nantes,
Orleans, Bayon, Tours, and
places of like distance, Port
paid to Paris.*

Single. 0--9
Double. 1--6
Treble. 2--3
Ounce. 2--0

*For Letters from those places
into England,*

Single. 1--0
Double. 2--0
Ounce. 3--0
Ounce. 4--0

*And Letters sent outwards to
Noremberg, Bremin, Dant-
zick, Lubeck, Lipswick; and
other places of like distance
Port paid to Hamburgh,*

Single. 1--0
Double. 2--0
Ounce. 3--0
Ounce. 4--0

Paris

Paris,

{ Single. 0--9
 { Double. 1--6
 { Treble. 2--3
 { Ounce. 2--0

Dunkirk, Ostend, Lille, Ipre,
Courtray, Gendt, Brussels,
Bruges, Antwerp, and all
other parts of Flanders,

{ Single. 0--8
 { Double. 1--4
 { Treble. 2--0
 { Ounce. 2--0

Sluis, Flushing, Middle-
burgh, Amsterdam, Roter-
dam, Delph, Hague, and
from all ether parts of Holland
and Zealand.

{ Single. 0--8
 { Double. 1--4
 { Treble. 2--0
 { Ounce. 2--0

Merchants accounts not exceeding one sheet, Bills of Exchange, Invoice, and Bills of Lading, and covers not exceeding one quarter of a sheet, of Letters sent to *Marseilles, Venice or Leghorn* to be sent forward to *Turkey*, shall pass without rate. And according to the same rates to and from any parts beyond the seas, where Posts may be hereafter settled, Post-masters may take for each horse 3 *d.* a mile, and 4 *d.* for the Guide for every stage.

Letters and Pacquets brought in any Vessel to any Port Town, other than such as are before excepted, shall be forthwith

forthwith delivered to the Deputies of the Post-master General for the said Port-Town, to be sent forward.

A Post shall twice a week come by the way of *Truro* and *Penryn* to *Market Lew* in *Cornwall*, and once a week to *Kendal* by way of *Lancaster*, and to *Penrith* in *Cumberland* by way of *New-castle* and *Carlisle*, and to *Lincoln* and *Grimsby* in *Lincolnshire*.

Ireland Letters shall pay at the stage were they are last delivered, unless the party that delivers the same desireth to pay elsewhere : Letters and other things may be sent to and from the two Universities, as hath been used. Confirmed 13 *Car. 2. cap. 7.*

Stat. 15 Car. 2. cap. 14. All the profit accruing to the King by reason of the Post-office, are hereby settled upon *James* Duke of *Yorke*, and the Heirs Males of his body ; none of which shall be paid into the Exchequer, but to the said Duke, &c. or his Receiver-General.

The King shall have the nomination of the Post-master-General, and may grant the said Office for life or 21 years under the most improved Rent that can reasonably be had, to be reserved to the said Duke and the Heirs Males of

of his body, and under such Covenants, Conditions, &c. as he or they think fitting.

This Office is now kept in *Lumbard Street*, and from it Letters and Pacquets are dispatched;

On *Mondays*

To *France*, *Spain*, *Italy*, *Germany*, *Flanders*, *Swedeland*, *Denmark*, *Kent*, and the *Downs*.

On *Tuesdays*

To *Holland*, *Germany*, *Swedeland*, *Denmark*, *Ireland*, *Scotland*, and all the parts of *England* and *Wales*.

On *Wednesdays*

To all parts of *Kent*, and the *Downs*.

On *Thursdays*

To *France*, *Spain*, *Italy*, and all parts of *England* and *Scotland*.

On *Frydays*

To *Flanders*, *Germany*, *Italy*, *Swedeland*, *Denmark*, *Holland*, *Kent*, and the *Downs*.

On *Saturdays*

To all parts of *England*, *Wales*, *Scotland*, and *Ireland*.

Letters are returned from all parts of *England* and *Scotland*, certainly every *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Fryday*, from *Wales*

Wales every *Monday* and *Fryday*; and from *Kent* and the *Downs* every day: But from other places, more uncertainly in regard of the Sea.

This conveyance by Post is done in so short a time by night as well as by day, that every 24 hours the Post goes 120 Miles, and in 5 days, an answer of a Letter may be had from a place 300 miles distance from the writer.

The Office is mannaged by a Deputy and other Officers, to the number of 77 persons; who give their actual attendance respectively, in the dispatch of the business.

Upon this Grand Office, depend 182 Deputy Post-masters, in *England* and *Scotland*; most of which keep Regular Offices in their stages, and sub-postmasters in their Branches; and also in *Ireland* another general Office for that Kingdom, which is kept in *Dublin*, consisting of 18 like Officers, and 45 Deputy-Post-masters.

The Present Post-master-general; keeps constantly, for the transport of the said Letters and Pacquets.

between

Between Eng- land and	{ France, two Pacquet-Boats.
	{ Flanders, two Pacquet-Boats.
	{ Holland, three Pacquet-Boats.
	{ Ireland, three Pacquet-Boats.

And at *Deal* two Pacquet Boats for the *Downs*.

All which Officers, Post-masters, Pacquet-boats, are maintained at his own proper charge.

And as the Master-peace of all these good regulations, established by the present Post-master-general, for the better Government of the said Office, he hath annexed and appropriated the Market Towns of *England*, so well to their respective Post-stages, that there is no Considerable Market Town, but hath an easie and certain conveyance for the Letters thereof, to and from the said Grand Office, in the due course of the Mailes every Post.

Though the number of Letters missive in *England*, were not at all considerable in our Ancestors days, yet it is now so prodigiously great, (since the meanest people have generally learnt to write) that this Office is Farmed for about 50000 *per An.*

The Rates and Orders for Car-men.

At a General Quarter-Sessions of the peace holden for the City of London (the 10th. of Octob. in the Twenty ninth year of His Majesty's Reign, Sir Thomas Davis then Lord Mayor) at Justice Hall in the Old-Baily, the following rates and Orders were appointed for Carr-men.

Rates for Carr-men.

ALL Carr-men trading or working with Carrs in the City of London, and Liberties thereof, shall and may demand and take for every Carriage or Load of the Commodities under-mentioned, the rates hereafter following, that is to say.

From any the Wharfs between the Tower and London-Bridge, to Tower-street, Grace-Church-street, Fen-Church-street, Bishopsgate-street within, Cornhill, and places of like distance up the Hill, with 18 Hundred Weight, not exceeding 20 Hundred Weight. 2 s. 2 d.

And being above 20 Hundred Weight, for every Hundred. 0 s. 2 d.

In which may be included.

Two Puncheons of prunes, 2 Bailes of Mather, 20 Barrels of Figs, 2 Fats of Fustians, 6 ordinary Sacks of Cotton-wooll of Smyrna, and 3 Cyprus Bags, a Butt of Currants, a great Butt of Oyls, 3 Chests of Sugar, 8 Bags of A'lums, 1 Last of Flax, a Last of hemp, and

and any other Goods herein not named, of the like Weight, for every Load. 2 s. 2 d.

And for Sea Coals, 14 pence the Load, every Load to be half a Chaldron; and for one Hundred Fagots the like Rate. 1 s. 2 d.

And from any the Wharfs aforesaid, to Broad-street, Lothbury, Old Jury, Bassishaw, Coleman-street, Iremonger-Lane, St. Lawrence-Lane, Milk-street, Aldermanbury, Cheapside, Wood-street, Friday-street Bread-street and places of like distance, for the like Weight of 18 Hundred not exceeding 20 Hundred Weight, for the Goods aforesaid, and other Goods herein not named, of the like Weight, for every Load. 2 s. 6 d.

And being above 20 Hundred Weight for every Hundred. 0 s. 2 d.

And for Sea-Coals, 16 pence the Load, every Load to be half a Chaldron; and for one Hundred Fagots the like rate. 1 s. 4 d.

Also from any the Wharfs aforesaid to Smithfield-Bars, Holborn-Bars, Temple-Bar, or any of the Bars, on the North side of the City, and places of like distance up the Hill, with 18 Hundred Weight, not exceeding 20 Hundred Weight, for ever Load. 3 s. 4 d.

And going beyond the said places, the parties to agree with the Carr-men.

Also from any the Wharfs aforesaid to Tower-street, Bishopsgate within, Cornhill, and other places of like distance up the Hill, with 14 Hundred Weight, not exceeding 18 Hundred Weight. 1 s. 10 d.

In which may be Included

Twenty peices of Raisins, a Load of Raisins of the Sun, 6 Bags of Pepper, 6 ordinary Bags of Galls, 3 great Bags of Galls, 6 Bales and Barrels

Barrels of Indico, 6 Bales of Grogram Yarn,
6 Bales of *Turky Silks*, 5 Hogsheads of Cloves,
4 Bales of Callicoes, 3 Hogsheads of Wines,
2 Chefts of Sugar, or any other goods of the like
Weight, 5 Hogsheads of Tobacco, not exceeding
18 Hundred Weight. 1 s. 10 d.

Also from any the Wharfs aforesaid, to
Broad-street, Lothbury, Old Jury, Bassishaw, Coleman-
street, Ironmonger-Lane, St. Lawrence-Lane, Milk-
street, Aldermanbury, Cheap-side, Wood-street, Fryday-
street, Bread-street, and places of the like distance
for any of the said Goods of the same quantity
and Weight, for every Load. 2 s. 0 d.

Also from any the Wharfs aforesaid, to *Tower-*
street, Grace-Church-street, Fen-Church-street, Bishop-
gate street within, *Cornhill*, and other places of
like distance up the Hill, with 8 Hundred
Weight not exceeding 14 Hundred, 1 s. 6 d.

In which may be included

All Butts and Pipes of Wine, or a Pipe of Oyl,
Packs of Canvas, 2 Hogsheads or 3 Terces,
a Fat of Fustians, and all other Goods of the
like Bulk and Weight, for every Load. 1 s. 6 d.

And from any the Wharfs aforesaid to *Broad-*
street, Lothbury, Old Jury, Bassishaw, Coleman-street
Ironmonger-Lane, St. Lawrence-lane, Milk-street,
Aldermanbury, Cheap-side, Wood-street, Friday-street,
and other places of like distance, for any other
Goods of like Load or Weight, for every
Load. 1 s. 8 d.

Also from *London-Bridge-foot*, Westward to the
Old-Swan, Cole-harbour, the 3 *Cranes, Queen-hith,*
Broken Wharf, Paul's Wharf, Puddle Wharf, the
Wardrobe, and to all other places not exceeding
the *Poultry, Cheap-side, or Newgate market*, for 13
Hundred Weight, not exceeding 18 Hundred
Weight. And

And for Sea-Coals, 14 pence the Load, every Load to be half a Chaldron; and for one Hundred Fagots the like rate. 1 s. 2 d.

And from all other Wharfs and places between *London-Bridge* and *Temple-Bar*, to the same, and places of like distance, for every Load of Coals 14 pence, every Load to be half a Chaldron; and 100 of Fagots the like Rate. 1 s. 2 d.

And to all places Northwards of the *Poultry*, *Cheapside*, *Newgate-Market*, *Holborn-Bridge* and *Fleetstreet*, for 14 Hundred Weight, not exceeding 18 Hundred Weight, 2 s. 2 d.

And from *Tower-street*, *Grace-Church-street*, *Fan-Church-street*, *Bishopsgate-street* within, *Cornhill*, and other places of like distance, for every pack of 20 Cloths, for 6 Bales of Cloths and Kerse's, 6 Bales of Pepper, 6 Barrels of Indico, 5 Hogsheds of Cloves, and for other Goods not herein mentioned of like Weight, to the Water-side, 1 s. 4 d.

And from *Broad-street*, *Lothbury*, *Old Jury*, *Bassishaw*, *Coleman-street*, *Ironmonger-Lane*, *St. Lawrence Lane*, *Milk-street*, *Aldermanbury*, *Cheapside*, *Wood-street*, *Fryday-street*, *Bread-street*, and other places of like distance, to the Water-side, for the like Weight. 1 s. 8 d.

And for places nearer, or of less distance the parties hiring, and to be hired, are to make Agreement answerable or proportionable to the Rates before mentioned.

Orders for Carr-men.

THe Carr-men for the foregoing Rates are to help load and unload their Carrs.
If a Carr-man exact more than these Rates, upon due

due proof before the Lord Mayor, or any two Justices of the Peace, he shall suffer imprisonment for the space of 21 days, without bail or Mainprise.

If any Merchant, or other person shall refuse to pay a Carr-man for his Hire after these Rates, upon Comp'laint made by the Carrman to the President of *Christ's-Hospital*, or any Justice of the Peace, the President or Justice may oblige them to do it.

All Merchants, or others, may chuse what Carr they please, except such as stand for Wharf-work, Tackle-work, Crane-work, Shop and Merchants Houses, which are to be taken in turn.

Every Carr-man standing with his empty Carr next to any Goods to be loaden, shall upon the first demand load the same without bargaining for any other wages than the rates before-mentioned.

If a Merchant, or other person, shall cause a Carr-man to attend at his House, Shop, Warehouse, or Cellar; with his loaden Carr, above half an hour before he unloads, (the Carr-man being willing to help unload the same) he shall give he Carr-man after the rate of Twelve pence for every hour after the first half hour, for his Attendance.

Every Licensed Carr-man is to have a peice of Brass fixed upon his Carr, upon which is to be set a certain Number; which Number, (together with the Carr-man's Name) is Registered in a Register kept in *Christ's Hospital*; so that if any Carr-man offends, it is but taking notice of the Number of his Carr, and search for that in the said Register, and you will find his Name.

Every Carr-man that shall not conform to these Rules, or Work without a Numbred peice of Brass fixed on his Carr, may be suspended from his Employment.

Com

Complaints of the abuses of Carmen may be made every *Tuesday*. at two of the Clock in the Afternoon, to the Court sitting in *Christ-Hospital*.

The Rates or FARES of WATERMEN.

As they were set forth by the Lord Mayor, Court of Aldermen, Sept. 7. 1671.

	Oars.	Skul.
From London to Limehouse, New-Crane	s. d. s. d.	
Shadwel-Dock, Bell-wharf, Ratcliff-cross	1 0 0	6
To Wapping-Dock, Wapping-New, and Wapping Old-Staires, the Hermitage, Rotherhith, Church-Staires, and Rotherhith Stairs	0 6 0	3
From St. Olaves to Rotherhith-Church-Stairs, and Rotherhith-Stairs	0 6 0	3
From Billingsgate and St. Olaves, to St. Saviour's Mill	0 6 0	3
All the Stairs between London-Bridge and Westminster	6 0 0	3
From either side above London-Bridge, to Lambeth and Fox-Hall	1 0 0	6
From White-hall to Lambeth and Fox-hall.	0 6 0	3
From Temple, Dorset, Black-Fryars Stairs and Pauls-Wharf, to Lambeth	0 8 0	4
Over the Water directly in the next Skuller, between London-bridge and Lime-house, or London-bridge and Fox-hall	0 0 0	2

OARS.

	Wh.	Com.
	Fare	pany
	s	d. s. d.
From London to Gravesend	4 6 0	9
From London to Graife or Greenbive	4 0 0	8
	From	

OARS.

Wb. Com-
Fare, pany.
s. d. s. d.

From London to Purfleet, or Eriff—	3	0	0	6
From London to Woolwich—	2	6	0	4
From London to Black-Wall—	2	0	0	4
From London to Greenwich or Deptford—	1	6	0	3
From London to Chelſy, Batterſey, Wanſor—	1	6	0	3
From London to Putney, Fulham, Barn- Elms—	2	0	0	4
From London to Hammersmith, Chiswick, Mortlack—	2	6	0	6
From London to Brainford, Thistleworth, Richmond—	3	6	0	6
From London to Twickenham—	4	0	0	6
From London to Kingſtone—	5	0	0	9
From London to Hampton-Court—	6	0	1	0
From London to Hampton Town, Sunbury, and Walton—	7	0	1	0
From London to Weybridge and Chert- ſey—	10	0	1	0
From London to Stanes—	12	0	1	0
From London to Winſor—	14	0	0	2

*Rates for carrying Goods in the Tilt-
Boat, between Gravesend and Lo-
don.*

A Half Firkin, 1 d. a Whole Firkin, 2 d. a
Hogshead, 2 s. A Hundred weight of Cheeſe,
Iron or any heavy Goods, 4 d. A Sack of Salt
or Corn, 6 d. An ordinary Cheſt or Trunk,
6 d. An ordinary Hamper, 6 d. The Hire of
the whole Tilt-Boat, 1 l. 2 s. 6 d. Every
ſingle Perſon in the ordinary paſſage, 6 d.

What

What Waterman takes and demands more than these Rates, lies liable to pay forty Shillings and suffer half a years Imprisonment.

And if he refuse to carry any Passenger or Goods at these Rates, upon Complaint made to the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen, he shall be suspended from his Employment for Twelve Months.

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